



Photographic view of CRC volunteers during tree planting in Bongor, Mayo Kebbi East province.

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<p>Operation update # 5</p>	<p>Timeframe covered by this update: From 09/12/2024 to 31/05/2026</p>
<p>Revised Operation timeframe: 26 months (11/09/2024 - 30/09/2026)</p>	<p>Number of people being assisted: 389,000 people</p>
<p>Funding requirements (CHF): 8 Million CHF CHF 4 million through the IFRC Emergency Appeal CHF 4 million Federation-wide</p>	<p>DREF amount initially allocated: CHF 1 million</p>

To date, this Emergency Appeal, which seeks IFRC Secretariat funding requirement of **CHF 4,000,000, is 47 percent funded**, with additional contributions from DG ECHO (€500,000) and the Italian Government (€800,000). Activities have focused on emergency response, recovery and flood preparedness, but some are yet to be finalized. A first no-cost 6-month extension was granted (until 30 June 2026); however, in view of the remaining activities and the funds to be transferred, **an additional 3-month extension (until 30 Sept 2026)** is needed to complete the implementation and ensure adequate justification of resources.

A. SITUATION ANALYSIS

Description of the crisis

Over the past three years, Chad has been among the most vulnerable nations hit hard by weather extremes (droughts, floods) and lack of adaptive capacity, according to climate risk index data. In addition to the consequences of the 2024 floods, the populations of the affected areas are also suffering from the negative impacts of the floods in 2025 which affected about 407,759 people and caused the death of 79 people in four provinces (Mayo-Kebbi East, Logone Oriental, Moyen Chari and Tandjilé). These two floods, aggravated by persistent community conflicts, have displaced many people, thus aggravating their vulnerabilities in the areas of food security and livelihoods, health, shelter, hygiene, and sanitation. According to the 2026 seasonal forecasts produced by ACMAD (long-term forecast bulletin), normal to probable excess rainfall is expected over most of central and southern Chad. The risk of intense rainfall episodes between July and September increases, with a risk of localized flooding. Despite the efforts made by the CRT to assist the most vulnerable, the gap remains significant in the field of health, disaster risk reduction and adaptation to climate change. Repeated exposure to floods, displacement, loss of livelihoods, community tensions, and bereavement may also increase mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) needs among affected populations, particularly among children, women, older adults, and displaced persons, highlighting the need for community-based psychosocial support, strengthened social cohesion and resilience activities, capacity building of frontline staff and volunteers e.g. in Psychological First Aid (PFA), and strengthened referral pathways for individuals requiring specialized support.

Summary of response

Overview of the host National Society and ongoing response

The Red Cross Society of Chad (CRT) is one of the most experienced national organizations in flood management in Central Africa. For several decades, the CRT has distinguished itself in the management of complex crises combining floods, epidemics, population movements, urban violence, inter-ethnic conflicts and food insecurity. In the specific field of flood management, it has gained valuable experience through the operations carried out during the floods of 2018, 2019, 2020, 2022 and 2024, which will be a decisive asset for the management of the present operation.

As part of various humanitarian operations, the government has regularly entrusted the CRT with the distribution of food and essential household items (EHIs) to populations affected by various crises across the country. The National Society also participates in meetings, both virtual and face-to-face, on all topics related to its mandate and mission in Chad.

The CRT has deployed 2,678 volunteers on the ground and has been working closely with national and local authorities on disaster preparedness and response since the onset of the heavy rains.

Anticipation

Since the first floods, the CRT alerted its local branches and mobilized volunteers in collaboration with the local authorities for preparedness and anticipation actions. Following the forecast of the first torrential rains, the CRT put in place preventive measures, including through the organization of training and refresher sessions for volunteers on first aid and psychological first aid, psychosocial support, community engagement and accountability (CEA), as well as community health in the provinces and localities most at risk.

CRT also developed information tools adapted to the flood context, used to design and disseminate information materials in the targeted localities. The Department of Community Health used these tools to conduct health education, community engagement, and social mobilization activities through local channels.

Volunteers worked closely with local authorities across all 23 provinces to help communities protect themselves and prepare for a possible worsening of flooding following the river flood warning. The National Society thus succeeded in mobilizing and deploying its branches for anticipatory actions by relying on existing projects and resources in the country, with the support of the Movement's partners (ICRC, IFRC, French Red Cross, International Aid of the Luxembourg Red Cross, Italian Red Cross), as well as within the framework of the ECHO PPP project.

In addition, the Red Cross of Chad received funding for anticipatory actions on the Early Action Protocol for Rainwater Floods. This project covers 6 provinces most at risk of flooding and contributes to the monitoring of seasonal forecasts in order to determine flood-related risks and allow the CRT to take measures through anticipatory actions.

In the first hours of the 2024 floods in Chad, the Government set up and appointed the members of the National Committee for Flood Prevention and Management. This committee, composed of 17 members from the ministries and the N'Djamena City Hall, actively includes representatives of the Red Cross Society of Chad (CRT). Its mission was to coordinate the efforts of all state and non-state actors in flood prevention and management at the national level.

CRT through its disaster management team, maintains a close and productive collaboration with the authorities in charge of disaster management as well as with all the members of the Flood Crisis Management Committee set up by the Government. Strengthening relations with these authorities is one of the key lessons learned from the implementation of the DREF and associated emergency appeals.

Coordination of IFRC memberships

The International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) provides technical support from its cluster office based in Bangui, covering both Chad and the Central African Republic. The IFRC delegation in the country has been operational in N'Djamena since 2023, supporting the CRT and the Participating National Societies (PNS) present in the country, following the crisis of population movements in eastern Chad.

The IFRC regularly deploys, as required, technical, operational and support capacities through its delegation and the regional office, in order to strengthen the coordination capacities of emergency operations in Chad. The IFRC team is also committed to supporting the strategic and programmatic directions of the Red Cross Society of Chad, including by contributing to the institutional strengthening of the National Society, including its disaster preparedness and response capacities.

As part of the flood response, the IFRC continues to provide technical support and support to the CRT's resource mobilization efforts through different platforms, involving both Movement members and external partners. At the request of the CRT, the IFRC launched a Federation Emergency Appeal on 12 September 2024, aimed at assisting 389,000 affected people. It has also mobilized CHF 1 million through the Disaster Response Emergency Fund (DREF) to support the start-up of Phase 1 activities.

In addition, the IFRC facilitates the Movement's coordination mechanisms to assess the resources available from partners and support the implementation of the National Society's response plan. The PNS present in the country include the International Aid of the Luxembourg Red Cross (AICRL), the Italian Red Cross (IRC) and the French Red Cross (CRF), all of which have representations in Chad. Remote support is also provided by the British Red Cross and the Swiss Red Cross to support CRT's emergency response. Support is provided either bilaterally through their own resources, multilaterally through existing consortium projects, or through the IFRC. The PNSs implement active projects in flood-affected areas and on priority themes. Some partners were already positioned in several affected provinces, including through the ECHO programme or other sources of funding. A crisis committee has been set up under the coordination of the Red Cross Society of Chad (CRT) to monitor the humanitarian situation and coordinate response activities. Support is provided to the National Society's flood response plan through existing projects.

Coordination of movements

The ICRC has been present in Chad since the late 1970s, providing its expertise to support the National Society and also contributing to the emergency response to floods, as in previous crises. The ICRC supported security assessments in the areas of intervention and participated in the Movement's information exchange and coordination platforms. It has also provided 500 kits of household items to the CRT.

International humanitarian actors' response

- The Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) mobilized USD 8 million to support the flood response in Chad.
- UN agencies supported programmes in some flood-affected provinces and have appealed for about USD 64 million.
- The World Food Programme (WFP) provided cash assistance to 50,000 of the most vulnerable households for food in Mayo Kebbi East province.
- UNHCR continued its financial, technical and advisory support to the CRT team responsible for coordinating and managing operational activities for Nigerian refugees and internally displaced persons (IDPs) in Bagasola, Lake Province, as well as in the Eastern Provinces for refugees, IDPs and returnees linked to the Sudanese crisis and in the southern provinces for refugees, IDPs.
- With UNICEF's support, the Red Cross Society of Chad set up three child-friendly spaces (CSE) at the IDP sites of Milési 1, Milési 2 and the Basilica in N'Djamena. Through these spaces, 2,775 children benefited from psychosocial support. In addition, the Chad Red Cross Society sensitized 1,026 adults on children's rights, flood-related protection risks and the importance of children's participation in recreational activities in suitable spaces.
- Assistance from humanitarian actors spans multiple sectors, and OCHA's report provides a summary of key actions as of 15 October 2024.
- As part of the management of the 2024 floods, the CRT continued its collaboration with partners outside the Movement, including UN agencies, international and national NGOs, as well as institutional and private donors.
- With the support of the Movement's partners, the CRT is actively represented and participates in the main humanitarian coordination platforms in the country, including the working groups, OCHA and government authorities. As part of humanitarian responses, including those related to the ongoing floods, the CRT and its Movement partners have participated in various coordination platforms, including the Cash Working Group, the Shelter Cluster (led by UNHCR), the Water, Hygiene and Sanitation – WASH/WASH Cluster (led by UNICEF), the Health Cluster (WHO and Ministry of Health), and the Protection cluster.

