

## Cameroon | Food Insecurity Response

**Emergency appeal No:** MDRCM042 Emergency  
 appeal launched: 26/02/2026 Operational  
 Strategy published: 01/04/2026

**Glide No:**  
 NA

**Operation update:** 6 months update

Date of issue: 20/10/2026

**Timeframe covered by this update:**

From 26/02/2026 to 02/09/2026

**Operation timeframe: 18 months**

(26/02/2026 - 31/08/2027)

**Number of people being assisted:** 330,000 people

(2,992 households reached through Round 1, 2 and 3 MPCA, making it 27,094 direct and indirect beneficiaries)

**Funding requirements (CHF):**

CHF 9.6 million for the IFRC Secretariat Ask

**DREF amount initially allocated:**

CHF 999,855

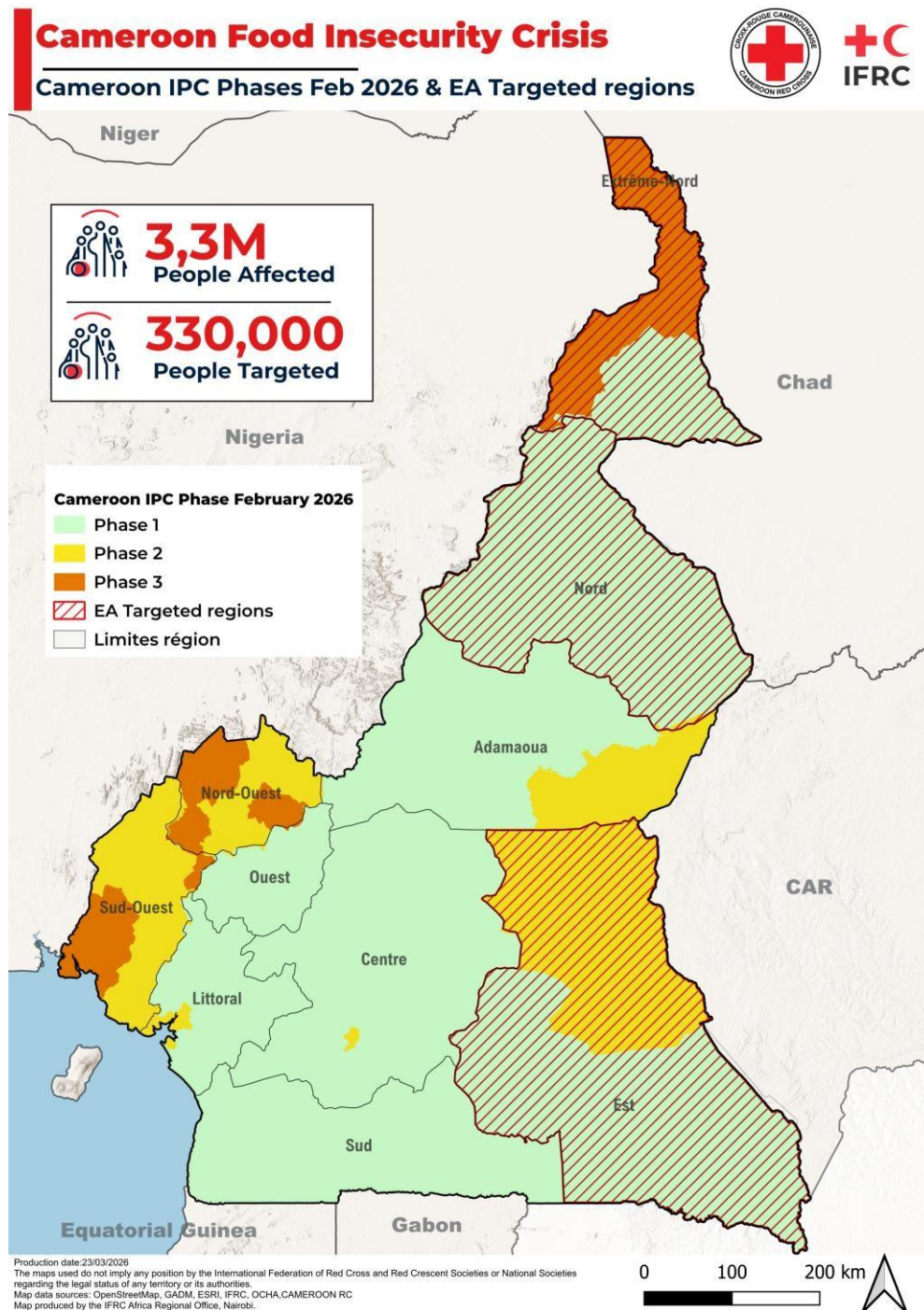


*A person in Yagoua displays cash assistance received through the operation.. (Photo by IFRC Comms)*

*To date, this Emergency Appeal, which seeks CHF 9.6m, is 11% funded. Further funding contributions are needed to enable the National Societies in the region, with the support of the IFRC, to scale up humanitarian assistance to people affected by food insecurity*

## A. SITUATION ANALYSIS

### Description of the crisis



Cameroon continues to face a deepening food and nutrition insecurity crisis driven by structural poverty, recurrent climate shocks, localised insecurity, displacement, and declining purchasing power. According to Cadre Harmonisé projections (March–October 2025), more than 1.67 million people require food assistance in 2026, while approximately 535,000 need nutrition assistance. Malnutrition among children under five remains severe, with 29% chronic malnutrition, 11% moderate acute malnutrition, and 3.1% severe acute malnutrition. Infant and young child feeding practices remain inadequate, with only 32.4% of children aged 6–23 months receiving a minimum acceptable diet.

