



# RUSSIA

2024 IFRC Network Mid-Year Report, January – June

7 April 2025

## IN SUPPORT OF THE RUSSIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY



RUSSIAN  
RED CROSS



85

National Society  
branches



600

National Society  
local units



20,000

National Society  
volunteers



835

National Society  
staff

## PEOPLE REACHED

Disasters  
and crises



77,966

Health and  
wellbeing



588,287

Migration and  
displacement



23,015

Values, power  
and inclusion



233,069

## FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

in Swiss francs (CHF)

Country	Funding Requirement	50.8M
IFRC Secretariat	Longer-term Funding Requirement	900,000
	Funding	Not reported
	Expenditure	Not reported
	Emergency Operations Funding Requirement	7M
	Funding	Not reported
	Expenditure	Not reported
Participating National Societies	Funding Requirement	1.6M
	Funding	1.5M
	Expenditure	235,000
HNS other funding sources	Funding Requirement	41.3M
	Funding	Not reported

### The Russian Red Cross Society

Overview

Funding	28.2M
Expenditure	10.1M

Funding Sources

IFRC Secretariat	Not reported
Participating National Societies	Not reported
HNS other funding sources	Not reported

Appeal number **MAARU003**

\*Information on data scope and limitations is available on the back page

# ONGOING EMERGENCY INDICATORS

**MGR65002** / *Ukraine and impacted countries*

Number of people reached per year with support services, in-kind, cash and voucher assistance for emergency response and recovery.	43,000
Number of migrants and displaced persons reached with services for assistance and protection.	36,000
Number of people reached by protection, gender and inclusion programming.	23,000
Number of people reached with psychosocial and mental health services.	13,000
Number of people reached by National Societies with contextually appropriate water, sanitation and hygiene services.	1,000
Number of people reached with livelihoods support	165
Number of people reached by National Societies with contextually appropriate health services.	120
Number of Humanitarian Service Points (HSPs) that provided assistance and/or protection to people on the move along land based migration routes.	220
Number of people trained by National Societies in first aid.	8
National Society reports that they have integrated and institutionalised Community Engagement and Accountability in their policies, operations, and procedures (with clear benchmarks).	Yes
National Society is participating in IFRC-led campaigns.	Yes
National Society has undertaken any data collection, research, analysis or other information management initiatives to better assist and protect people on the move.	Yes
National Society has undertaken any advocacy, dialogues, educational or communication initiatives to change the legal, policy, or operational environment to better assist and protect people on the move.	Yes
National Society has strengthened their integrity risk mechanisms.	Yes
National Society has One National Society Development country plan created.	Yes
National Society has implemented a digital transformation roadmap in line with the IFRC strategy.	Yes
National Society has created and implemented youth engagement strategies.	Yes
National Society has a functioning data management systems that inform decision making and support monitoring and reporting on the impact and evidence of the IFRC network's contributions.	Yes
National Society develops and/or implements a strategy for strengthening their auxiliary role	Yes
National Society covers health, accident and death compensation for all of their volunteers.	Yes
Percentage of assistance delivered using cash and vouchers.	87%

## STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

Climate and environment	National Society is implementing environmental or climate campaigns focused on behaviour change, plastic reduction or clean-ups.	Yes
	National Society is implementing nature-based solutions (including those with a particular focus on the planting of trees and mangroves).	0
	National Society is supported in developing and implementing strategies and plans that address rising climate and environmental risks.	Yes
Disasters and crises	Number of people reached per year with support services, in-kind, cash and voucher assistance for emergency response and recovery.	78,000
	Number of people reached with disaster risk reduction.	26,000
	Number of people reached with livelihoods support	457
	Number of people reached with shelter support.	3,000
	Number of RCRC staff and volunteers trained in disaster risk reduction.	128
	Percentage of assistance delivered using cash and vouchers.	38%
Health and wellbeing	Number of people donating blood	63,000
	Number of people reached by National Societies with contextually appropriate health services.	588,000
	Number of people reached by National Societies with contextually appropriate water, sanitation and hygiene services.	23,000
	Number of people reached with psychosocial and mental health services.	70,000
	Number of people trained by National Societies in first aid.	298,000
Migration and displacement	National Society has undertaken any advocacy, dialogues, educational or communication initiatives to change the legal, policy, or operational environment to better assist and protect people on the move.	Yes
	National Society has undertaken any data collection, research, analysis or other information management initiatives to better assist and protect people on the move.	Yes
	Number of Humanitarian Service Points (HSPs) that provided assistance and/or protection to people on the move along land based migration routes.	220
	Number of migrants and displaced persons reached with services for assistance and protection.	23,000
Values, power and inclusion	National Society reports that they have integrated and institutionalised Community Engagement and Accountability in their policies, operations, and procedures (with clear benchmarks).	Yes
	Number of people reached by protection, gender and inclusion programming.	23,000
	Number of people reached by RCRC educational programmes.	233,000