Overview of the ongoing response

Before and during the emergency period, the CRT coordinated and worked closely with the National Flood Management Committee, local authorities and its local disaster response teams, both for preparedness and response. As soon as the first torrential rains were announced, the CRT put in place preventive measures by organizing trainings and refresher sessions for volunteers on first aid and psychological first aid, psychosocial support, community engagement and accountability, as well as community health in the provinces and localities most at risk.

The CRT has also developed information tools adapted to the context of floods, used to produce and disseminate communication materials in the targeted localities. The Community Health Department used these tools to organize health education, community engagement, and social mobilization sessions through local channels. These volunteers worked alongside local authorities in all 23 provinces to help their communities protect themselves and prepare for a possible worsening of flooding following river flood warnings.

The National Society has succeeded in mobilizing and deploying its committees for anticipatory actions by drawing on existing projects and resources in the country, with the support of the Movement's partners (ICRC, IFRC, French Red Cross, Luxembourg Red Cross International Aid, Italian Red Cross) and through the PP project funded by ECHO. Regarding the immediate response to the 2024 floods, the CRT has carried out the following actions:

- Provision of first aid and emergency assistance in all 23 provinces following flood waves since July 2024. This includes administering first aid and psychosocial support, raising awareness of waterborne diseases, promoting hygiene in relocation sites, as well as supporting the evacuation of vulnerable people.
- Organization and participation in humanitarian assessments in N'Djamena and other affected localities.
- CRT supported the construction of 150 UNHCR-funded shelters in Kournari (Chari-Baguirmi province).
- Assistance in the provision of shelter and essential household items (EHIs) to affected households, thanks to stocks received from Red Cross Movement partners.

The CRT, in collaboration with the French Red Cross, within the framework of the ECHO PP and PARCIN projects, supported 1,241 households affected by the floods through the distribution of essential household items (EHI), WASH (water, hygiene and sanitation) kits and health kits in three provinces: Mayo Kebbi East (291 households), Tandjilé (950 households) and N'Djamena (200 households). A total of 815 volunteers were trained to carry out awareness-raising activities on hygiene, sanitation and health promotion.

The CRT also distributed 100 EHI kits with the support of the International Aid of the Luxembourg Red Cross (AICRL) in the province of Logone Oriental, more precisely in the departments of Nya and Nya Pendé. In collaboration with the Italian Red Cross, 600 EHI kits were distributed in the provinces of N'Djamena (300 kits), Logone Oriental (150 kits) and Lac (150 kits). Finally, the International Committee of the Red Cross provided 500 EHI kits, including 200 kits distributed in N'Djamena, 200 kits in Batha and 100 kits in Kournari in the province of Chari Baguirmi.

As part of DG ECHO's funding, the IFRC has received an additional €500,000 in funding to support the flood response in Mayo Kebbi East. This financing has enabled the construction of 125 shelters and 157 latrines for the benefit of 125 of the most vulnerable households. In addition, cash assistance of 45,000 CFA francs was disbursed in a single payment to 1,000 households to support food security. Essential household items (EHIs) were also provided to 125 households.

In addition, awareness-raising sessions on hygiene promotion and Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI) reached a total of 1,220 people, including 1,200 beneficiaries and 20 community leaders.

This operation was implemented by the consortium of Movement partners in Chad, including the French Red Cross, the International Aid of the Luxembourg Red Cross, the Italian Red Cross, the Red Cross of Chad and the IFRC.

With regard to this Emergency Appeal operation, several actions have been carried out in the various sectors.

Distribution of empty bags: The CRT distributed 8,000 empty bags to the provincial branches of N'Djamena, Chari Baguirmi, Mayo Kebbi-Est and Moyen Chari. These bags, filled with sand, were used as dikes, placed along the waterways to contain overflows in certain localities. This operation was carried out with the contribution of local communities, who participated in filling the bags with sand.

Beneficiary targeting: Multi-sectoral beneficiary targeting was conducted in the 8 target provinces, using the Kobo tool. On the basis of this targeting, a list of beneficiaries was drawn up by sector according to very precise criteria defined in advance. Before targeting beneficiaries, 160 volunteers (20 per province) were trained in the basic concepts of PGI, Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA), as well as a briefing on the Chad Red Cross Code of Conduct. The briefing focused on the prevention of fraud and corruption, the prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse as well as harassment (PSEAH). At the end of the training, all trained volunteers signed the Code of Conduct document. They were also made aware of the use of mobile phones and tablets for data collection using KoboToolbox.

Shelters and Household Essentials (EHI):

Sixty (60) emergency shelters have been built in Kournari to accommodate people displaced by the floods. In addition, 1,000 kits of essential household items (EHI) were acquired and distributed to 1,000 of the most vulnerable households in four provinces, namely: Mayo Kebbi-Est (300 kits), Moyen-Chari (300 kits), Batha (250 kits) and Salamat (150 kits). These kits included: a plastic mat for three places, two blankets, a tarpaulin, a piece of loincloth, a 15-liter bucket, a 20-liter jerry can, six (6) pieces of soap, a saccane, two (2) mosquito nets, six (6) bath towels, six (6) sanitary napkins, five (5) women's underwear, three (3) pieces of toilet soap, as well as six tubes of toothpaste and toothbrushes.

Prior to the distribution, 40 Red Cross volunteers from Chad were trained (10 per province: Mayo Kebbi East, Moyen-Chari, Batha and Salamat) on management and distribution techniques. In total, **3,766** EHI kits were distributed to **3,766** most vulnerable households.

Further, a cash distribution for housing rental has benefited 982 households at a rate of 40,000 CFA francs per household per month for 3 months. Each household received a total amount of 120,000 CFA francs. This cash assistance covered 4 of the most affected provinces, with 250 households per province. This cash assistance was provided to support housing rental for households whose homes had been partially or completely destroyed. Findings from the post-distribution monitoring (PDM) indicated that beneficiaries used the assistance in different ways to address their shelter needs. Some households used the funds to rent accommodation while reconstructing their homes, while others invested the money directly in purchasing construction materials for repairs and reconstruction. According to the PDM results, 90% of beneficiaries used the cash assistance for shelter-related purposes, demonstrating that the intervention largely achieved its intended objective.

In addition, 85 volunteers from the Red Cross Society of Chad, as well as masons and carpenters, were trained in the techniques of building safe houses according to the Participatory Approach for Safe Shelter Awareness (PASSA) approach. At the end of the training, these participants received construction tool kits including a saw, trowel, water level, hammer and a 5-metre digital tape measure. They are now able to support members of their communities in the construction of shelters.

Also, 125 semi-durable shelters have been built by volunteers and community members for the benefit of the most vulnerable households affected by the floods. In this operation, the project provided the bricks and cement, while the communities contributed with sand, water and soil. The construction of these semi-sustainable shelters was supported by DG ECHO as part of the Top-up funding.

Furthermore, the Italian Government support to the floods response in Chad provided **600** shelter tool kits to 600 households in the provinces of Logone Oriental and Tandjilé through Chad Red Cross.

In total, **2,707** households have benefited with the shelter assistance.

Water, Hygiene and Sanitation (WASH):

Two hundred (200) volunteers (25 per province) have been trained in WASH (Water, Hygiene and Sanitation) activities, including door-to-door and mass sensitization techniques, environmental and personal hygiene, handwashing with soap, home water treatment as well as waste management. The training sessions were organized in the provinces of Mayo Kebbi-Est, Moyen-Chari, Logone Oriental, N'Djamena, Chari-Baguirmi, Tandjilé, Batha and Salamat. The trained volunteers conducted hygiene promotion awareness sessions, accompanied by the distribution of bleach and sleet. This distribution was accompanied by demonstrations on the appropriate use of the products distributed.

To date, 26,996 people have been reached through hygiene awareness activities, including: 7,034 girls under 18, 7,963 women over 18, 6,377 boys under 18 and 5,622 men over 18. In addition, as part of the activities implemented by the flood response programme funded by DG ECHO in the top-up, 5 680 people were sensitised on hygiene and health promotion, including 2,816 women, 2 842 men and 22 people living with disabilities.