During the reporting period (3 April–6 July 2026), food and nutrition insecurity remained severe across the Far North, North and East regions as the lean season intensified. Household food stocks continued to decline, while rising food prices and high market dependence placed additional pressure on vulnerable households. Nutrition concerns also remained significant, particularly among children under five and pregnant and lactating women, with limited access to nutrition services in remote and insecure areas. Displaced households continued to experience heightened food insecurity and protection risks, particularly in the Far North.

Compared to the previous reporting period, food insecurity conditions remain largely unchanged at critical levels. Continued reliance on market purchases, reduced household purchasing power, persistent displacement, and prolonged lean season pressures have limited meaningful recovery among affected populations.

These developments reinforced, rather than changed, operational priorities. The Far North remains prioritized for cash and livelihood assistance, while WASH and cholera-prevention activities were strengthened in the North. Round 1, 2 and 3 multipurpose cash assistance reached 2,992 households (27,094 people), while continued market monitoring remained important to protect the purchasing power of cash assistance. The scale-up of further cash, livelihoods, WASH, health and nutrition interventions remains dependent on additional funding.

To date, this Emergency Appeal, which seeks CHF 9.6m, remains 11 per cent funded. Further funding contributions are needed to enable the National Societies in the region, with the support of the IFRC, to scale up preparedness efforts and provide continued humanitarian assistance and protection to people affected by food insecurity.

## Summary of response

Since the last operational update, the Cameroon Food Insecurity Emergency Appeal has achieved a major operational milestone. The successful completion of Round 1, 2 and 3 multipurpose cash assistance across all three targeted localities. A total of 2,992 of the 3,000 targeted households were reached for the three rounds, representing 27,094 individuals, with each household received XAF 57,000 during each of the

three cash distributions. For round 1, distributions were completed in Mokolo (1,193 HH / 11,668 individuals), Mora (898 HH / 6,841 individuals), and Yagoua (899 HH / 8,585 individuals), for round 2 and 3 in Mokolo (1,196 HH / 11,871 individuals), Mora (900 HH / 6,840 individuals), and Yagoua (896 HH / 8,383 individuals), and were conducted under very good conditions with no major incidents reported.

The Yagoua distribution required an adapted, phased voucher-then-cash approach following the community resistance encountered at Vada (reported in the previous update). This approach strengthened beneficiary verification, enabling early identification of 30 absentee households during the voucher phase, who were subsequently followed up by community leaders and volunteers ahead of cash disbursement.

With Round 1, 2 and 3 MPCA completed, 2,992 households (27,094 people) were reached in Mokolo, Mora and Yagoua. A combined Post-Distribution Monitoring (PDM) covering the Emergency Appeal MPCA caseload and the DREF Kolofata caseload has also been completed in coordination with the ICRC, for rounds 1 only with findings informing subsequent programming and potential future cash distributions. The MPCA response was supported by 64 CRC volunteers, while 34 volunteers and two supervisors were mobilized for WASH activities. The final PDM is currently at its planning stage

WASH activities supported through DREF have focused on cholera prevention in two health areas, Doumo and Mayo Oulo. Risk mapping was used to identify priority locations and high-risk water sources, while key prevention measures included disinfection of high-risk water sources and affected households/locations, procurement and use of chlorine and PPE, and hygiene promotion reaching 7,230 people (3,397 men and 3,833 women). Three Oral Rehydration Points were also identified and validated. The exact number of priority zones identified should be confirmed with the WASH team, as this is not specified in the current report.

## Response achievements

**3 of 3 cash assistance rounds completed**

**2,992 households**

99.7% of the 3,000-household target



**27,094**

**people reached with MPCA**

Despite severe funding constraints



**98%**

**satisfied with cash assistance**

Beneficiary survey finding



**99%**

**safe and dignified access to assistance**

Reported by respondents



**7,230**

**people reached**

Cholera prevention and hygiene promotion



**34**

**staff and volunteers trained**

PGI and PSEA



**1,039**

**feedback cases managed**

Community feedback mechanisms operational

The CHF 999,855 DREF allocation supports the initial life-saving phase of the broader Emergency Appeal, enabling urgent cash, WASH, health and nutrition interventions while additional resources are mobilised. With the CHF 9.6 million Appeal currently only 11% funded, implementation remains phased: available resources have prioritised MPCA in the Far North and targeted WASH/cholera activities in the North, while wider geographic expansion and planned livelihoods, WASH, health/nutrition activities and any second cash round depend on additional funding. IFRC and CRC continue donor engagement, communications and humanitarian diplomacy to mobilise resources and enable further scale-up.

### **Overview of the host National Society and ongoing response**

Cameroon Red Cross Society (CRC) was established in 1960 and officially recognised as an organisation of public utility in 1963. As an auxiliary to the public authorities in the humanitarian field, the CRC is formally integrated into the national disaster response management system and is regularly called upon by the Ministry of Health for community-based activities including awareness-raising, screening, and surveillance. The CRC maintains a presence across all ten regions of the country, with 58 branches, 320 local units, 148 staff, and approximately 105,000 volunteers, enabling broad access to affected and hard-to-reach communities.

In response to the current crisis, the CRC has mobilised rapidly across multiple fronts. Staff and volunteers have been deployed to the Far North region to begin identification and registration of households for multipurpose cash distribution. WASH activities initiated under the DREF are progressing, with a focus on cholera prevention in the North region. Specifically, cholera risk mapping has been completed in Doumo and Mayo Oulo health areas, with priority zones identified in coordination with district health authorities.

