

CÔTE D'IVOIRE



2024 IFRC network annual report, Jan-Dec

9 September 2025

IN SUPPORT OF RED CROSS SOCIETY OF CÔTE D'IVOIRE



116
National Society branches



106
National Society
local units



3,291
National Society
volunteers



133 National Society

PEOPLE REACHED

Disasters and crises



117

Health and wellbeing



1,213

Values, power and inclusion



11,944

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

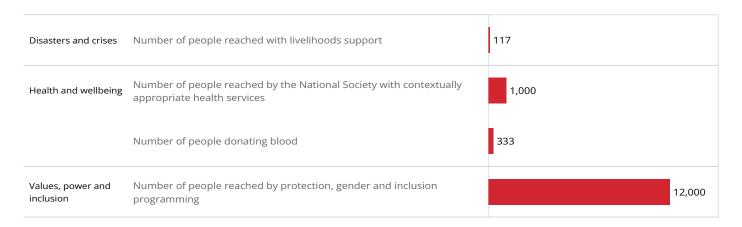
in Swiss francs (CHF)



Appeal number MAACI002

*Information on data scope and limitations is available on the back page

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES



IFRC NETWORK SUPPORTED ACTIVITIES

	Bilateral Support						
National Society	Funding Reported	Climate and enviroment	Disasters and crises	Health and wellbeing	Migration and displacement	Values, power and inclusion	Enabling Functions
Monaco Red Cross	198,000		1 1 1 1 1 1				
Netherlands Red Cross	612,000						

Total Funding Reported CHF 810,000

Q1. OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Context

Côte d'Ivoire is a coastal West African country bordered by Liberia, Guinea, Mali, Burkina Faso and Ghana, with access to the Gulf of Guinea. It spans over 322,000 square kilometres. Yamoussoukro is the political capital, while Abidjan remains the economic centre. The country features diverse geography, from coastal plains to mountainous regions in the west and its official language is French.

Economically, Côte d'Ivoire is the world's leading producer of cocoa and cashew nuts and has maintained strong growth over the past decade. Despite inflationary pressures in 2022, driven by rising food and energy costs, the country continues to pursue structural reforms and inclusive development. It plays a key role as a regional economic hub and is committed to its 2030 strategy focused on job creation and investment in emerging sectors.

Politically, the country has remained stable since the 2021 legislative elections, with ongoing reconciliation efforts involving government, political parties and civil society. Côte d'Ivoire continues to strengthen governance, promote peace and improve its human development indicators.

In 2024, there was a massive influx of asylum seekers from Burkina Faso and Mali to northern Côte d'Ivoire. With an estimated 65,000 arrivals by August 2024, there is a pressing need for prioritizing the urgent needs of displaced populations. In addition, regional security is becoming a central concern. Instability in the Sahel and cross-border tensions require increased vigilance and cooperation between local authorities and international partners.

Key achievements

Climate and environment

In 2024, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire advanced its 'Communities Resilient to Climate Change' project in Dimbokro, focusing on landscape restoration, livelihoods and community health. It organized a workshop with national and scientific partners to develop a sustainable landscape management plan. Community Resilience Committees were formed to map degraded land using agroforestry. Reforestation efforts covered 63 hectares in Kangrassou with active local participation. Awareness campaigns supported long-term ecosystem protection.

Disasters and crises

During this period, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire raised awareness on reforestation and bushfire prevention by forming a community sensitization committee. It prepared plots to replace dead plants and installed solar-powered and manual irrigation systems in several villages. Community Development and Mutual Aid Associations were created to foster economic empowerment. Women were encouraged to contribute to a common fund for loans supporting trade, agriculture and other income-generating activities.

Health and wellbeing

During the reporting period, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire conducted malnutrition screenings and provided Vitamin A and deworming treatments to children in collaboration with the National Nutrition Programme. It trained health providers to improve nutrition service delivery and celebrated mothers for regular antenatal care. The National Society also monitored child health through home visits and education sessions. In Dimbokro, it improved access to water by installing solar-powered irrigation systems and hand pumps, promoting food security and sustainable resource management.

Migration and displacement

In 2024, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire conducted quarterly field missions to follow up on Restoring Family Links (RFL) cases and assess local committee needs. It trained volunteers in RFL tools and operational security risk management, especially in northern regions facing rising asylum seeker numbers. First aid training was provided to build local capacity. The National Society also participated in regional experience-sharing events, including data management training in Senegal and the Africa RFL meeting.