## ENABLING FUNCTIONS

Strategic and operational coordination	National Society increases the number of government led platforms in which they are actively participating to achieve humanitarian or development goals.	1
	Number of formal interagency/international coordination platforms the IFRC Network is part of.	0
National Society development	National Society covers health, accident and death compensation for all of their volunteers.	0
	National Society develops and/or implements a strategy for strengthening their auxiliary role	Yes
	National Society has created and implemented youth engagement strategies.	Yes
	National Society has One National Society Development country plan created.	Yes
Humanitarian diplomacy	National Society has domestic advocacy strategies developed aligning, at least in part, with global IFRC advocacy strategies	0
	National Society is participating in IFRC-led campaigns.	Yes
Accountability and agility	National Society has a functioning data management systems that inform decision making and support monitoring and reporting on the impact and evidence of the IFRC network's contributions.	Yes
	National Society has a Protection of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA) policy to enforce prevention and support survivors.	0
	National Society has a PSEA Action Plan to enforce prevention and support survivors (cumulative).	0
	National Society has implemented a digital transformation roadmap in line with the IFRC strategy.	Yes
	National Society has strengthened their integrity risk mechanisms.	Yes

## IFRC NETWORK SUPPORTED ACTIVITIES

National Society	Funding Reported	Bilateral Support					
		Climate and environment	Disasters and crises	Health and wellbeing	Migration and displacement	Values, power and inclusion	Enabling Functions
Norwegian Red Cross	1.4M						
Red Cross Society of China			<div></div>				

Total Funding Reported **CHF 1.5M**

# OVERALL PROGRESS

## Context

In this reporting period, between January 2024 to June 2024, several significant events have influenced the humanitarian and development landscape in Russia. The humanitarian consequences of the ongoing armed conflict between Russia and Ukraine continue to dominate the operational landscape. The intensification of shelling and drone attacks in regions bordering Ukraine has resulted in increased internal population movements, requiring urgent humanitarian assistance and support.

Flooding has severely affected multiple areas, particularly the Orenburg and Omsk regions. In addition to natural hazards, Russia has also experienced attacks which has needed a substantial humanitarian effort. The shooting at Crocus City Hall in Moscow region in March caused the death of almost 150 people and left at least 550 injured. These events and more have shaped the operational context for humanitarian action in the country, necessitating rapid response to emerging needs.

## Key achievements

### Climate and environment

In the first half of 2024, the Russian Red Cross Society appointed a focal point for climate-related initiatives, followed by participation in the climate action roadmap for the Europe region and the climate action journey training. The National Society also attended a meeting on simplified early action protocol.

### Disasters and crises

In the first half of 2024, the Russian Red Cross Society advanced its emergency preparedness by establishing a surge system focal point and developing a roadmap with technical guidelines. It launched a comprehensive training programme with five modules to certify its emergency response team as rescuers, equipping them with skills in first aid, mental health, and other areas crucial for effective disaster response. During the Orenburg floods, the National Society provided vital support, including drying homes, hospitals, and schools, and distributing essential items such as bed linen, food kits, hygiene supplies, and drinking water to affected households.