Community water points have been mapped and risk-classified, with high-risk sources disinfected according to WASH standards. A total of 34 volunteers and 2 supervisors were mobilised for two weeks of hygiene promotion activities, reaching 7,230 people (3,397 men and 3,833 women) through door-to-door visits, focus group discussions, and mass awareness sessions. Three Oral Rehydration Points have been identified and validated through participatory community meetings. Chlorine and PPE have been procured, with household disinfection of suspected and confirmed cholera cases ongoing. Standard Operating Procedures have been finalised in alignment with national infection prevention and control guidelines.

**More details are held in Section C. Detailed Operational Report.**

## **Needs analysis**

Despite ongoing humanitarian efforts, current responses remain insufficient to match the scale, severity, and multi-sectoral nature of food insecurity and vulnerability across the assessed localities. Evidence from the CRC assessment highlights persistent gaps across food security, nutrition, WASH, livelihoods, protection, and community engagement, which continue to undermine households' ability to meet basic needs, protect livelihoods, and recover from recurrent shocks.

### **Food Security and Cash-Based Assistance**

Existing food and cash interventions remain inadequate in coverage, duration, and transfer value relative to the

magnitude of needs. Assessment results confirm that 84% of households have poor or borderline Food Consumption Scores and 78% experience moderate to severe hunger, reflecting a widespread inability to meet minimum food consumption requirements despite ongoing support. Gaps are most pronounced in Logone-et-Chari, Mayo-Danay, Mayo-Sava, and Mayo-Tsanaga in the Far North, and in Kadey in the East, where repeated climatic and economic shocks have severely eroded coping capacity. High market dependence compounds these gaps: 68% of households rely primarily on food purchases while 68% report no food stocks, leaving them acutely exposed to price volatility and income shocks. This is particularly critical in the urban and peri-urban areas of Maroua, Kousseri, Mokolo, and Bertoua, and in conflict-affected divisions where income opportunities remain severely constrained. Similar patterns are evident in Bénoué and Mayo-Louti in the North. Market-based responses remain under-scaled and insufficiently adapted to seasonal and geographic variation; in flood-affected divisions such as Logone-et-Chari and Mayo-Danay, intermittent supply and rising prices reduce the effectiveness of cash modalities and reinforce reliance on harmful coping strategies.

## **Nutrition**

Nutrition responses are significantly under-scaled relative to needs, particularly for children under five and pregnant and lactating women in food-insecure and displacement-affected areas. Assessment findings show that 71% of households consume four or fewer food groups, indicating critically low dietary diversity. The most severe gaps are in Logone-et-Chari, Mayo-Sava, Mayo-Tsanaga, and Kadey, where recurrent shocks and limited access to diverse foods converge. In the North, gaps in dietary diversity and access to maternal and child nutrition services are also reported in Bénoué and Faro, reflecting structural service limitations and household poverty. Only 29% of households report access to maternal and child nutrition services, with coverage most limited in remote rural areas, insecure divisions, and Far North flood plains where weak service availability and access constraints impede early detection and timely response to malnutrition. Insufficient linkages between food assistance, community-based nutrition services, and behaviour change activities further limit the effectiveness of prevention efforts.

## **Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH)**

WASH access gaps continue to undermine health and food utilization outcomes across all targeted regions. Only 62% of households have access to improved water sources, 44% use improved sanitation facilities, and 47% report regular handwashing with soap, exposing households particularly children and pregnant and lactating women to recurrent disease and nutrition-related risks. Gaps are most acute in the flood-prone divisions of the Far North (Logone-et-Chari, Mayo-Danay), structurally underserved divisions of the North (Mayo-Louti, Faro), and remote and conflict-affected areas of the East (Kadey), where infrastructure damage, displacement, and limited-service delivery persist. WASH interventions remain insufficiently integrated with food security and nutrition responses, limiting their contribution to improved nutritional outcomes. Seasonal flooding, water source contamination, and poor sanitation further compound risks, particularly in Far North flood plains and low-lying areas. Current responses lack the scale, flexibility, and anticipatory focus required to address climate-related WASH vulnerabilities and reduce disease-driven malnutrition risks.

## **Livelihoods Protection and Early Recovery**

Livelihood protection measures remain limited and insufficient to prevent further erosion of household productive assets and coping capacity. Needs assessment conducted in February 2026 by the Cameroon Red Cross together

with IFRC, ICRC and French Red Cross shows that 55% of households exhibit high reduced Coping Strategy Index (rCSI) levels and 38% have adopted stress or crisis livelihood coping strategies, including the sale of productive assets, consumption of seed stocks, and reduced expenditure on health and education. These patterns are most prevalent in the agricultural and agropastoral zones of Mayo-Sava and Mayo-Danay in the Far North, and Bénoué and Mayo-Louti in the North, as well as in conflict-affected rural areas where repeated shocks have severely disrupted livelihoods. Early recovery and livelihood restoration interventions remain under-funded and weakly linked to emergency assistance, limiting households' ability to rebuild income-generating activities between shocks. Households in recurrently affected divisions across the Far North, North, and East consequently remain trapped in cycles of short-term emergency assistance without sustainable recovery pathways.