Values, power and inclusion

During the period from January to December 2024, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire conducted child protection sensitization in Daloa and surrounding villages, addressing issues such as abuse, trafficking and education. It established and trained child protection committees and delivered Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI) and peacebuilding sessions. The National Society also engaged authorities and community groups in violence prevention outreach. Additionally, it provided training in Community Engagement and Accountability, emergency preparedness and psychological first aid.

Enabling local actors

In 2024, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire advanced its National Society development plan aligned with its Strategic Plan 2024–2029, focusing on branch capacity, youth and financial sustainability. It conducted Branch Organizational Capacity Assessment workshops, staff training and leveraged IFRC/ICRC National Society Investment Alliance support for digital transformation. The Society promoted its mandate, improved transparency and addressed fraud risks through feedback systems. It also strengthened gender inclusion, staff safety and internal processes. Participation in regional assemblies and legal framework enhancements further supported its humanitarian advocacy.

Q2. CHANGES AND AMENDMENTS

In this reporting period, no changes or amendments were made to the plan

Q3. MEASURING RESULTS OF THE IFRC **NETWORK ACTION**

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES



Climate and environment

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In 2024, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire continued to carry out activities under its ongoing 'Communities Resilient to Climate Change' project in Dimbokro, launched in 2020. The National Society focused on landscape restoration and protection, livelihood strengthening and improving the nutrition and health status of communities. To build the capacity of communities in landscape management and ecosystem protection, it organized a workshop focused on the development of a plan for the restoration and sustainable maintenance of the landscapes. This was done in collaboration with the Regional Directorate of Water and Forests, the Swiss Centre for Scientific Research, the African Geomatic Society and the Ministry of Forests and Water. The Red Cross od Cote d'Ivoire established Community Resilience Committees were established for mapping degraded land, using an agroforestry approach.

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire also undertook reforestation activities in the village of Kangrassou in the presence of the administrative authorities. It promoted participation of local communities who prepared the soil and transported the seedlings to the field. A total of 63 hectares of degraded land was reforested. Additionally, the National Society conducted awareness-raising campaigns aimed at the preservation and protection of the plots.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided support to the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire in the implementation of its activities in alignment with the Pan-African Tree Planting and Care initiative.

The **Netherlands Red Cross** provided assistance to the National Society in the implantation of its project aimed at building community resilience to climate change in Dimbokro.



For real-time information on emergencies, see IFRC GO page: Cote d'Ivoire.

Progress by the National Society against objectives

During this reporting period, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire made efforts to raise awareness about reforestation and the protection of reforested land. To prevent the possibility of bushfires, it established a committee for the sensitization of community members and also worked on the preparation of plots for the replacement of dead plants, while engaging communities. Additionally, the National Society set up solar energy irrigation systems as well as handoperated pumps in several villages.

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire also formed Community Development and Mutual Aid Associations to promote mutual aid and economic empowerment of communities. The National Society encouraged female members of the associations to contribute regularly to a common fund enabling loans for economic activities such as trade, agriculture and other income generating activities.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided technical and financial support to the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire in establishing mutual aid associations for community development.



Health and wellbeing

Progress by the National Society against objectives

During the reporting period, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire organized community screenings for malnutrition in Abobo West, Yopougon East and Yopougon West in collaboration with the National Nutrition Programme. The National Society assessed the nutritional status of children aged six to fifty-nine months and provided Vitamin A supplementation. The screening identified children with moderate acute malnutrition, severe acute malnutrition without complications and severe acute malnutrition with complications. The National Society also administered Vitamin A supplementation and deworming treatment.

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire initiated training for health providers in health structures in Abobo East and Yopougon East to strengthen the quality of nutrition service delivery. Through this activity, the National Society reinforced the supply of nutrition services, ensured effective delivery in health facilities, verified the quality of services offered, ensured proper completion of data collection tools, identified and corrected deficiencies in implementation and strengthened reporting of nutrition data. The National Society organized a celebration for mothers who had attended antenatal care at least four times and had given birth at health centres, promoting maternal and child health and rewarding mothers for regular attendance. The National Society further carried out nutrition assessments, monitored child growth and evaluated participation in cooking demonstrations, nutrition education and stimulation sessions. During screening sessions, education activities and home visits, it monitored the health of children by weighing them, taking blood pressure and reviewing vaccination schedules.