Under the flood response project funded by the Government of Italy, 21,039 people (including 2,897 men, 4,319 women and 13,823 children) were sensitized. A total of **53,715** people were sensitized on hygiene promotion. We believe that these awareness-raising efforts have borne fruit, insofar as the cholera epidemic that affected part of Chad did not affect the areas of intervention of the Flood Appeal project.

Also, 2,000 litres of bleach and 2,000 litres of sleet were distributed to 2,000 households in high-risk areas, at a rate of 250 households per province. This distribution was accompanied by demonstrations on the appropriate use of these products.

Finally, 80 sanitation kits and 80 pieces of waste management equipment have been acquired in order to strengthen sanitation, cleaning and disposal activities for larval sites, through the organization of sanitation campaigns carried out with the active participation of communities and local leaders. To date, 80 communities have received these kits and equipment and are currently conducting weekly sanitation campaigns in their localities. Finally, 10 non-functional boreholes have been rehabilitated in three provinces, namely Chari-Baguirmi, Moyen-Chari and Logone Oriental.

CASH (Cash Transfers):

Two types of cash distributions have been implemented by the CRT, namely multi-purpose cash assistance (MPCA) and cash for housing rental. After targeting beneficiaries and selecting households according to the different categories of assistance, community meetings were organized in all the sites selected for the implementation of these activities. Thus, 1,000 beneficiaries were selected to receive MPCA and 1,000 others to benefit from the cash intended for the rental of housing. In accordance with the guidelines of the Cash working group, the amount allocated for the MPCA was set at 95,000 CFA francs per household, paid in a single instalment. As for the cash for the rental of housing, it amounted to 40,000 CFA francs per household per month. Each household benefiting from this second modality received three payments of 40,000 CFA francs, for a total of 120,000 CFA francs, corresponding to the coverage of rental costs for a period of three months.

A total of 994 households each have received 95,000 CFA francs in multi-purpose cash assistance, representing a 99.4 per cent achievement rate of the target. In addition, 982 households each received a sum of 120,000 CFA francs corresponding to three months' rent, which represents a coverage rate of 98.2 per cent. Following beneficiary targeting, some individuals relocated. As a result, the National Society team was unable to trace or re-establish contact with them for subsequent activities and follow-up.

Health and care :

- A total of 160 volunteers have been trained in first aid, 20 per province, to strengthen the capacity of the provincial first aid and psychological first aid committees. In addition, 40 first-aid kits have been acquired and distributed in all targeted provinces (5 kits per province). In addition, 2,000 mosquito nets were purchased and distributed to 1,000 of the most vulnerable households.
- Two health centres have been equipped with medical equipment: the Kournari health centre in Chari Baguirmi and the Doba health centre in Logone Oriental. The medical equipment that was distributed to the health centres included a Microscope, a delivery bed, and various small medical supplies such as syringes, needles, IV infusion sets, oral rehydration solution, glucose, a blood pressure monitor, and hand gloves,
- The Kournari health centre has been rehabilitated. The work included the complete repair of the roof and the painting of the building.
- A total of 100 CRT volunteers have been trained in community-based surveillance in 4 provinces, namely N'Djamena, Chari Baguirmi, Moyen Chari and Logone Oriental. Volunteer training in Social and Behaviour Change (SBC) communication continues in the other 4 provinces.
- 69,433 people were sensitized on health promotion, i.e. 35,410 women and 34,023 men. Surveillance of diseases with epidemic potential has identified 212 suspected cases of yellow fever, 39 suspected cases of measles, 04 suspected cases of polio, 02 suspected cases of guinea green and 87 cases of diarrhoea.

Protection and prevention

(Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI), Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA), Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)

The CRT carried out an assessment to identify local referral mechanisms for gender-based violence as well as for all issues related to child protection. The purpose of this assessment was to map and document local care arrangements for all child protection cases. It covered four provinces located in the southern part of the country. These activities were conducted together with the Chad Red Cross and the local community organisation working for women & Child protection.

As part of the PGI and CEA activities, 160 volunteers from the CRT were trained in the basic concepts of these approaches before the targeting of beneficiaries was launched. This training included a briefing on the CRT Code of Conduct, which was signed by all trained volunteers at the end of the session. In addition, the CRT organized a PGI and CEA training workshop to strengthen the knowledge of staff and volunteers on these themes. The first session of this workshop was held in Moundou and mobilized representatives of four branches (Mayo Kebbi-Est, Tandjilé, Logone Oriental and Moyén Chari). This training workshop gathered 30 participants including 7 females and 23 males. The team was made up of the presidents and SG of the 4 branches as well as the PGI and CEA focal point of the target branches.

Further, CRT, through the funding of the Italian Government, trained 60 volunteers on the minimum PGI/PSEAH standards in emergencies, including: DAPS, CEA, GBV, child protection and Legal Assistance to people on the Move (PoM), as well as protection data collection. Making a total of 250 volunteers trained on PGI.

In the field, targeting and complaint management committees have been set up in each of the 15 areas of intervention. Each committee is composed of two women and two men. The complaint management committees were set up to explain to the community members the project components, the criteria put in place to select beneficiaries for each activity, and to support volunteers during community activities. They also strongly contributed to the awareness sessions at the community level. They act as the link between the community and the Red Cross staff. While carrying out these activities, they were also collecting community feedback. To date, more than 2,204 community feedback items have been collected and processed with community responses.

During the **three-month operational extension period**, the National Society will continue implementing the following activities across the respective intervention sectors. The remaining budget available to support these activities is **CHF 393,000**.

Disaster Management

- Support to the Preparedness for Effective Response (PER): facilitation of a PER workshop and development of the PER action plan.
- Distribution of improved cookstoves in emergency shelter sites: identification of beneficiaries, distribution and post-distribution monitoring.
- Procurement and pre-positioning of emergency stocks in recurrent risk branches

Shelter

- Procurement of 100 rehabilitation kits for the superstructure of shelters for the population affected by the floods
- Mobilization of masons, carpenters and workers trained in safe construction techniques for the technical support of households during reconstruction alongside volunteers
- Additional training of communities and construction stakeholders on the PASSA Approach in 5 most affected provinces
- Conduct workshop for the development of the National Strategy for Shelters & Essential Household items for CRT

WASH

- Rehabilitation and disinfection of water points (boreholes and wells)
- Training of volunteers, masons and community workers (WASH committee etc) on slab construction techniques in addition to the trainings on safer construction
- Support for the construction of 400 slabs to support the recovery of affected populations

Food Security and Livelihoods

- Support to 200 women-headed households with inputs and revival of production for vegetable production
- Support to 100 fishermen with inputs for production and recovery: identification and registration of beneficiaries, distribution and PDM
- Support to 100 pastoralists with inputs for production: identification and registration of beneficiaries, distribution and PDM

Health and Care

- Procurement and distribution of 500 mama kits

Community Engagement and Accountability

- Strengthening National Society capacity and coordination mechanisms: Revise and disseminate the National Academy Strategy and establish/revitalize relevant coordination and operational mechanisms.
- Enhancing community engagement, communication, and awareness: Support RCCE and multi-sectoral awareness activities through social media campaigns, radio and TV outreach, and the production/distribution of IEC materials (posters, banners, leaflets, etc.).
- Improving operational support, monitoring, and evaluation: Conduct post-disaster evaluations, regularize and monitor IEC/logistics equipment, and ensure administrative and financial support for volunteers, including per diems and focus group activities.

National Society Development

- Conduct Branch Organizational Capacity Assessment (BOCA) and Organizational Capacity Assessment and Certification workshops (OCAC)
- Conduct NSD development plan workshop
- Conduct Lessons Learnt workshop at the end of the operation

Protection, Gender and Inclusion

- Conduct PGI assessment and mapping report of the minimum standards for PGI in emergencies and integration with planning
- Conduct basic PGI training sessions with CRT staff and volunteers with focus on minimum standards for PGI/PSEA

Needs analysis

Despite the efforts of the government and its partners, humanitarian needs remain largely unmet, and the floods have increased the vulnerability of affected populations in all targeted provinces. The floods ravaged several hectares of farmland, leading to massive destruction of crops, with the majority of plantations washed away. According to Chad's 2025 Humanitarian Response Plan, the 2024 floods, combined with pest attacks, destroyed nearly 14% of cultivated land, worsening food insecurity and malnutrition well before the lean season. In 2025, persistent insecurity, climate shocks, and population movements continue to hamper the recovery of vulnerable households. Enhanced support in the areas of agricultural, pastoral and fisheries production appears essential to sustainably improve their living conditions.