### Health and wellbeing

In this reporting period, the Russian Red Cross Society advanced its first aid initiatives by hosting a national conference to modernize training approaches and share best practices. Collaborating with the Ministry of Emergency Situations, the National Society enhanced its psychosocial support capabilities through joint training sessions and expanded its support programme for displaced families across 25 regions, training staff and volunteers in child-friendly methodologies. With insights from the Oslo Red Cross, pilot family centres were launched in three regions, complementing ongoing services provided by psychosocial support centres in ten branches.

### Migration and displacement

Between January and June 2024, the Russian Red Cross Society sustained its migration and displacement efforts through its Moscow migration centre, offering legal support, humanitarian aid, medical services, and educational programs such as math and Russian language lessons for children. Actively engaging in IFRC regional discussions, the National Society contributed to shaping the migration, integration, and inclusion framework for Europe.

### Values, power and inclusion

In the first half of 2024, the Russian Red Cross Society finalized the first draft of its Protection, Gender, and Inclusion (PGI) policy. Additionally, the National Society developed and shared comprehensive volunteer management guidelines, focusing on motivation and retention, across its regional branches.

### Enabling local actors

In the first half of 2024, the Russian Red Cross Society advanced organizational development and humanitarian efforts. It submitted the draft Russian Red Cross Law for federal approval, initiated Strategy 2028 implementation, and

conducted branch organizational capacity assessment (BOCA) workshops with facilitator training planned. Capacity-building initiatives trained 40 volunteers for the federal emergency response team and piloted a new customer relationship management system. Fundraising campaigns boosted individual and corporate contributions, while partnerships with post-Soviet companies were explored. The National Society also finalized its humanitarian diplomacy policy, developed training materials, and participated in the Global Humanitarian Diplomacy Forum in Geneva.

The National Society strengthened communications by training regional focal points and improving content production and analysis. It contributed to IFRC advocacy localization, aiding Russian-speaking societies and populations. Efforts included addressing reputational risks and collaborating with IFRC, the international committee of Red Cross (ICRC), and stakeholders to manage negative foreign media reporting. Staff and volunteers accessed IFRC e-learning for professional growth, further enhancing technical skills and knowledge.

# IFRC NETWORK ACTION

## ONGOING EMERGENCY RESPONSE

For real-time information on IFRC emergencies, visit IFRC GO page [Russian Federation](#).

Name	<a href="#">Ukraine and impacted countries crisis</a>
Appeal number	MGR65002
People to be assisted	2,562,000
Duration	18 February 2022 to 31 December 2025
Funding requirements	Federation-wide funding requirement: CHF 2.7 billion IFRC Secretariat funding requirement: CHF 800 million Federation-wide funding requirement for Russia: CHF 100 million IFRC Secretariat funding requirement for Russia: CHF 58 million
Link to Revised Emergency Appeal	<a href="#">Ukraine crisis revised emergency appeal</a>
Link to Latest Operational Strategy	<a href="#">Ukraine crisis revised operational strategy</a>
Latest operations update	<a href="#">Operations Update No.10</a>
Country response plan	<a href="#">Russian Red Cross Society response plan</a>



Russian Red Cross Society volunteers providing essential items and psychosocial support to flood-affected people in Orenburg. (Photo: IFRC)

Over a year has passed since the escalation of the armed conflict in Ukraine. In that time, the conflict has grown in complexity, producing multi-faceted and wide-reaching impacts. Humanitarian needs are particularly severe among those who remain at home in conflict prevalent areas and with internally displaced persons (IDPs). At the start of 2023, the number of IDPs within Ukraine was estimated at 5.4 million. The spread of the hostilities in Ukraine has also resulted in widespread multinational and multifaceted displacement. In total, over 20.4 million movements out of Ukraine have been recorded since the escalation of the international armed conflict. Most of the displaced people from Ukraine have entered the immediate neighbouring countries, primarily Poland, Russia, Hungary, Romania, Slovakia, and Moldova.