In response to challenges related to access to drinking water and water resource management, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire implemented a programme in the Dimbokro region to improve availability of water for domestic and agricultural needs. The National Society constructed human-powered pumps to provide rural communities with safe drinking water, reducing health risks and easing the burden on women and children responsible for collecting water. The National Society also installed solar-powered irrigation systems to optimize agricultural land use, strengthen food security and support local economic development. These initiatives promoted sustainable and environmentally friendly management of resources and contributed to improving resilience and in the region.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire with technical and financial support to implement its activities..



Progress by the National Society against objectives

In 2024, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire carried out three field missions to follow up on cases of the Restoring Family Links (RFL) service. These missions, conducted quarterly, focused on requests for research and Red Cross Messages. The National Society organized these missions to evaluate activities in local committees, monitor ongoing actions and discuss positive and negative aspects with local actors. The missions also included an assessment of emergency equipment available in the committees, with new equipment such as bibs, kits and stretchers provided where necessary.

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire organized two volunteer training workshops in Bouna and Ferkessédougou to strengthen the capacities of RFL volunteers and community relays on dissemination techniques, activities and tools.

Given the security situation in northern Côte d'Ivoire with rising numbers of asylum seekers from Burkina Faso, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire, conducted a training in operational security risk management in Ferkessédougou for focal points from northern committees. The training enhanced their capacity to identify risks and hazards, map influential actors, apply mitigation and anticipation measures and develop security plans. Participants also established procedures for reporting and sharing security information and designated data managers for each local committee. The National Society also trained volunteers from northern branches in the National First Aid Certificate at its training centre in Adjame to build a pool of potential trainers able to provide regular retraining in first aid within their committees.

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire participated in experience exchange missions, with staff attending a training on personal data management in Senegal and the Africa annual Restoring Family Links meeting.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided technical support to the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire for its activities related to migration and displacement.

Under wider Movement support, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) provided technical and financial support to the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire in providing Restoring Family Links service and providing support to the rising numbers of asylum seekers from Burkina Faso.



Volunteers of the Red Cross of Cote d'Ivoire providing support for people affected by post-election violence in Côte d'Ivoire (Photo: IFRC)



Progress by the National Society against objectives

During the reporting period, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire conducted community sensitization in villages and in Daloa on child protection needs. The National Society carried out extensive home visits, including those led by protection committees and sensitized men, women and children on themes such as child protection, abuse, child trafficking, sexual violence against children, psychological and emotional violence, birth registration, schooling, child labour and the importance of education for young girls. These activities significantly strengthened community awareness of how and where to report child protection violations in homes, workplaces and communities.

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire mobilized and structured community networks by establishing child protection committees. Members of these committees received training and capacity building in child protection, which enhanced their understanding of rights and duties and reinforced their contribution to awareness-raising. The National Society also provided training in Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI), social integration, peace and non-violence. It carried out dissemination sessions on its protection, participation and violence prevention programme with authorities, community leaders, women's and youth associations and volunteers. In addition, the National Society conducted training in Community Engagement and Accountability, emergency response preparedness and psychological first aid.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided technical support to the Red Cross Côte d'Ivoire in furthering child protection, Protection, Gender and Inclusion and Community Engagement and Accountability.

ENABLING LOCAL ACTORS



Strategic and operational coordination

Progress by the National Society against objectives

IFRC membership coordination

IFRC membership coordination involves working with National Societies to assess the humanitarian context, agree on common priorities and jointly develop common strategies. This includes addressing issues such as obtaining greater humanitarian acceptance and access, mobilizing funding and other resources, clarifying consistent public messaging and monitoring progress. It also entails ensuring that strategies and programmes in support of people in need incorporate clarity of humanitarian action while linking with development assistance and contribute to reinforcing National Societies in their respective countries, including through their auxiliary role.

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire has established partnerships with and receives support from the Red Cross Society of Monaco and the Netherlands Red Cross.

Movement coordination

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire ensures regular exchanges with the IFRC, the International Committee of the Red Cross and participating National Societies, for the alignment of support and action between Movement partners. In times of emergencies, closer coordination is organized. This is carried out in line with the Strengthening Movement Coordination and Cooperation (SMCC) principles and the newly adopted Seville Agreement 2.0.

The ICRC's regional delegation in Abidjan visits places of detention, supports the National Societies in their response to emergencies and assists the authorities promoting International Humanitarian Law.

External coordination

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire closely collaborates with various government agencies such as the National Office of Civil Protection (ONPC), the Ministry of Solidarity and the Fight against Poverty, the Ministry of Solidarities and the Military Fire Brigade (GSPM).