### **Protection, Gender, and Inclusion (PGI)**

Protection risks linked to food insecurity, displacement, and household indebtedness remain inadequately addressed. Displaced households, representing 11.5% of the assessed sample, consistently present worse outcomes across food consumption, hunger, and coping indicators. Women particularly female-headed households face compounded barriers related to safety, restrictive social norms, and unequal access to assistance, especially in insecure and hard-to-reach areas. Female-headed households, People with disabilities, IDPs, and refugees are the groups most exposed to food insecurity, and their structural economic vulnerability, combined with limited access to land, basic services, and humanitarian assistance, significantly increases protection risk exposure. The most vulnerable households resort to negative coping strategies with serious protection implications, including survival sex, reduced spending on health and education, and engagement in high-risk or exploitative activities. Adolescent girls, women, and boys face heightened risks of violence, school dropout, sexual exploitation and abuse, and limited access to GBV and sexual and reproductive health services. Discriminatory social and cultural norms further heighten exclusion risks for women and persons with disabilities, while the inconsistent integration of protection risk analysis into targeting and delivery mechanisms increases the likelihood of exclusion errors and unintended harm.

### **Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA)**

Community engagement and accountability mechanisms remain uneven across assessed areas. Information sharing on targeting criteria, assistance modalities, and timelines is inconsistent, contributing to confusion, unmet expectations, and reduced community trust. Feedback and complaints mechanisms are not systematically functional or accessible, limiting communities' ability to influence and improve the response. Community feedback is insufficiently analyzed and used to inform adaptive programming, reducing responsiveness to evolving needs and local priorities. Strengthening two-way communication and accountability remains essential to improving programme quality, acceptance, and effectiveness.

### **Operational risk assessment**

No significant changes to the overall operational risk context have been recorded since the Emergency Appeal launch. The risks identified in the Appeal document remain valid and are being actively monitored. The following constraints continue to shape implementation planning.

### **Access and Security**

Access and security constraints remain significant across the Far North, particularly in Logone-et-Chari, Mayo-Sava, and Mayo-Tsanaga, where insecurity is linked to non-state armed groups and ongoing conflict restricts movement, disrupts markets, and limits the regular presence of humanitarian actors. Access in these areas remains unpredictable and requires continuous context monitoring, strong community acceptance strategies, and flexible operational planning. Security clearance requirements apply to all IFRC personnel deploying to areas rated red under the IFRC security colour code.

### **Climate and Logistics**

Seasonal flooding, poor road infrastructure, and community isolation particularly in Mayo-Danay and Logone-et-Chari in the Far North, Kadey in the East, and remote localities in the North-West and South-West risk delaying assistance delivery, increasing transport costs, and reducing market supply during the upcoming rainy season. With the lean season projected to begin as early as April 2026, anticipatory planning, contingency arrangements, and pre-positioning of inputs are being prioritized where feasible.

### **Market Volatility and Inflation**

Market volatility and inflation continue to pose persistent challenges to cash-based interventions across all targeted regions. Rapid price increases in market-dependent urban and peri-urban areas and in conflict-affected areas of the North-West and South-West risk eroding the purchasing power of cash transfers if transfer values are not regularly adjusted. Continuous market monitoring and adaptive transfer value setting remain essential to maintaining the relevance and effectiveness of cash modalities.

### **Institutional and Capacity Constraints**

Limited coverage and functionality of basic services in remote, flood-prone, and conflict-affected areas of the Far North, North, and East continue to constrain delivery capacity. The operation's reliance on volunteer-based systems requires adequate duty-of-care measures, supervision, and surge support to sustain service delivery at the required scale. While the CRC's strong community acceptance and extensive volunteer network represent a comparative advantage, current resources remain insufficient relative to the scale and severity of needs.

### **Mitigation Measures**

These risks are being addressed through flexible and phased programming, regionally adapted security management, anticipatory and seasonal planning, and regular market and context monitoring. Strong coordination with local authorities, the ICRC, and humanitarian partners enables timely adjustments to modalities, targeting, and operational approaches as conditions evolve. No formal risk level upgrade is recommended at this stage, though the security situation in the Far North and the pace of lean season onset will continue to be closely monitored.

## **B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY**

### **Update on the strategy**

The overall Operational Strategy remains valid, including its objectives, priority sectors, target population and

geographic focus across the Far North, North and East regions. However, implementation has been phased and reprioritised in line with available funding. With the Appeal currently only 11% funded, available resources have been concentrated on immediate life-saving interventions, notably Round 1, 2 and 3 MPCA in the Far North and targeted WASH/cholera-prevention activities in the North. Consequently, planned livelihoods, nutrition and broader WASH interventions across the three target regions have not yet progressed at the scale originally envisaged.

The strategy itself therefore remains unchanged, but the pace, sequencing and geographic scale of implementation have been adjusted. Further scale-up, including livelihoods, expanded WASH, health/nutrition activities and any additional cash distribution round, will depend on additional resource mobilisation.

## **Prioritization**

The operation initially prioritized immediate life-saving assistance through the DREF, which was scaled up from the initial CHF 150,000 assessment allocation to CHF 999,855. Under the initial DREF plan, MPCA targeted 2,100 households (12,600 people), alongside integrated WASH, health and nutrition interventions. Following the scale-up and approval of the broader Emergency Appeal Operational Strategy, the MPCA target was revised to 72,000 people, superseding the initial DREF cash target.

Under this revised framework, round 1, 2 and 3 of cash targeted 3,000 households, of which 2,992 households (27,094 people) were reached across Mokolo, Mora and Yagoua. The remaining MPCA caseload towards the 72,000-person target will be reached progressively, subject to additional funding. The Far North remains prioritized for cash and livelihood support, while WASH, health and nutrition interventions are being phased across the Far North, North and East regions according to available resources.