This situation is further aggravated by the alerts related to food insecurity in several departments. According to the Cadre Harmonisé analysis of November 2025, although the situation has improved slightly compared to 2024, up to

2.98 million people could be in crisis during the 2026 agricultural lean season. This deterioration remains linked to the decline in agricultural production and the rise in the prices of basic foodstuffs. Currently, the departments of Barh-Sara (Moyen Chari), Nya Pendé (Logone Oriental) and some areas of Guéra are in a crisis phase. Although the number of departments in a critical situation has decreased compared to 2024, more than 30 departments could move into the "crisis" phase during the projected period (June to August 2026).

At the same time, the nutritional situation remains worrying in some areas. According to the food security cluster, admissions of children under five years of age suffering from severe acute malnutrition (SAM) have increased sharply, particularly in the provinces of Hadjer Lamis (86%), Moyen Chari (80%) and Ennedi East (74%). This increase is partly due to the influx of displaced populations as well as improved coverage of nutritional services. These trends underscore the need for an appropriate and urgent response to save the lives of severely malnourished children.

With the return of the rainy season, communities living in flood-prone areas are once again facing growing anxiety. The level of the Logone River is rising rapidly, causing great concern among the local population. Many of the most vulnerable people have not yet recovered from the devastating floods of the previous two years and are now exposed to new risks of displacement and loss of livelihoods.

In response to this situation, the Chad Red Cross (CRT), through its Early Action Protocol (PAP) for the floods, has put in place proactive measures. Intervention equipment has been pre-positioned in high-risk areas, and volunteers have been trained to implement anticipatory actions. The National Society (NS), in coordination with communities and humanitarian partners, is closely monitoring the evolution of the situation. As soon as the predefined alert thresholds are reached, anticipatory actions will be triggered to reduce the impact of potential flooding.

Operational risk assessment

The response to the ongoing floods has been confronted with several major operational constraints that have affected the effectiveness of interventions.

Inflation in local markets resulting from economic disruptions and their impact on production. Food prices continue to rise due to destruction and lack of access. According to the World Bank's April 2025 report, pressure on food demand has led to higher prices, while floods have caused supply shortages. Together, these factors have driven inflation to 5.7% in 2024, with an expected upward trend. The CRT has already advocated for large-scale actions by the authorities to regulate market prices and ensure that disruptions are reported for the implementation of the necessary corrective measures. This advocacy aims to preserve the value of cash transfers needed to cover people's basic needs. Monitoring will include regular price assessments to measure the impact of the programme on the purchasing power of the target populations and to verify the quality of the services provided by the financial operator. For price monitoring, the project will rely on the mechanisms set up by the Cash Working Group, in particular data from SISAAP and FEWS NET. At the same time, the CRT will implement specific monitoring in the targeted markets and alert the Cash Working Group as well as the competent authorities in the event of significant price distortions. Instability of communication and telecommunication systems across the country, particularly in areas far from the capital. The deployment of teams, monitoring of operations, and the implementation of activities have been disrupted, a situation aggravated by the floods.

The CRT is on the front line of all humanitarian responses across the country. This flood crisis comes at a time when the CRT is already mobilized to respond to the most urgent needs, including those of Sudanese refugees in the eastern provinces (Wadi Fira, Ouaddaï, Sila and Ennedi East), Central African refugees in the south, as well as displaced people in the Lake Chad region due to climate change and insecurity at the borders with northern Cameroon and Nigeria. On all these fronts, CRT volunteers need to strengthen their operational capacities through various training programs and adapted tools. In addition, a set of sectoral strategies must be developed in order to better meet the expectations of target populations and donors.

Security remains the main challenge affecting the implementation of this operation.

According to the IFRC's security assessment report, several provinces are currently classified as high security phases. The provinces of Logone Oriental, Moyen-Chari, Batha and Salamat are classified as red zone zones, indicating severe access restrictions and high security risks. Tandjilé, Mayo-Kebbi East and Chari-Baguirmi are classified as orange zones, requiring prior authorization to access them. Only N'Djamena, classified as a yellow zone, offers relatively free access.

These classifications have direct implications for the planning and implementation of humanitarian responses. Access to the red and orange zones requires security clearance from the IFRC, which has significantly delayed deployment times and complicated the organization of human and logistical resources. Close coordination and continuous monitoring are essential to ensure operational efficiency while ensuring the safety of emergency personnel.

In addition, the fleet and communication tools must be adapted to meet the specific safety standards of each area. This includes ensuring that vehicles are properly equipped for emergency response and that communication systems are reliable and secure. Operational planning must also remain flexible in order to adapt to the changing security environment and maintain a rapid response capability.

B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY

Update on the strategy

The operation aims to meet the multisectoral needs of 389,000 most vulnerable people affected by the floods in eight (08) priority provinces, namely: Mayo-Kebbi East, Moyen-Chari, Tandjilé, Logone Oriental, N'Djamena, Chari-Baguirmi, Batha and Salamat.

This operation adopts an integrated and multisectoral approach to cover immediate and medium-term needs, mitigating urgent humanitarian challenges while sustainably strengthening the resilience of communities to shocks. The response of the Federation's members to this appeal is continuously adapted to limit the risk of deterioration of the humanitarian conditions of the population, while guaranteeing the safety of the responders. Initially, the operation was designed to be implemented in three phases: an immediate response phase (3 months), a post-emergency phase (3 months) and a transition phase (3 months).

However, due to some operational challenges which led to delays in the execution of activities, a readjustment of the operational timeframe was done. The first readjustment extended the implementation period to 15 months. However, this measure did not make it possible to implement all planned activities due to unforeseen delays, which had an impact on the duration of each phase of the operation. The extension at no additional cost requested will not only make it possible to continue adjusting the duration of the remaining two phases, but also to strengthen Community participation in capitalizing on the additional resources mobilized, through financing from the Italian Government and other related projects.

No major changes have been made to the operational strategy outside the implementation time of each phase. The CRT continues to implement activities in accordance with the revised detailed work plan.

DETAILED OPERATIONAL REPORT

STRATEGIC SECTORS OF INTERVENTION



Shelter, Housing and Settlements

People Affected

16,710

Females > 18 : **11,426**

Females < 18 : **9,349**

Male > 18: **9,580**

Male < 18: **8,843**

Objective:

Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, wellbeing and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
		<i># of households receiving shelter support.</i>	2,767
	<i># of households receiving emergency shelter and settlements assistance (including the distribution of EHI (3,766 households) and shelter assistance (2,767 households).</i>	6,533	6,541
	<i>% of respondents reporting that the shelter solution has contributed to their long-term recovery.</i>	90	100
	<i># of volunteers trained and deployed for data collection.</i>	160	160
	<i># of shelters built with the support of the Red Cross through the distribution of shelter kits that comply with local standards and technical support for the construction process.</i>	2,767	2,775
	<i># of empty sandbags purchased and distributed for the construction of traditional dikes to reinforce and protect existing homes that are still exposed to risks.</i>	8,000	8,000
	<i>% of displaced people with access to at least 3.5 square meters of covered living space.</i>	90	100
	<i>% of households reporting that non-food items (NFIs) met their priority needs.</i>	88	85
	<i># of people reached by raising awareness on building safe shelters with the PASSA approach</i>	39,198	39,198

As part of the Emergency Appeal, the CRT was able to acquire and distribute 1,000 kits of essential household items (EHI) to 1,000 households identified as the most vulnerable in 4 provinces. Each kit included: 2 blankets, 2 mosquito nets, 1 plastic mat (3 places), 1 tarpaulin, 1 sakane, 1 loincloth, 1 20-litre jerry can and 1 15-litre bucket. Hygiene essentials: 6 bath towels, 6 sanitary napkins, 5 women's underwear, 6 toothbrushes with toothpaste, 3 toilet soaps and 6 household soaps. The hygiene essentials were distributed to 1,000HHs.

PDM was carried out. 90% of the respondents reported that the shelter support contributed to their long-term recovery. 88% of the respondents also reported that the NFIs met their priority needs. The report is annexed to the present document.

Prior to the launch of the distributions, the Red Cross of Chad volunteers were trained on distribution techniques, as well as in PGI (Protection – Gender & Inclusion), CEA (Community Engagement and Accountability/CEA) approaches and the Chad Red Cross Code of Conduct, with a particular focus on the prevention of fraud and corruption, and on the prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA). All volunteers have signed the Code of Conduct. The training also focussed on the Dignity, Access, Participation, and Safety (DAPS) framework.