The impacts of the ongoing hostilities are not limited to those directly affected by the conflict: communities worldwide, in particular host communities, experience difficulties due to protracted displacement and economic crisis that have exacerbated pre-existing vulnerabilities. Already under immense pressure from the COVID-19 pandemic and global economic downturn, public health and social security systems in host communities have been further stressed by the international armed conflict between the Russian Federation and Ukraine. Within this environment of overlapping crises, the humanitarian implications grow, generating protracted and diversified needs within health, migration, shelter, and livelihoods – all of which demand a comprehensive response.

### Short description of the emergency operational strategy

The Russian Red Cross Society continues to provide support to displaced people from Ukraine residing on the territory of the Russian Federation. The area of provision services has expanded to over 30 regions, ensuring that similar approach is used everywhere, and that cash assistance is provided as the preferred mechanisms. Support has also included mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS), first aid activities, vocation training, provision of basic relief items, cash management and health activities. To ensure that services provided are of best quality, the National Society has focused on National Society strengthening activities for staff development and enhancement of its emergency response systems.

As of June 2024, the National Society's response to the ongoing conflict has encompassed service such as the establishment of accommodation points for displaced people. It provided vocational training programme for displaced people and conducted multi-purpose cash assistance for more than 12,000 households. In 2024, psychosocial support continued to be extended through consultation with the Russian Red Cross Society regional branches, on-site consultations in temporary accommodation points, telephone consultations, support groups, referrals, and more.

## STRATEGIC PRIORITIES



### Climate and environment

#### Progress by the National Society against objectives

During this reporting period, the Russian Red Cross Society's international cooperation department appointed the main focal point for its climate-related topics. The focal point participated in the climate action roadmap for the Europe region and the climate action journey training which took place in Madrid, Spain.

The National Society attended the meeting on simplified early action protocol (sEAP), a dedicated funding mechanism for forecast-based actions. .

#### IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided support to the Russian Red Cross Society in its efforts under climate and environment organizing the sEAP meeting and providing the National Society with documents related to IFRC green response and green logistics in the Russian language. These documents on specified interventions will be provided to the local staff in future operations.





## Disasters and crises

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For real-time information on emergencies, visit [IFRC GO Russian Federation](#).

### Progress by the National Society against objectives

In this reporting period, the Russian Red Cross Society introduced a focal point on developing a surge system. The National Society's focal point on surge system has been oriented on the process with surge technical working group terms of reference and a roadmap.

The Russian Red Cross Society has designed a comprehensive training programme for its emergency response team, which includes five distinct training modules. The goal is to certify the response team as rescuers, enabling them to participate in rescue services in the country. The training programme covered first aid, mental health and other essential skills to support the National Society staff in their emergency response roles.

During the Orenburg floods, the National Society provided assistance to households to dry their homes and also dried local hospitals and schools in the affected regions. This was accompanied by interventions such as distribution of essential items such as bed linen, food kits, hygiene kits, clothing vouchers, drinking water, and food.

### IFRC network joint support

The IFRC held discussions with the IFRC surge teams both at global and at the regional level. The objective is to identify up to 10 mental health and psychosocial support and cash and voucher assistance (CVA) staff members. Earlier in 2023, the IFRC supported the National Society with orientation sessions on preparedness for effective response (PER) framework. The IFRC continues to discuss the PER process with the National Society, with plans to establish a working group in next reporting period.

During the Orenburg floods, the IFRC supported the National Society's disaster management department with material assistance, including drying equipment for buildings. This support was part of the capacity building efforts for the Russian Red Cross Society's disaster management teams.



## Health and wellbeing

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### Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Russian Red Cross Society remains actively engaged in [first aid](#) activities. In April, the National Society organized a first aid conference which attended by participants across Russia. The conference facilitated discussions on modernising first aid training approaches, enabled participants to exchange best practices and served as a platform to discuss the implementation plans for first aid training.