## C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL REPORT

### STRATEGIC SECTORS OF INTERVENTION

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                               |                     |                     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|  <b>Livelihoods</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                               | Female > 18: 14,400 | Female < 18: 10,080 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                               | Male > 18: 13,440   | Male < 18: 10,080   |
| <b>Objective:</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <i>Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods</i>                                |                     |                     |
| <b>Key indicators:</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>Indicator</b>                                                                                                                              | <b>Target</b>       | <b>Actual</b>       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | # of assessment reports produced and shared with relevant stakeholders                                                                        | 4                   | 1                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | # of People receiving Livelihood assistance                                                                                                   | 48,000              | 0                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | # of people meeting their essential food and other basic needs (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability)                                    | 48,000              | 1,551               |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | % of people meeting their essential food and other basic needs (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability)                                    | 80%                 | 49%                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | % of people protecting key livelihood inputs and assets prior to and early into a disaster/crisis (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability) | 75%                 | 0%                  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | % of households employing no negative food-related and livelihood-based coping strategies (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability)         | 70%                 | 0%                  |
| <p>Livelihood-specific activities under the Emergency Appeal have not yet commenced; therefore, no households have received dedicated livelihood assistance to date. The reported actual of 1,551 people and the 49% outcome result do not represent recipients of livelihood-specific interventions. These results were captured through the Post-Distribution Monitoring (PDM) of the completed multipurpose cash assistance (MPCA) and reflect households reporting that the cash received contributed to meeting essential needs and improving aspects of their livelihood situation. The figures therefore represent an indirect livelihood outcome of MPCA rather than direct livelihood assistance.</p> |                                                                                                                                               |                     |                     |

Preparations for dedicated livelihood interventions are progressing. The assessment conducted under the initial DREF across 16 municipalities in the Far North, North and East regions continues to inform targeting, modality selection and intervention design. Coordination through the Technical Working Group has strengthened alignment of response approaches, including the definition of the Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB) for livelihood support.

CVA and Information Management surge capacity has supported programme design, data management and monitoring, while procurement and Financial Service Provider arrangements for the planned livelihood interventions are being advanced. Dedicated livelihood activities will be progressively implemented as additional resources become available, prioritising the most vulnerable households in line with the phased implementation framework of the Operational Strategy.



## Multi-purpose Cash

Female > 18: 21,600

Female < 18: 15,120

Male > 18: 20,160

Male < 18: 15,210

### Objective:

*Restore and stabilize access to food and essential basic needs for households facing severe economic access constraints, through timely, adequate, and flexible cash-based assistance in areas where markets are functioning but unaffordable, to reduce acute hunger, prevent further asset depletion, and limit negative coping strategies*

### Key indicators:

| Indicator                                                                                                                                   | Target | Actual |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| # of people reached with Multipurpose Cash distribution                                                                                     | 72,000 | 27,094 |
| % of surveyed people whose households received cash transfers / vouchers are satisfied with the amount received                             | 80%    | 98%    |
| # of people reached with timely and relevant CVA to sustain consumption and production (disaggregated by sex, age and disability)           | 72,000 | 27,094 |
| % of households reporting that cash assistance met their priority food and basic needs                                                      | 90%    | 49%    |
| % of households reporting timely, safe, and dignified access to cash assistance                                                             | 90%    | 99%    |
| % of households reporting appropriate (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability) use of cash assistance without increased protection risks | 90%    | 99%    |

**Note:** Percentage actuals are based on Round 1 cash recipients/respondents assessed through the PDM and should not be interpreted as progress against the overall 72,000-person MPCA target. Round 2 and 3 PDM will be jointly conducted.



CRC volunteers conducting cash verification and distribution in the Far North region of Cameroon (Photo credit CRC)

Three rounds of multipurpose cash assistance were successfully completed across the three targeted localities, reaching 2,992 households (27,094 people), or 99.7% of the planned target of 3,000 households. This demonstrates strong operational capacity despite funding constraints, access limitations and community acceptance challenges.

Each household received XAF 57,000 for each round, in line with the response plan and the jointly validated Minimum Expenditure Basket.

Mokolo: 1,193/1,200 HH (11,668 people); Mora: 898/900 HH (6,841 people); and Yagoua: 899/900 HH (8,585 people) for round 1, for round 2 and 3, in Mokolo (1,196 HH / 11,871 individuals), Mora (900 HH / 6,840 individuals), and Yagoua (896 HH / 8,383 individuals). Note that these were the same beneficiaries for all the three rounds of cash distribution.

A Post-Distribution Monitoring (PDM) exercise was conducted following Round 1 to assess the relevance, use, safety and satisfaction with the cash assistance. The report indicates 98% satisfaction rate relates specifically to Round 1 cash recipients assessed through the PDM and does not represent achievement against the overall MPCA target of 72,000 people. Similarly, 99% of households reporting appropriate use of cash assistance without increased protection risks represents the outcome among Round 1 recipients assessed and not the total population expected to receive MPCA. The overall MPCA target remains 72,000 people, of whom 27,094 have been reached through Round 1, 2 and 3. The final PDM is being planned.



## Water, Sanitation and Hygiene

Female > 18: 9,000

Female < 18: 69,300

Male > 18: 92,400

Male < 18: 69,300

### Objective:

*Reduce morbidity and nutrition-related health risks among food- insecure households by improving access to safe water, hygiene practices, and basic sanitation, thereby strengthening food utilization and preventing disease-related deterioration of nutritional status.*

### Key indicators:

#### Indicator

#### Target

#### Actual

# of handwashing facilities available.

20

0

% of houses and places where cases of cholera were detected that were disinfected.

100

55%

# of people (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability) reached with relevant WASH messages.

330,000

7,230

# of people (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability) reached with relevant essential household item kits.