In close collaboration with the administrative authorities and community leaders, distribution points were set up to facilitate access for affected households.



Figure 2: Participants at the training workshop on safe shelter construction techniques, according to the PASSA (Participatory Approach for Safe Shelter Awareness) approach, Bongor, Mayo-Kebbi East province.

As part of the **Top Up Floods funded by DG ECHO**, the Red Cross Society of Chad also organised distributions of EHIs for the benefit of 125 other most vulnerable households in the province of Mayo-Kebbi-Est. As part of the flood response project funded by the Government of Italy, CRT has again assisted 600 most vulnerable households in the provinces of Logone Oriental and Tandjilé.

It should also be noted that more than 2,641 households had already benefited from EHI assistance in the first hours, thanks to the intervention of the CRT with the support of its partners in the Movement under the PP ECHO programme. In total, CRT has distributed a total of 3,766 kits of essential household items (EHIs) to 3,766 most vulnerable households in the provinces of Mayo Kebbi-Est, Moyen Chari, Batha, Salamat, Logone Oriental and Tandjilé.

60 emergency shelters have been built at the sites of Kournari (46) in Chari Baguirmi province and Basilica (14) in N'Djamena province with the support of the Flood Emergency Appeal. Also, the CRT has distributed 1,000 tarpaulins to 1000 households to contribute to the construction of emergency shelters. In addition, 125 semi-durable shelters have been built by volunteers and community members for the benefit of the most vulnerable households affected by the floods in Mayo Kebbi East province. The project provided the bricks and cement, while the communities contributed by providing sand, water and soil. The construction of these semi-sustainable shelters was supported by DG ECHO as part of the Top-up, and 600 households received 600 shelter kits as part

of the Italian government's funding. Regarding cash assistance for housing (Cash for Shelter/Rent), 982 beneficiaries were reached, i.e. a coverage rate of 98.2%. The distribution took place in two phases:

- Phase 1: each beneficiary received 40,000 FCFA
- Phase 2: The CRT combined the second and third phases into a single payment of 80,000 CFA francs per beneficiary.

In total, each beneficiary of housing assistance received 120,000 CFA francs. This coordinated effort illustrates CRT's commitment to providing rapid and effective cash assistance to the most vulnerable populations across Chad

• Finally, in the shelter sector, the CRT assisted **2,767** households affected by the floods through a range of interventions. This includes the construction of 60 emergency Shelters, provision of cash assistance for housing rental to 982 people, construction of 125 semi-permanent shelters, and distribution of 1,600 shelter tool kits. These interventions helped address immediate shelter needs while supporting households in their recovery efforts.



Figure 3: Semi-permanent shelters and latrines built for an elderly person who lost his or her home due to floods, Moudassi, Bongor (Mayo-Kebbi East province).

• In addition, 85 CRT volunteers, as well as community masons and carpenters, were trained in safe housing construction techniques according to the PASSA (Participatory Approach for Safe Shelter Awareness) approach. At the end of the training, these volunteers received tool kits including: a saw, a trowel, a water level, a hammer, a trowel and a 5 m digital tape measure.

• The Chad Red Cross distributed 8,000 empty bags to the provincial branches of N'Djamena, Chari-Baguirmi, Mayo-Kebbi East and Moyen-Chari. Filled with sand, these bags were used to erect protective dikes, positioned along the waterways to limit water overflows in certain localities. This operation was carried out with the contribution of local communities, who participated in filling the bags.

• During the Operation extension period, the following activities will be carried out:

- Procurement of 100 rehabilitation kits for the superstructures of shelters for populations affected by floods
- Mobilization/motivation of masons, carpenters, and workers trained in safe construction techniques for the technical support of households during reconstruction alongside volunteers
- Workshop to develop the NS Shelter & EHI Strategy



Figure 4: A person living with a disability happy to receive Essential Household Items (EHI) at the Bekondjo site, Logone Oriental Province.



Livelihoods and Multi-purpose Cash

People Affected	5,964
Female > 18: 1,532	Female < 18: 1,569
Male > 18: 1,414	Male < 18: 1,449

Objective:		<i>Households are provided with unconditional/multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs</i>	
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	<i># of households that received multi-purpose cash assistance (MCM)</i>	994	1,000
	<i># of households that received a cash grant for income-generating activities (IGAs), including vegetable production</i>	0	400
	<i># of households that received cash for food in Logone Oriental and Tandjilé provinces</i>	500	500
	<i># of households that received cash for food under the financing of the Top Up flood in Mayo Kebbi East province</i>	1,000	1,000
	<i># community self-help groups receiving technical and material support</i>	20	20
	<i># households reached through awareness-raising sessions/practical trainings on climate-smart agriculture</i>	200	200

Based on the criteria established during the beneficiary targeting process, 1,000 of the most vulnerable people were selected to receive multipurpose cash assistance (MPC). These beneficiaries are spread over four provinces: Mayo-Kebbi East (250), Moyen-Chari (250), Batha (250) and N'Djamena (250). The lists of selected beneficiaries were validated at community meetings and then forwarded to the financial service provider (PSF/FSP) by the National Society.

However, a major challenge remains. Many beneficiaries are elderly people who do not have a mobile phone or a SIM card. During registration, they provided the telephone numbers of relatives, often located far from their localities, which raises concerns about the effective and full receipt of assistance. This issue has been communicated to the PSF.

In response, the initially selected PSF (Airtel Money) committed to providing SIM cards to all beneficiaries and supporting the receipt of funds through teams deployed on the ground. However, two weeks after receiving the lists, Airtel Money informed the National Corporation of its inability to provide enough SIM cards for the 1,000 beneficiaries. The operator has offered to distribute SIM cards only to beneficiaries who have explicitly declared that they do not have a phone. This proposal was not accepted by the National Society, as many vulnerable beneficiaries had already provided the numbers of their relatives, with no guarantee that the funds would reach them.

As a result, the National Society has decided to change its financial service provider. Discussions have been initiated with Moov Africa, which has confirmed its ability to provide SIM cards to all beneficiaries and to support CRT teams in the field during the cash assistance distribution process. To date, a total of 994 beneficiaries have received a one-time payment of 95,000 CFA francs each, representing a coverage rate of 99.4% of the targeted beneficiaries for the MBM. The National Society renewed its agreement with the financial service provider (PSF/FSP). The selection process for the PSF was conducted in collaboration with the IFRC logistics team and the NorCap focal point based at the CRT. This process has been validated by the IFRC at the cluster and regional levels, and three financial partners were selected to support cash transfer activities across the country: Airtel Money and Moov Africa (mobile and direct cash transfers) as well as Express Union (direct cash transfers only). The agreements were signed by the various parties. The National Society then activated the PSF according to the network coverage in the intervention areas. The CRT has also set up a system based on QR codes.

Following this distribution, the CRT organised a post-distribution evaluation (PDM) to measure the level of satisfaction of beneficiaries and to analyse the use of the funds.

- As part of the financing of the Top Up Flood, the CRT was able to reach 1,000 of the most vulnerable households with the distribution of cash for food in the province of Mayo Kebbi East.
- In addition, with funding from the Government of Italy, CRT organized a cash distribution for 500 of the most vulnerable households in the provinces of Logone Oriental and Tandjilé. Each household received an amount of 48,000 CFA francs in one round.
- The Income Generating activities are planned to be implemented in June and July 2026 provided the Extension is granted.



Figure 5: A beneficiary receiving cash from Moov Africa staff in Sarh



Figure 6: A beneficiary from Fianga, Mayo Kebbi East province, receiving cash in the presence of CRT staff



Figure 7: A beneficiary from Logone Oriental receiving cash



Figure 8: An agricultural group that received a motor pump and agricultural equipment to strengthen their agricultural activity in the Province of Logone Oriental.

During the Operation extension period, the following activities will be implemented:

- Support for inputs and the revival of production for 200 women heads of households in market gardening.
- Support to HHs with cash grant for income-generating activities (IGAs), including vegetable production
- Support for inputs and the revival of the production for 100 fishermen
- Support for inputs and revival of production for 100 livestock farmers
- Training workshop/educational session for the 400 producers on livelihoods and production systems resilient to climate crises and disasters.