It also works other NGOs and organizations and humanitarian partners including UNICEF, WHO, WFP and Save the Children.

An operational coordination group was established, bringing together several humanitarian organizations to streamline efforts and enhance the response to emergencies. These meetings and joint initiatives help to ensure a coordinated and effective approach to disaster management and support for affected communities.



National Society development

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In 2024, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire focused on the development of the National Society through its branches, financial sustainability as well as the development of youth and volunteering. The National Society worked on the review and implementation of its National Society development plan, in accordance with its Strategic Plan 2024-2029.

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire organized Brach Organizational Capacity Assessment (BOCA) workshops and training sessions at branch level and implemented National Society development projects through the IFRC/ICRC National Society Investment Alliance. Additionally, the National Society benefited from the IFRC Capacity Building Fund utilizing it for digital transformation.

The National Society also organized training sessions for its staff in topics ranging from finance to leadership and governance, throughout the reporting period.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided support to the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire in organizing a Brach Organizational Capacity Assessment (BOCA) workshop through the IFRC/ICRC National Society Investment Alliance. It also provided financial support to the National Society through the IFRC Capacity Building Fund. Additionally, the IFRC provided technical support to the National Society in conducting workshops for its staff and volunteers, youth engagement as well as branch development.



Humanitarian diplomacy

Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire organized a workshop to strengthen the understanding of its auxiliary role and mandate. It also made efforts to promote International Humanitarian Law. The National Society strengthened its legal framework in relation to risk reduction and enhanced its collaboration with various stakeholders.

In this reporting period, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire also participated in the 11th meeting of the National Assemblies of the West Coast. The meeting was attended by the President, Secretary General and Youth Delegate of the National Society.

Additionally, the National Society enhanced its communications strategy, prioritized the promotion of its mission and mandate and focused on advocating for humanitarian causes with state partners.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided technical and financial support to the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire in strengthening its collaboration with state partners and other stakeholders. It provided support to the National Society in strengthening its auxiliary role. Additionally, the IFRC assisted the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire in strengthening its communications.



Progress by the National Society against objectives

In 2024, the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire put in place mechanisms to improve transparency. It raised awareness and mitigated risks related to fraud, abuse and corruption through the establishment of feedback mechanisms and internal reporting. It also made efforts to improve gender diversity and inclusion within the organization, strengthen the safety and security of staff through the use of identification badges and the implementation of personnel and attendance management software. Additionally, the National Society made efforts to improve digital transformation and innovation to modernize internal practices.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided technical assistance to the Red Cross of Côte d'Ivoire in establishing feedback mechanisms to mitigate risks related to fraud and corruption.

Q4. AFFECTED PERSONS (PEOPLE REACHED)

See cover pages

O5. PARTICIPATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY FOR AFFECTED PEOPLE - COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY

See Strategic Priority on 'Values, power and inclusion' under Q3: MEASURING RESULTS OF THE IFRC NETWORK ACTION

Q6. RISK MANAGEMENT

This information is not available in Annual Reports

Q7. EXIT STRATEGY AND SUSTAINABILITY

See Strategic Priorities or Enabling Local Actors, where relevant under Q3: MEASURING RESULTS OF THE IFRC NETWORK ACTION

Q8. LESSONS LEARNED

Nothing to report

ANNEX 1. IFRC APPLICATION OF THE 8+3 REPORTING TEMPLATE

The IFRC network structures its result-based management along five Strategic priorities and four Enabling functions, developed based on the IFRC network's Strategy 2030:

IFRC network Strategic Priorities	IFRC network Enabling Functions		
SP 1 - Climate and environment	EF 1- Strategic and operational coordination		
SP 2 - Disasters and crises	EF 2 - National Society development		
SP 3 - Health and wellbeing	EF 3 - Humanitarian diplomacy		
SP 4 - Migration and displacement	EF 4 - Accountability and agility		
SP 5 - Values, power and inclusion			

The Federation-wide results matrix provides a standard way for the IFRC network to measure its progress towards Strategy 2030 implementation and supports consistent quality of the IFRC network planning, monitoring and reporting. To further advance coherence in monitoring across the IFRC network, a Federation-wide Indicator Bank has been developed and integrated into the Federation-wide monitoring systems for emergencies and longer-term work, structured along the Federation-wide results matrix as well. Signatory of the Grand Bargain Agreement, the IFRC has committed to its monitoring and reporting standards through integration of the 8+3 reporting template contents into its results-based management approach. The following mapping demonstrate the way in which this report aligns with 8+3 reporting:

8+3 template	IFRC network Annual Report (with variance in structure in red)
Core Questions	
1. Overall Performance	Overall Performance
2. Changes and Amendments	Changes and amendments
3. Measuring Results	Measuring Results
4. Affected Persons	Cover pages with indicators values
5. Participation & AAP	Under Q3 Strategic Priority 5: Values, power and inclusion – Community Engagement and Accountability
6. Risk management	Risk management
7. Exit Strategy and Sustainability	Under Q3 sub-sections by Strategic Priority/Enabling Function where relevant
8. Lessons Learned	Lessons learned
Additional Questions	
1. Value for Money/ Cost Effectiveness	Not included in annual reports
2. Visibility	Not included in annual reports
3. Coordination	Under Q3 Enabling Function 1: Strategic and operational coordination
4. Implementing Partners	Cross-cutting, with a focus on support to localization through the Q3 Enabling Functions 1 to 4
5. Activities or Steps Towards implementation	Cross-cutting in Q3 Strategic Priorities and Enabling Functions
6. Environment	Under Q3 Strategic Priority 1: Climate and environment



The International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) is the world's largest humanitarian network, with 191 National Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies and around 15 million volunteers. Our volunteers are present in communities before, during and after a crisis or disaster. We work in the most hard to reach and complex settings in the world, saving lives and promoting human dignity. We support communities to become stronger and more resilient places where people can live safe and healthy lives,

DATA SCOPE AND LIMITATIONS

 Timeframe and alignment: The reporting timeframe for this overview is covering the period from 1 January to 31 December 2024. However, due to the diversity of the IFRC and differences in fiscal years, this coverage may not fully align for some National Societies.

and have opportunities to thrive.

- Financial overview: This overview consolidates data reported by the National Society and its IFRC network partners, as well as data extracted from IFRC's financial systems. All reported figures should include the administrative and operational costs of the different entities. The financial data with a grey background is solely reported by the National Society, including the funding sources. Financial reporting is often times estimated depending on availability of financial figures, closing of financial periods, and may be incomplete. 'Not reported' could sometimes mean 'not applicable'. Also note that funding requirements are already reflected in the published 2024 IFRC network country plan. The total funding requirements show what the IFRC network has sought to raise for the given year through different channels: funding through the IFRC, through participating National Societies as bilateral support, and through the host National Society from non-IFRC network sources. All figures should include the administrative and operational costs of the different entities.
 - » Host National Society funding requirements not coming from IFRC network sources can comprise a variety of sources, as demonstrated when reporting on income in the IFRC Federation-wide Databank and Reporting System
 - » Participating National Society funding requirements for bilateral support are those validated by respective headquarters, and often represent mainly secured funding
 - » IFRC funding requirements comprise both what is sourced from the IFRC core budget and what is sought through emergency and thematic funding. This includes participating National Societies' multilateral support through IFRC, and all other IFRC sources of funding
- Missing data and breakdowns: National Societies have diverse data collection systems and processes that may not align with the standardized indicators. Data may not be available for some indicators, for some National Societies. This may lead to inconsistencies across different reporting tools as well as potential under or over-estimation of the efforts led by all.
- Reporting bias: The data informing this Federation-wide overview is self-reported by each National Society (or its designated support entity) which is the owner and gatekeeper, and responsible for accuracy and updating. IFRC tries to triangulate the data provided by the National Societies with previous data and other data in the public domain.

Definitions:

- » Local units: ALL subdivisions of a National Society that coordinate and deliver services to people. These include ALL levels (provincial, state, city, district branches, sections or chapters, headquarters, and regional and intermediate offices, as well as community-based units)
- Branches: A Branch has its roles, responsibilities and relationship with the National Headquarters defined through the National Society's Statutes, including the level of autonomy given, especially in the area of its legal status, mobilising local resources and building local partnerships, and the decisions it makes. It has a local-level decision-making mechanism through its Branch members, board and volunteers, equally defined through the National Society's Statutes

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- Cl_Cote d'Ivoire AR Financials.pdf (Note: This financial report link will be fed upon the completion of the audit)
- IFRC network country plans
- Subscribe for updates
- Live Disaster Response Emergency Fund (DREF) data
- Operational information: IFRC GO platform
- National Society data: <u>IFRC Federation-wide Databank and Reporting System</u>
- Evaluations database

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