120,000

0

% of targeted households (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability) with access to safe drinking water meeting minimum standards.

75%

40%

% of people (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability) demonstrating appropriate hygiene practices (e.g. handwashing with soap at critical times).

75%

65%

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |     |     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|
| % of people (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability) with access to essential hygiene items                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 75% | 65% |
| <p>WASH activities initiated under the DREF operation are progressing, with a current focus on cholera prevention in the North region. Key achievements to date include:</p> <p>Cholera risk mapping has been completed in Doumo and Mayo Oulo health areas, with priority zones identified in coordination with district health authorities. Community water points have been mapped, risk-classified, and high-risk sources disinfected in line with WASH standards. Standard Operating Procedures have been finalised in alignment with national infection prevention and control guidelines to ensure safe and consistent disinfection practices. Chlorine and PPE have been procured, with household disinfection of suspected and confirmed cholera cases ongoing in affected communities. Three Oral Rehydration Points have been identified and validated through participatory community meetings involving local leaders, women's groups, youth, and health authorities.</p> <p>A total of 34 volunteers and 2 supervisors were mobilized for two weeks for hygiene promotion activities, reaching 7,230 people (3,397 men and 3,833 women) through door-to-door visits, focus group discussions, and mass awareness sessions in Doumo and Mayo Oulo. This represents 2% of the 330,000 people targeted for WASH awareness-raising under the Appeal.</p> <p>Broader WASH activities under the Emergency Appeal, including the distribution of household WASH kits, installation of handwashing facilities, and expanded hygiene promotion across the Far North, North, and East regions, are in the planning phase and will be progressively implemented as funding is mobilised and operational capacity is scaled up.</p> <p>Community feedback and volunteer observations indicate increased knowledge of cholera prevention practices among participating households, although formal outcome measurement will be undertaken in the next reporting period.</p> |     |     |



## Protection, Gender and Inclusion

Female > 18: 99,000

Female < 18: 69,300

Male > 18: 92,400

Male < 18: 69,300

### Objective:

*Ensure that humanitarian assistance is safe, dignified, inclusive, and equitable by identifying, preventing, and mitigating protection risks associated with food insecurity, displacement, indebtedness, and negative coping strategies, while addressing gender-, age-, and disability- related barriers to access.*

| Key indicators: | Indicator                                                                                                            | Target  | Actual |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------|
|                 | Number of women led VSLA supported                                                                                   | 40      | 35     |
|                 | # of awareness sessions on rights, inclusion and protection                                                          | 30      | 30     |
|                 | % of communication materials adapted for inclusiveness                                                               | 100     | 50     |
|                 | # of people (disaggregated by sex, age, and disability) reached by protection, gender, and inclusion programming     | 330,000 | 27,094 |
|                 | # of sectoral or PGI assessments conducted using PGI Minimum Standards                                               | 12      | 0      |
|                 | % of referrals made for survivors of a protection violation, via a common referral pathway                           | 100%    | 0      |
|                 | % of staff and volunteers (disaggregated by sex and age) trained in PGI and safeguarding (PSEA), including referrals | 100%    | 100%   |
|                 |                                                                                                                      |         |        |

Protection messages covering gender-based violence (GBV) prevention, child protection and referral pathways were incorporated into hygiene promotion sessions. Accessibility for people with disabilities was supported through communication adapted to individual needs, accessible activity locations and additional assistance where required. Volunteers were also sensitised to identify and address barriers to safe and dignified access to information and services.

A total of 34 staff and volunteers completed a two-day training on PGI and Prevention of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA), and all signed the Code of Conduct. A risk protection analysis is underway to identify risks affecting targeted communities and inform targeting criteria, safe cash delivery, accessibility and referral pathways. Its findings will guide adjustments to sectoral interventions.

Thirty-five women-led village savings and loan associations (VSLAs), representing 88% of the target, received sensitisation and capacity strengthening on protection rights, GBV prevention, child protection, safe access to humanitarian assistance and available referral pathways. Sessions focused on strengthening members' awareness of protection risks and their ability to identify and refer individuals at risk to appropriate services. No direct financial or material support was provided to the VSLAs during the reporting period. Adaptation of communication materials was 50% complete, including posters, leaflets and other information, education and communication materials in local languages and simplified formats.

Affected communities participated in cash assistance targeting and distribution processes to promote transparency and

the consistent application of vulnerability criteria. Feedback and complaints are managed through the operation's CEA mechanisms, with sensitive cases requiring confidential handling and referral through appropriate protection and PSEA pathways. Strengthening and formalising accessible, confidential channels for receiving, escalating and addressing sensitive feedback remains a priority for the next implementation period.

In Yagoua, the phased voucher-to-cash approach enabled community leaders and Red Cross volunteers to identify and follow up with households absent during the voucher phase, supporting completion of all three cash distribution rounds. Lessons from this approach, particularly the value of verification at the voucher stage, will inform post-distribution monitoring (PDM) for rounds 2 and 3 and future distributions.

The Community Trust Index (CTI) survey was launched in the Far North region and remains ongoing across Mayo-Tsanaga, Mayo-Sava and Logone-et-Chari departments to assess community trust, perceptions and accountability. In addition, feedback was collected from 593 beneficiaries in Mokolo to support programme learning, strengthen accountability to affected populations and inform operational improvements.