 Health & Care <i>(Mental Health and psychosocial support / Community Health / Medical Services)</i>	People Affected	69,433
	Female > 18: 1,541	Female < 18: 1,579
	Male > 18: 1,423	Male < 18: 1,457

Objective: *Strengthening holistic individual and community health of the population impacted through community level interventions and health system strengthening*

	Indicator	Actual	Target
Key indicators:	Mental Health and Psychosocial Support		
	<i>% of people reached through psychosocial support (PSS) activities</i>	0	60
	<i>% of people reached through first aid activities</i>	0	60
	<i># of branches that have received training materials in first aid and psychological first aid</i>	8	8
	<i># of people reached by first aid services</i>	00	100
	<i># of volunteers trained in first aid and psychological first aid in the branches</i>	160	160
	<i># members of isolated, hard-to-reach or remote communities who have received first aid</i>	0	1,000
	<i># members of isolated, hard-to-reach or remote communities who have received psychosocial support</i>	0	1,000
	<i># of people reached by health messages</i>	69,433	250,000
	<i># of referrals made to specialized MH services</i>	0	500
	<i># of people affected by vector control activities in emergency situations, including the distribution of mosquito nets</i>	2,000	2,000

<i>% of communities with coordinated roles and actions between stakeholders – Red Cross (SN), SBC focal points, health service providers</i>	85	80
<i>% of project communities with trained community volunteers and supervisors who have put into practice the CBHFA-ECV, CBS and epidemic response approaches</i>	90	90
<i># of communities receiving PSSBC services within the National Society and referred to health facilities for services</i>	20	22
<i>% of communities with improved knowledge of disease prevention and health promotion</i>	85	80
Medical Services		
<i># health centres with antimalarial and anti-inflammatory drugs, as well as sanitation kits to reduce the risk of exposure of vulnerable groups to other vector-borne diseases</i>	02	02
<i># of local health facilities supported for post-disaster repairs, the provision of equipment and medicines to ensure the delivery of medical services in emergency situations</i>	01	01
<i># of health centres that have received essential health equipment based on identified needs</i>	02	02

- A total of 160 volunteers (20 per province) were trained in first aid and psychosocial support (PSS). After the training, the volunteers carried out several activities, including the creation of safe and inclusive spaces in the Logone Oriental and Tandjilé provinces, the organization of awareness sessions on stress management and positive coping mechanisms, and the identification and referral of individuals with increased psychosocial needs to specialized and appropriate care services.
- The National Society has acquired and distributed 40 first aid kits, divided between the 8 targeted branches. Each branch received 5 kits for the volunteers' activities.
- 2,000 mosquito nets were procured and distributed to 1,000 most vulnerable households for vector control and malaria prevention, including for the most at-risk groups, including people with chronic diseases and communities most at risk.
- A total of 100 CRT volunteers has been trained in community surveillance in 4 provinces, including N'Djamena in Chari-Baguirmi, Moyen-Chari and Logone Oriental. The training of volunteers in SBC continues in the other 4 provinces. The volunteers trained in this way carried out awareness-raising sessions on health promotion in their respective localities.
- 69,433 people were sensitized to health promotion, including 35,410 women and 34,023 men.
- Surveillance of diseases with epidemic potential has made it possible to identify:




Figure 9: Front view of the Kournari Health Centre rehabilitated by the Red Cross of Chad

- 212 suspected cases of yellow fever
- 39 suspected cases of Measles
- 04 suspected cases of poliomyelitis
- 02 suspected cases of guinea worm
- 87 cases of diarrhoea

People identified with suspected cases of disease have been referred to the nearest health centers for better diagnosis and management. The Kournari Health Centers in Chari Baguirmi Province and Doba in Eastern Logone Province were equipped with antimalarial and anti-inflammatory drugs, as well as sanitation kits to help reduce the risk of exposure of vulnerable groups to other vector-borne diseases. The Kournari Health Centre in the province of Chari Baguirmi has been completely rehabilitated by the Red Cross Society of Chad, as part of post-disaster repair, in order to ensure the provision of medical services in emergency situations.

During the extension period, the NS will procure and distribute 500 mama kits.

 Water, Sanitation and Hygiene		People Affected	56,328
		Female > 18: 14,469	Female < 18: 14,822
		Male > 18: 13,357	Male < 18: 13,680
Objective:	<i>Ensure safe drinking water, proper sanitation, and adequate hygiene awareness of the communities during relief and recovery phases of the Emergency Operation, through community and organizational interventions</i>		
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	<i># of water points rehabilitated and disinfected in order to restore access to water for communities (boreholes and wells).</i>	22	37
	<i># of households that have improved their daily access to drinking water</i>	13,000	18,500
	<i>% of target population with access to an improved water source</i>	70	100
	<i># of emergency latrines built for displaced populations</i>	60	50
	<i># of households living in high-risk hygienic conditions that received disinfection kits</i>	2,000	2,000
	<i># of community committees and leaders who received sanitation kits</i>	80	80
	<i># of cleaning and sanitation campaigns carried out using the kits received</i>	560	800

# of volunteers trained in hygiene promotion, sanitation, waste management and key guidelines on domestic water treatment and conservation	160	160
# of people affected by hygiene promotion activities	53,715	389,000
% of sanitation infrastructure built and maintained by the target population	157	700
# of women and girls who received hygiene support	3,720	3,720

- The Red Cross Society of Chad identified 25 non-functional water points (fodder) as well as 3 boreholes per province. Of the 25 defective water points, 10 have been rehabilitated and disinfected, allowing 5,000 households to access drinking water. In addition, 2,000 households received bleach for water treatment, bringing the total number of households with access to safe drinking water to 7,000. Furthermore, with funding from the Italian government, the CRT has rehabilitated 10 more boreholes and built 2 new boreholes making a total of 20 rehabilitated boreholes and 2 new boreholes built giving access to drinking water to 13,000 people.
- The CRT has acquired and distributed 2,000 litres of bleach for home water treatment and 2,000 litres of cresyl. These products were distributed, along with demonstrations on their use, to 2,000 of the most vulnerable households living in areas of high health risk.
- In addition, the CRT acquired and distributed 80 sanitation kits consisting of wheelbarrows, garbage cans, pairs of boots, rakes, shovels, pickaxes, gloves and nasal masks. These kits were distributed to 80 community committees to strengthen environmental sanitation, clean-up operations and the elimination of breeding sites, through the organization of sanitation campaigns with the active participation of communities and local leaders. Ten kits were distributed per province during this first phase.
- Prior to the launch of WASH activities, 160 CRT volunteers (20 per province) were trained. These trained volunteers conducted awareness-raising sessions on hygiene promotion in affected communities. These sessions were combined with demonstrations of the use of water treatment products at home, solid waste management, handwashing techniques, and environmental cleaning.
- The CRT has developed image boxes to strengthen the capacities of volunteers in the implementation of these activities. The awareness-raising sessions were accompanied by the distribution of bleach and cresyl, with practical demonstration of their use.
- To date, 26,996 people have been reached through hygiene awareness activities, including 7,034 girls under the age of 18, 7,963 women over the age of 18, 6,377 boys under the age of 18, and 5,622 men over of 18.
- In addition, as part of the activities implemented by the Movement's partners during the flood top-up, 5,680 people were sensitized on hygiene and health promotion, including 2,816 women, 2,842 men and 22 people living with disabilities.
- Under the flood response project funded by the Government of Italy, 21,039 people (2,897 men, 4,319 women and 13,823 children) were reached.




Figure 10: Awareness campaign on hygiene promotion by CRT volunteers in Doba

- A total of **53,715** people were sensitized on hygiene promotion. These awareness-raising actions seem to have produced positive effects, insofar as the cholera epidemic currently observed in Chad has not affected the areas of intervention of the flood appeal.
- In addition, 3,720 women received dignity kits and hygiene items.
- With the support of DG ECHO, the CRT was able to build 157 family latrines in 5 villages in MKE province.

During the Operation extension period, the NS will conduct the following activities:

- Continuation of the rehabilitation of water points: 10 water points are rehabilitated out of the 25 identified
- Training of volunteers, masons and community workers (WASH committee etc) in SANPLAT construction techniques in addition to the training on safer construction
- Support for the construction of 400 SANPLAT latrines to support the recovery of the affected populations (materials and technical support, motivation)

 Protection, Gender and Inclusion	People Affected	56,328	
	Female > 18: 14,469	Female < 18:	14,822
	Male > 18: 13,357	Male < 18:	13,680
Objective:	<i>Communities identify the needs of the most at risk and particularly disadvantaged and marginalized groups, due to inequality, discrimination and other non-respect of their human rights and address their distinct needs</i>		
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	<i># of volunteers trained in protection, gender and inclusion (PGI) concepts, as well as child protection and well-being</i>	250	250
	<i># of people reached through awareness-raising sessions on ERP and sexual and gender-based violence (GBV)</i>	15,382	389,000
	<i># of survivors of sexual and gender-based violence identified and referred to appropriate services</i>	0	100
	<i># of staff trained in the Prevention of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA)</i>	45	50
	<i># of assessment conducted to understand local GBV referral systems, including for child protection cases</i>	4	8
	<i># of communities with trained volunteers and supervisors who have practiced safe referral mechanisms as well as the prevention and treatment of GBV (gender-based violence)</i>	15	15
<i># trusted leaders, influencers, and community groups committed to driving behaviour change initiatives within their communities</i>	60	60	

Before the launch of the targeting of beneficiaries, 160 volunteers (including 65 ladies & 95 males) were trained in the basics of PGI. The training focused on the DAPS framework, the prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA), as well as the Code of Conduct of the Red Cross Society of Chad. At the end of the training, the trained volunteers signed the Code of Conduct document. In addition, as part of the implementation of flood response activities funded by the Government of Italy, 60 CRT volunteers and supervisors were trained on safe referral mechanisms as well as GBV (gender-based violence) prevention and response, thus making a total of 250 CRT volunteers trained on PGI. Also, 60 trusted leaders, influencers and community groups were trained and engaged in driving behaviour change initiatives within their communities.