In collaboration with the Ministry of Emergency Situations of the Russian Federation, the National Society held a joint training session which supported psychosocial specialists of the National Society to enhance their psychological support skills. Since June 2023, the National Society has increased its psychosocial support capacity through a programme targeting displaced families with one or two parents and children across 25 regions. The National Society's staff and volunteers have been trained in the IFRC-recognized [psychosocial support](#) child-friendly spaces methodology. Cooperation and experience sharing with the Oslo Red Cross enabled the launch of pilot family centres for crisis affected families in three regions. This experience was instrumental in the launch of the psychosocial support programme. The National Society psychosocial support centres in ten regional branches continue to provide services in 2024. In April 2024, a lessons-learned seminar was conducted to review the programme's outcomes and plan for its continuation.

### IFRC network joint support

The IFRC continues to provide financial and technical support to the Russian Red Cross Society to enhance its efforts under health and wellbeing. The IFRC supported the National Society by facilitating the discussion on the development of psychosocial support in Russia and the National Society participated in the psychosocial support and restoring family links (RFL) training organized by the IFRC psychosocial support reference centre in Copenhagen.





## Migration and displacement

### Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Russian Red Cross Society continues its operations under migration and displacement through its migration centre in Moscow. The centre provides support to migrants regardless of their National Society. The services include legal support, humanitarian assistance, medical services and education for children (e.g. mathematics lessons or Russian language lessons).

The Russian Red Cross Society participates in the IFRC regional office for Europe discussions on migration and integration and inclusion framework.

### IFRC network joint support

**The IFRC** provides support to the National Society in its efforts under migration and displacement. This includes components such as enhancing the National Society's capacity related to catering to migrant needs, advocating with stakeholders for migrant issues in Russia, and others.



## Values, power and inclusion

### Progress by the National Society against objectives

In the first half of 2024, the Russian Red Cross Society shared its first draft of protection, gender and inclusion (PGI) policy which is currently under review. Activities have been planned to introduce the PGI policy and disseminate its approaches among National Society regional branches. The National Society also appointed a PGI focal point during this reporting period.

The Russian Red Cross developed recommendations on working with volunteers. The guidelines include sections on motivating and retaining volunteers. The document was disseminated among all the regional branches of the Russian Red Cross Society.

### IFRC network joint support

**The IFRC** provided technical support to the National Society in the development of its protection, gender and inclusion policy. Once the policy is developed, the IFRC will provide further support to the National Society's efforts in disseminating the policy and in ensuring that the fundamental of inclusive approach is embedded in the National Society's interventions.

## ENABLING LOCAL ACTORS



## Strategic and operational coordination

### Progress by the National Society against objectives

#### Membership coordination

The IFRC coordination involves working with member National Societies to assess the humanitarian context, humanitarian situations and needs. It involves agreeing on common priorities, co-developing strategies to address issues such as obtaining greater humanitarian access, acceptance and space; mobilizing funding and other resources; clarifying consistent public messaging; and monitoring progress. This also means ensuring that strategies and programmes incorporate clarity in their humanitarian efforts, development assistance, and efforts to reinforce the auxiliary role of National Societies in their respective countries.

## Movement coordination

The Russian Red Cross Society ensures regular exchanges with the IFRC, the International Committee of the Red Cross and participating National Societies, for the alignment of support and action between Movement partners. In times of emergencies, closer coordination is organized. This is carried out in line with the Strengthening Movement Coordination and Cooperation ([SMCC](#)) principles, and the newly-adopted [Seville Agreement 2.0](#).

The ICRC's Moscow delegation maintains a dialogue on humanitarian and IHL issues and supports the Red Cross Societies of the Russian Federation and the Republic of Belarus..

## External coordination

The Russian Red Cross Society worked within its mandate to provide relief and regular services to vulnerable populations, serving as an auxiliary to federal and regional governments. It closely coordinated with federal and regional EMERCOM, Health, Interior, and others. The Russian Red Cross Society and federal EMERCOM continued revising the current framework cooperation agreement, alongside the renewal of agreements between the Russian Red Cross Society regional branches and regional governments. Practically, the Russian Red Cross Society supported EMERCOM and the Ministry of Health in assisting those affected by the conflict in Ukraine, providing material and humanitarian aid, psychosocial support, responding to individual requests, and restoring family links..