## Community Engagement and Accountability

### Objective:

*Ensure that affected communities are meaningfully informed, consulted, and able to influence the response, through transparent, accessible, and responsive accountability mechanisms that strengthen trust, relevance, and effectiveness of humanitarian assistance.*

|                        | Indicator                                                                                                           | Target  | Actual |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------|
| <b>Key indicators:</b> | # posters produced, distributed and pasted                                                                          | 600     | 300    |
|                        | # of persons reached through awareness raising activities                                                           | 330,000 | 27,094 |
|                        | # of beneficiary selection committee trained and have a beneficiary selection criterion validated.                  | 4       | 4      |
|                        | % of feedback and complaints addressed within agreed timelines.                                                     | 85%     | 85%    |
|                        | # of operational decisions made based on community feedback received.                                               | 8       | 6      |
|                        | # of community consultations (context analyses, needs assessments) held.                                            | 2       | 1      |
|                        | % of targeted communities receiving clear and timely information on assistance criteria, modalities, and timelines. | 95%     | 60%    |

Community engagement was integrated throughout Round 1, 2 and 3 MPCA. All 27,094 direct and indirect beneficiaries reached through the cash intervention were sensitised on targeting criteria, distribution procedures, use of assistance, protection/PSEA and available feedback and complaints mechanisms. Additional awareness activities were conducted through WASH, reaching 7,230 people; however, these have not been added to the CEA total to avoid potential double counting across sectors. Feedback and complaints were collected throughout targeting and distribution, with 85% addressed within the agreed timeframe. In total, 1039 feedback were received and responded to. Community feedback directly informed operational adaptations, particularly in Yagoua following concerns raised at Vada. Examples of decisions taken include reallocating the distribution from Vada to Dana, Tchakao and Marao; introducing a phased voucher-to-cash approach; strengthening beneficiary verification; identifying and following up all households; and increasing community sensitisation on selection criteria and the rationale for partial coverage. These adaptations contributed to reaching 899 of 900 targeted households in Yagoua without further community resistance.



## Risk Reduction, climate adaptation and Recovery

Female > 18: 0

Female < 18: 0

Male > 18: 0

Male < 18: 0

### Objective:

*To reduce communities' exposure and vulnerability to recurrent climate- related and disaster risks by strengthening preparedness, anticipatory capacity, and local disaster risk governance in the most at-risk localities*

|                 | Indicator                                                                                                                              | Target                                                                        | Actual |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| Key indicators: | Develop or update community preparedness and contingency plans, including evacuation, early warning dissemination, and response roles. | Targets are under validation and will be finalized following HVCA completion. | 0      |
|                 | Conduct participatory hazard, vulnerability and capacity assessments (HVCA/eVCA) in flood- and drought-prone communities.              | Targets are under validation and will be finalized following HVCA completion. | 0      |

Risk reduction, climate adaptation, and recovery activities have not yet commenced under the Emergency Appeal, as implementation for this sector is planned to begin in Phase 2 of the operation (months 3–18), with a focus on early recovery and strengthening anticipatory capacities in line with the Operational Strategy.

Initial preparatory work is underway to inform the design and targeting of interventions. The CRC community assessment conducted between January and February 2026 provides a strong evidence base, identifying flood- and drought-prone communities across the Far North, North, and East regions as priority areas for hazard and vulnerability assessments, the establishment of community disaster risk management committees, and anticipatory action planning. Within the Far North, the divisions of Logone-et-Chari and Mayo-Danay characterised by recurrent seasonal flooding and significant access constraints have been prioritized for the pre-positioning of supplies and anticipatory WASH interventions ahead of the rainy season.

Sector indicators and targets will be finalized and included in the next operational update following the completion of participatory Hazard, Vulnerability and Capacity Assessments (HVCA/eVCA) in the targeted communities. Coordination with relevant technical services and local authorities, particularly on early warning systems and disaster risk governance frameworks, will be initiated in the upcoming implementation period.

## Enabling approaches



### National Society Strengthening

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |               |                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Objective:</b>      | <i>Strengthen the Cameroon Red Cross Society's institutional, technical, and operational capacity at headquarters and branch levels to deliver safe, accountable, and high-quality emergency response services at scale, while ensuring duty of care, volunteer protection, and sustainability of essential services.</i> |               |                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Key indicators:</b> | <b>Indicator</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <b>Target</b> | <b>Actual</b>                                                                                                                                       |
|                        | Number of PDM conducted                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 1             | 1                                                                                                                                                   |
|                        | Enhanced Branch and Volunteer Operational Capacity: Percentage of targeted branches and volunteers demonstrating improved readiness and operational performance across sectors (DM, WASH, cash, nutrition, PSEA, PGI, CEA), as measured through capacity assessments and operational evaluations                          | 95%           | In progress: 64 volunteers trained and deployed on KoBoCollect, targeting, data quality and humanitarian principles.                                |
|                        | Strengthened Institutional Systems and Leadership for Effective Response: Extent to which National Society systems leadership structures, coordination mechanisms, PMER / MEAL, information management, and digital tools meet IFRC standards for accountability, transparency, and strategic oversight                   | 95%           | In progress: One resource mobilisation workshop and one PDM completed; digital data collection and centralised monitoring arrangements established. |
|                        | Improved Volunteer, Staff, and Youth Development and Duty of Care: Proportion of volunteers and staff adequately trained, insured, supported, and integrated into digital registries and deployment procedures, demonstrating improved safety, competence, and retention                                                  | 95%           | In progress: 34 staff and volunteers trained in PGI/PSEA and                                                                                        |