In addition, the CRT organized a training workshop in Moundou, bringing together staff and volunteers from 4 branches in the south of the country. For two days, the 30 participants (including 7 females & 23 males) were made aware of the PGI and CEA approaches. The CRT has also developed image boxes on ERP approaches to build the capacity of volunteers during awareness sessions. The trained volunteers carried out awareness-raising activities on ERP and child protection in their respective communities. To date, 14,162 people have been reached through these sessions, including: 202 girls under 18 years of age, 5,646 women over 18 years of age, 481 boys under 18 years of age and 7,833 men over 18 years of age.

Within 4 months of launching the operation, the CRT also carried out an assessment on gender-based violence (GBV) and child protection in 4 provinces: Mayo-Kebbi East, Logone Oriental, Tandjilé and Moyen-Chari. The report is currently being finalized. In addition, awareness-raising sessions on hygiene promotion and Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI) reached a total of 1,220 people, including 1,200 beneficiaries and 20 community leaders.

During the operation extension period, the NS will develop a "Safeguarding" policy Workshop to develop Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Child Protection/GBV and Protection, including Surveillance Pathway Mapping.



Community Engagement and Accountability

Objective:

Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster

	Indicator	Actual	Target
Key indicators:	<i># of local volunteers trained in risk communication, community engagement and accountability (CEA)</i>	160	160
	<i># of kick-off and advocacy workshops held with community stakeholders and local leaders</i>	15	15
	<i># of transparent and relevant communication channels established with communities and key stakeholders to build and maintain trust, ownership and acceptance</i>	6	6
	<i># of community members involved in post-disaster community engagement activities to better identify gaps in the response and</i>	230	230

ensure that recovery efforts are aligned with community priorities

Prior to the start of field activities, community meetings were held with community leaders and their members to present the components of the operation as well as the roles of communities before, during and after the implementation of activities. These meetings also established complaint management and recipient targeting committees. Thus, 15 complaints and beneficiary targeting committees have been created (one per intervention area). To date, a total of **2,204** community returns has been collected and processed. Further, 14 focus groups discussion have been held in the 4 provinces of the southern part of the country including Mayo Kebbi Est, Tandjile, Logone Oriental & Moyen Chari, gathering 150 people. The focus group discussions (FGDs) were conducted to gather qualitative insights on community needs, perceptions, and priorities, while ensuring meaningful participation of affected populations in the response. These discussions also supported the strengthening of community feedback and complaints mechanisms by providing a platform to capture concerns, identify gaps, and inform the adaptation of interventions. In addition, FGDs contributed to enhancing accountability, building trust with communities, and ensuring that programmes remain contextually relevant and responsive to community needs.

Prior to the targeting of beneficiaries, 160 volunteers (20 per province) were trained in the basic concepts of CEA, including a briefing on the Chad Red Cross Code of Conduct. The preparatory meeting focused on the prevention of fraud and corruption, as well as the(PSEA. All trained volunteers signed the Code of Conduct at the end of the session. They were also trained in the use of mobile phones and tablets for data collection through Kobo tools. In addition, a training workshop on the CEA and ERP approaches was organized in Moundou (Logone Occidental province), bringing together 30 participants, including staff and volunteers from the 4 targeted provinces in the south of the country.

The Chad Red Cross has set up 6 transparent and relevant communication channels to interact with communities, including:

- Home visits and communication via mass media,
- WhatsApp chat groups,
- Community meetings,
- Suggestion boxes,
- Exchanges with volunteers,
- And the use of community radios.

A total of 230 community members is involved in post-disaster community engagement activities to better identify gaps in the response, including 29 community leaders, 21 local authorities, 60 members of the targeting and complaint management committees, 60 members of local branches of the Red Cross, as well as 60 mayors and religious leaders.



Risk Reduction, climate adaptation and Recovery

Female > 18:

Female < 18:

Male > 18:

Male < 18:

Objective:

Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster

Indicator

Actual

Target

Key indicators:	# of people affected by disaster risk reduction (DRR) and climate change adaptation activities.	0	97,250
	# of community-based early warning systems established	28	120
	# of people reached through awareness-raising activities on the promotion of the construction of dikes and the digging of water circulation canals, in addition to the distribution of sandbags throughout the month	0	97,250
	# dissemination of key messages to raise awareness of the risks associated with climate change	0	1,600
	# of trees planted	2,000	2,000
	# of simulated flood evacuation exercises conducted with affected communities	2	2

The CRT used 8,000 empty bags filled with sand to build dikes along the banks to contain the overflow. This activity was carried out with the contribution of local communities, who participated in filling the bags.

A total of 2,000 seedlings were planted in the provinces of Logone Oriental and Mayo-Kebbi East. This activity benefited from the participation of the State's technical services, including the Provincial Delegates for the Environment in the two provinces, the mayors of Bongor and Doba, as well as members of the communities who undertook to ensure the maintenance of the seedlings.

Two simulation evacuation exercises in the event of flooding were carried out with the communities affected by the floods in the provinces of Mayo-Kebbi-Est and Logone Oriental.

The National Society is still collecting and analysing the data regarding the people affected by DRR and Climate change activities.

During the operation extension period, the NS will conduct the following activities:

- Organize the dissemination of DRR key messages for floods public awareness and education
- Community Support with Improved Cookstoves
- Awareness of the environment and practices and techniques for sustainable solutions/ Waste management/.
- Support for the constitution of pre-positioning stocks and emergency stock management at the level of recurrent risk branches
- Support to the PER Process



Figure 11: Reforestation operations in the province of Mayo Kebbi East in the presence of the Provincial Delegate of the Environment and members of the community

Enabling approaches



National Society Strengthening

Objective: <i>Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster</i>			
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	<i># of local CR branches affected by the floods, rehabilitated</i>	1	N/A
	<i># of people strengthened in supply chain management, including procurement processes, warehouse management and transport measures necessary for the implementation of planned humanitarian services in the eight provinces outside N'Djamena</i>	2	2
	<i># of volunteers and response teams reinforced through training and equipment</i>	710	710
	<i># of volunteers with visibility during the implementation of activities</i>	710	710
	<i># Vests, caps, t-shirts and vests produced to ensure the visibility of volunteers during the implementation of activities</i>	210	210
	<i># of staff recruited (salary coverage) in order to improve the implementation of the operation</i>	18	18
	<i># of staff and volunteers trained in the collection, processing and use of CBDRT data at the national level.</i>	120	120
	<i># working sessions held with National Society decision-makers to maintain ongoing dialogue and communication</i>	10	9
	<i># coordination meetings held with government agencies at the national and provincial levels to gain recognition of the role of the National Society, negotiate access and facilitate administrative procedures for effective aid delivery</i>	50	36

- The Provincial Committee of the CRT of Bongor in Mayo Kebbi East has benefited from the installation of solar panels for electrification.
- The capacities of the Chadian Red Cross Logistics Coordinator and the storekeeper have been strengthened thanks to the support provided by the Logistics and Procurement Surge Manager of the IFRC's Africa Regional Office, deployed as backup logisticians (Surge) to support the CRT.
- 600 volunteers of the Red Cross Society of Chad are covered by volunteer accident insurance through the IFRC system.
- 160 CRT volunteers were trained in CEA and PGI approaches as well as in the use of phones and tablets for beneficiary targeting via the Kobo tool. In addition, 160 volunteers have been trained in water, hygiene and sanitation (WASH) activities, 160 volunteers are trained in shelter and EHI activities, 100 volunteers trained in

the field of food security and livelihoods, and 100 volunteers trained in the field of community health. In addition, 30 staff members and volunteers of the National Society participated in the training workshop on the CEA and Protection.