## National Society development

### Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Russian Red Cross Society continues to adopt the Russian Red Cross Law. Following consultations with the Ministry of Health in April 2024, the draft law was submitted for approval to federal executive authorities in June. The National Society's regional branches in Irkutsk, Omsk, Blagoveshchensk, Salekhard, Yaroslavl, and Arkhangelsk hosted the branch organisational capacity assessment ([BOCA](#)) workshops, and a BOCA training of facilitators has been scheduled for August.

After the approval of the Russian Red Cross Strategy 2028, the National Society launched its implementation. A draft plan on Strategy 2028 implementation at the branch level was prepared and is now pending approval. Several guiding documents and policies, including a branch handbook and guidelines on volunteer motivation, were developed. Additionally, a video course on branch development is currently being prepared.

Furthermore, under its National Society development efforts, the Russian Red Cross Society is piloting a new customer relationship management system to manage the National Society's beneficiaries, members, donors, and volunteers. A conference on National Society development and fundraising was also held in May with the main topics of further development of the National Society, exchange of best practices on the regional level, sustainable partnerships and prospects of fundraising.

In terms of capacity building, the Russian Red Cross Society's 40 volunteers from 20 regional Russian Red Cross Society branches became part of the federal emergency response team. Training was organized on refreshing psychosocial support and first aid skills, responding to floods and forest fires.

The Russian Red Cross Society has put extensive effort into individual direct fundraising with face-to-face modality, digital fundraising, and through targeted advertising on the internet. It has made further inroads into the corporate world, partly with the help of the Crocus Hall fundraising campaign that promoted active response from multiple donors.

The National Society actively participated in the regional corporate community of practice organised by the IFRC. One of the webinars was devoted to partnership with companies with a mixed reputation, which is relevant for post-Soviet markets. At subsequent meetings, the National Society made presentation and shared its experience on organizing corporate events and fundraising during emergencies.

### IFRC network joint support

**The IFRC** supported the Russian Red Cross Society's efforts under National Society development. This included the development of the National Society's strategic document, supporting National Society volunteer and youth

engagement, fundraising efforts, and organizing relevant sessions to support overall improvement of the National Society. The National Society benefited from various strategic documents and policies on fundraising shared by IFRC, such as the IFRC due diligence procedure, the Movement policy for corporate sector partnerships, and the IFRC policy for corporate sector partnerships.

IFRC funding mechanisms such as the IFRC National Society investment alliance ([NSIA](#)), the capacity building fund ([CBF](#)), and the Empress Shoken Fund are utilized for National Society development efforts.



## Humanitarian diplomacy

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### Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Russian Red Cross Society continues to conceptualize its approaches to humanitarian diplomacy and aligning it with IFRC methodology and strategy. The National Society's humanitarian diplomacy policy is in its final stages of development. Along with the policy and strategic framework, the National Society is further working to develop training materials for a wider range of staff and volunteers to provide for the understanding of the Movement, its fundamental principles, its auxiliary role, and the tools to promote an environment conducive to neutral, impartial and independent humanitarian action.

The National Society took part in the Global Humanitarian Diplomacy Forum in Geneva in April 2024. The National Society participates in relevant IFRC humanitarian diplomacy networks that are key to its activities, including IFRC humanitarian diplomacy network for Ukraine and impacted countries, Middle East and North Africa, as well as one on key influencing priorities, such as migration, climate and others.

The National Society's linguistic centre continues to contribute to the localization of IFRC and the Movement regional and global advocacy products in Russian language, this facilitating better engagement and inclusion of the Russian-speaking National Societies into the humanitarian diplomacy efforts, as well as awareness of the Russian-speaking population and decision-makers of the Movement and International Humanitarian Law (IHL).

Despite limited resources, the Russian Red Cross Society has been developing its communication capacities. The National Society has conducted training for communications focal points from regional branches and provided them with critical guidelines and standard operating procedures to enhance their technical skills and deepen their knowledge on communicating in accordance with the fundamental principles of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement. It has also produced and distributed medium to high-quality content across traditional and social media, especially during disasters. The National Society has a system in place to track and analyse content performance, media mentions, sentiments, and is constantly improving the content archiving system.