- A total of 710 volunteers ensured the visibility of the Red Cross during the implementation of the activities. Volunteers consistently wore Red Cross visibility vests and bibs during all activities to ensure clear identification and visibility within the communities they served.
- A total of 10 working sessions were held with National Society decision-makers to discuss the implementation of activities, challenges encountered and to maintain continuous dialogue and communication.
- 50 coordination meetings were held, including: 31 weekly coordination meetings of the Movement organized at the headquarters of the provincial branch of Mayo-Kebbi East under the coordination of the President, with the participation of all the Movement's partners present in the province; 9 coordination meetings with the French Red Cross; 4 coordination meetings with the Movement's partners involved in the complementary intervention in Mayo-Kebbi East and 6 meetings with Italian Red Cross teams during the implementation of activities financed by the Italian Government in the provinces of Logone Oriental and Tandjilé.

As part of the implementation of the Emergency Appeal Flood Response activities, the CRT trained 60 volunteers in the collection, processing and use of CBDRT data. These trainings were held in Sarh in Moyen Chari province, Amtiman in Salamat province and Ati in Batha. In addition, with funding from the Italian Government, 60 volunteers have been trained on the BDRT in the Provinces of Logone Oriental and Tandjile. A total of 120 CRT volunteers benefited from the BDRT training in 5 provinces.

During the operational Extension period, the NS will conduct the following activities:

- o Setting up a multi-media room
- o Recruitment of a Consultant for the development of an online digital database of volunteers
- o Support for the establishment of a system for collecting, analysing, storing and disseminating data from programs and operations at the NS
- o Training for data collection.
- o BOCA and OCAC Evaluation



Coordination and Partnerships

Objective:	<i>Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster</i>		
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	<i># of external partnerships supporting the National Society in the response</i>	5	5
	<i># regular coordination mechanisms established with all the Movement's partners</i>	50	36

The IFRC deployed additional staff (Surge) in September and October 2024 to support the development of the implementation plan and the launch of activities. The IFRC also maintains regular communication with PNS, both inside and outside the country.

The IFRC has also coordinated its activities with external actors, including the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), the World Food Programme (WFP), the Government of Chad, the Government of British Columbia, the United Nations World Food Programme (WFP), the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), as well as with UNHCR and the country office of DG ECHO.

Following the publication of the Emergency Appeal, the IFRC held meetings with partners, allowing the CRT and IFRC clusters in CAR and Chad to mobilize support from the IFRC's global network.



Secretariat Services

Objective:	<i>Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster</i>		
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	<i># of IFRC national staff members in the Chad office</i>	6	6
	<i># of international staff deployed to support the launch of the Flood Appeal in Chad</i>	4	4



Environmental sustainability

People affected:	0
Female > 18:	Female < 18:
Male > 18:	Male < 18:

Objective:	<i>Contributions to climate change mitigation are achieved by implementing solutions that build environmental resilience</i>		
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Key indicators:	Indicator	Current	Target
	<i># of households that received improved cookstoves</i>	0	100

The stoves have been purchased by the NS Logistic department. The distribution is planned to take place in June 2026.

C. FUNDING

		Income CHF	% coverage
IFRC Secretariat funding requirement: CHF 4M			
American Red Cross		CHF 264,514	
European Commission – DG ECHO		CHF 188,146	
Japan Red Cross Society		CHF 28,432	
Swiss Government		CHF 1,000,000	
The Canadian Red Cross Society		CHF 99,517	
The Netherlands Red Cross		CHF 277,566	
Total multilateral hard pledges + soft pledges		CHF 1,858,175	
DREF grant allocation	CHF 1,000,000		
Grand total income including DREF grant		CHF 2,858,175	

It is also worth noting that additional funding was received: **EUR 500 000** from DG ECHO for the top-up, as well as a **EUR 800 000** contribution from the Italian Government for the response to the floods in Chad.

The attached interim financial report covers the period from the initiation of the operation until May 2026. However, due to some financial coding issues, the variance reflects a negative figure (**CHF -102,962**). The IFRC Finance team is currently working on the clearance of the deficit and variance observed on the attached report. The revised version of the report will be issued during the extension period, and no additional costs will be booked to the Appeal.

Contact information

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

In the Chadian National Society

- **Secretary General** Mbondobe Doumkel, sg@croixrougedutchad.org ; +235 66 614 968
- **Operational coordination:** Mahamat Ahmat Brahim; dm.crtchad@gmail.com +235 66 211 070

In the IFRC

- **Head of IFRC CAR & Chad Country Cluster Delegation:** Dr Benjamin ADINOYI ADEIZA; adinoyi.adeiza@ifrc.org
- **IFRC Country Cluster Support Team:** Léonce-OMER MBOUMA, leonceomer.mbouma@ifrc.org ; +235 69 717 966

For IFRC Resource Mobilization and Pledges support:

- **IFRC Regional Office for Africa: Franciscah Cherotich Kilel** email: franciscah.kilel@ifrc.org; +254 712 867699
- **IFRC Country Cluster Delegation:** Clovis Tougma; Delegate, Strategic Partnerships; clovis.tougma@ifrc.org;

For In-Kind donations and Mobilization table support:

- **Global Logistics Services** - Nikola Jovanovic, Acting Regional Head, Global Humanitarian Services email: nikola.jovanovic@ifrc.org; +41 78 305 5327

Reference documents



Click [here](#) for:

- Emergency Appeal and Operations Updates
- Operational Strategy

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief, the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable, to **Principles of Humanitarian Action** and **IFRC policies and procedures**. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

Operational Strategy

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2024/9-2026/5	Operation	MDRTD024
Budget Timeframe	*	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 23 Jun 2026

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRTD024 - Chad - Flood

Operating Timeframe: 12 Sep 2024 to 30 Jun 2026; appeal launch date: 12 Sep 2024

I. Emergency Appeal Funding Requirements

Total Funding Requirements	4,000,000
Donor Response* as per 23 Jun 2026	1,858,175
Appeal Coverage	46.45%

II. IFRC Operating Budget Implementation

Planned Operations / Enabling Approaches	Op Budget	Expenditure	Variance
PO01 - Shelter and Basic Household Items	480,066	630,323	-150,257
PO02 - Livelihoods	212,805	329,659	-116,854
PO03 - Multi-purpose Cash	0	249,653	-249,653
PO04 - Health	100,170	238,939	-138,769
PO05 - Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	160,110	164,465	-4,355
PO06 - Protection, Gender and Inclusion	48,474	187,706	-139,232
PO07 - Education	0	0	0
PO08 - Migration	0	0	0
PO09 - Risk Reduction, Climate Adaptation and Recovery	1,122,597	878,296	244,302
PO10 - Community Engagement and Accountability	36,158	39,254	-3,096
PO11 - Environmental Sustainability	0	775	-775
Planned Operations Total	2,160,381	2,719,069	-558,689
EA01 - Coordination and Partnerships	2,869	-141,085	143,954
EA02 - Secretariat Services	307,683	486,018	-178,335
EA03 - National Society Strengthening	386,320	-103,788	490,108
Enabling Approaches Total	696,872	241,146	455,726
Grand Total	2,857,253	2,960,215	-102,962

III. Operating Movement & Closing Balance per 2026/05

Opening Balance	0
Income (includes outstanding DREF Loan per IV.)	2,858,175
Expenditure	-2,960,215
Closing Balance	-102,040
Deferred Income	0
Funds Available	-102,040

IV. DREF Loan

* not included in Donor Response	Loan :	1,000,000	Reimbursed :	0	Outstanding :	1,000,000
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Operational Strategy

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2024/9-2026/5	Operation	MDRTD024
Budget Timeframe	*	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 23 Jun 2026

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRTD024 - Chad - Flood

Operating Timeframe: 12 Sep 2024 to 30 Jun 2026; appeal launch date: 12 Sep 2024

V. Contributions by Donor and Other Income

Opening Balance							0
Income Type	Cash	InKind Goods	InKind Personnel	Other Income	TOTAL	Deferred Income	
American Red Cross	264,514				264,514		
DREF Response Pillar				1,000,000	1,000,000		
European Commission - DG ECHO	188,146				188,146		
Japanese Red Cross Society	28,432				28,432		
Swiss Government	1,000,000				1,000,000		
The Canadian Red Cross Society (from Canadian Gov	99,517				99,517		
The Netherlands Red Cross (from Netherlands Govern	277,566				277,566		
Total Contributions and Other Income	1,858,175	0	0	1,000,000	2,858,175	0	
Total Income and Deferred Income					2,858,175	0	