### IFRC network joint support

**The IFRC** was involved in the efforts on the partnership side to address the situation around the Russian Red Cross Society which was caused by allegations levied against it by the media. In May 2024, the IFRC met with the diplomatic community of the IFRC donor advisory group (DAG) countries based in Russia to discuss the Movement's humanitarian work in Russia and ensure the firm position of both the IFRC and the Russian Red Cross Society on the continuation of their work in the country, as well as the provision of services to vulnerable populations. In crisis communication and other situations, the IFRC continues to support the National Society in effective communications to highlight the auxiliary role of the National Society, advocate for humanitarian interventions, and work with stakeholders to promote the National Society's work.



## Accountability and agility (cross-cutting)

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### Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Russian Red Cross Society has begun working with a new modality of funds transfer. Additionally, reputational and integrity risks are monitored on a regular basis and discussed, when relevant, with the National Society in an open and trusted manner. Over the reporting period, the IFRC, the Russian Red Cross Society, ICRC and other stakeholders coordinated to tackle negative foreign media reporting in the context of the international armed conflict. The parties continue efforts to contain detrimental effect on humanitarian dialogue and access in the countries concerned, as well as existing partnerships.

The Russian Red Cross Society staff and volunteers have access to the IFRC e-learning platform to complete training and workshop that contribute to their professional development.

### IFRC network joint support

**The IFRC** ensured the participation of Russian Red Cross Society staff in various in-person and online training and workshop organized by the IFRC. These sessions covered topics such as National Society development, finance, logistics and procurement, safety and security, gender diversity, and inclusion. The IFRC continues to encourage existing staff and newcomers to utilize the IFRC learning platform to improve their knowledge and awareness on safety, security, gender diversity, inclusion and effective rapid response.



## The International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC)

is the world's largest humanitarian network, with 191 National Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies and around 16 million volunteers. Our volunteers are present in communities before, during and after a crisis or disaster. We work in the most hard to reach and complex settings in the world, saving lives and promoting human dignity. We support communities to become stronger and more resilient places where people can live safe and healthy lives, and have opportunities to thrive.

### DATA SCOPE AND LIMITATIONS

- **Timeframe and alignment:** The reporting timeframe for this overview is covering the period from 1 January to 30 June 2024. However, due to the diversity of the IFRC and differences in fiscal years, this coverage may not fully align for some National Societies. Mid-year reporting data may have been based on estimations, with plans to submit more robust numbers at the annual reporting stage.
- **Financial overview:** This overview consolidates data reported by the National Society and its IFRC network partners, as well as data extracted from IFRC's financial systems. All reported figures should include the administrative and operational costs of the different entities. The financial data with a light grey background is solely reported by the National Society, including the funding sources. Financial reporting is often times estimated depending on availability of financial figures, closing of financial periods, and may be incomplete. "Not reported" could sometimes mean "not applicable."
- **Missing data and breakdowns:** National Societies have diverse data collection systems and processes that may not align with the standardized indicators. Data may not be available for some indicators, for some National Societies. This may lead to inconsistencies across different reporting tools as well as potential under or over estimation of the efforts led by all.
- **Reporting bias:** The data informing this Federation-wide overview is self-reported by each National Society (or its designated support entity) and which is the owner and gatekeeper, and responsible for accuracy and updating. IFRC tries to triangulate the data provided by the National Societies with previous data and other data in the public domain.

### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- [IFRC Russia 2024 mid-year financial report](#)
  - For information on ongoing emergencies for the period January to June 2024, see: [MGR65002](#).
- [IFRC network country Plans](#)
- [Subscribe for updates](#)
- [Live Disaster Response Emergency Fund \(DREF\) data](#)
- Operational information: [IFRC GO platform](#)
- National Society data: [IFRC Federation-wide Databank and Reporting System](#)
- [Evaluations database](#)

### Contact information

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