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |  |                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |  |  | signed the Code of Conduct; PPE provided for relevant WASH activities. |
| <p>National Society Strengthening activities are in the early start-up phase, with foundational actions underway in support of the Emergency Appeal response. A two-day resource mobilization workshop was organized in Yaoundé to develop the CRC's operational strategy and specific resource mobilization plan for the Appeal, contributing to strengthened strategic leadership and institutional planning capacity at headquarters level.</p> <p>Staff and volunteer deployment to the Far North is underway, with field presence being established to support household identification, registration, and initial response activities. 34 volunteers have completed PGI and PSEA training, contributing to strengthened safeguarding and accountability practices across the operation.</p> <p>Digital data collection tools are being deployed to support household registration, targeting, and monitoring processes, in line with the digital transformation priorities outlined in the Operational Strategy. Coordination between the IFRC Cluster Delegation and CRC headquarters is maintained through regular operational meetings to ensure strategic alignment and timely decision-making.</p> |  |  |                                                                        |



## Coordination and Partnerships

### Objective:

*Ensure effective, coherent, and complementary humanitarian action through strong coordination within the Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and with external partners, aligned with national response mechanisms and humanitarian coordination structures*

|                  | Indicator                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Target | Actual |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Key indicator s: | Strengthened Movement Coordination and Unified Planning: Degree to which the IFRC, CRC, and in-country PNSs implement harmonized planning, monitoring, and reporting processes under the CRC's leadership (measured through adherence to Ways of Working, MciE tools, and frequency/quality of coordination meetings). | 95%    | 70%    |
|                  | Effective Engagement with Government and External Partners: % of response activities aligned with national frameworks and cluster coordination mechanisms, as evidenced by participation in coordination fora and integration into government-led sectoral plans.                                                      | 95%    | 65%    |

### Federation-wide Coordination

The IFRC Country Cluster Delegation continued to provide overall coordination and technical leadership for the Food Insecurity Emergency Appeal, working closely with the CRC to ensure coherent implementation across sectors. Regular coordination meetings supported progress monitoring, prioritisation and resolution of operational challenges, with technical support provided in CVA, IM, PMER, CEA and communications.

### Movement Coordination

Movement coordination continued between the IFRC, CRC and Movement partners to ensure complementarity and avoid duplication. The French Red Cross contributed to the joint multisectoral needs assessment conducted with CRC, IFRC and ICRC, which provides an evidence base for targeting and programme design, including the planned nutrition component. Coordination with the French Red Cross also continued to support complementarity and coherence of the wider response. As nutrition activities have not yet progressed at the planned scale, continued Movement coordination will be important for their eventual implementation as additional funding becomes available. ICRC also supported the operation through coordination around the combined PDM, covering both the 3,000-household Emergency Appeal MPCA caseload and the 3,319-household DREF Kolofata caseload. The PDM Terms of Reference were jointly finalised and validated, with the exercise intended to generate evidence and learning to inform subsequent cash assistance.

## External Coordination

The IFRC and CRC continued engagement with government authorities, humanitarian partners and technical agencies, including WFP, FAO, MSF and the Ministry of Agriculture, to strengthen coordination, information sharing, WASH integration and resource mobilisation.



### Secretariat Services

#### Objective:

*Provide technical, operational, and support services to enable effective implementation, oversight, and accountability of the Emergency Appeal.*

|                 | Indicator                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Target | Actual |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
|                 | Number of surge staff deployed                                                                                                                                                                                            | 4      | 3      |
|                 | Number of DREF presentation workshops organized.                                                                                                                                                                          | 1      | 0      |
|                 | Number of regional and global staffs deployed                                                                                                                                                                             | 4      | 3      |
|                 | Strengthened Coordination and Resource Mobilisation: % of required financial and technical resources mobilised through strengthened partnerships and donor engagement                                                     | 95%    | 17%    |
| Key indicators: | Enhanced Risk, Logistics, and Operational Management Capacity. Extent to which risk management, logistics, and financial systems meet IFRC standards, as measured through periodic compliance and performance assessments | 95%    | 100%   |
|                 | Improved Information, Data, and Decision-Making Systems: % of operational decisions informed by real-time data, consolidated analysis, and PMER/IM systems                                                                | 95%    | 100%   |
|                 | Increased Human Resource and Surge Readiness: Proportion of required surge and staff capacity deployed and performing according to established competency and duty-of-care standards                                      | 95%    | 100%   |

Secretariat services are being progressively activated to support the effective launch and implementation of the Emergency Appeal across key functional areas.

#### Human Resources and Surge

Recruitment and deployment of operational personnel continued to support implementation of the Food Insecurity Emergency Appeal. A total of 64 CRC volunteers were trained and deployed in Mokolo and Mora on KoBoCollect, beneficiary targeting, data quality assurance and humanitarian principles. Duty of care and safety measures were applied to support field deployments, including security clearance requirements for IFRC personnel operating in high-risk areas and provision of appropriate PPE for relevant WASH activities. No major health or safety incidents were reported among staff or volunteers during the reporting period.

### **Resource Mobilization**

Confirmed contributions currently amount to approximately CHF 1,664,865 representing approximately 17% of the CHF 9.6 million funding requirement.. This figure reflects the latest funding position, including additional pledges registered since the interim financial report was issued. Ongoing discussions with the Netherlands Red Cross a potential Top up of CHF 138,917 would bring total confirmed contributions to approximately CHF 1,803,782 if confirmed. Contributions received to date include the Japanese Red Cross Society (JPY 5,000,000, approximately CHF 24,604), Red Cross of Monaco (EUR 10,000, approximately CHF 9,049), Canadian Red Cross (CAD 175,000, approximately CHF 100,397) and American Red Cross (USD 250,000, approximately CHF 199,696). Resource mobilization efforts are ongoing, with the IFRC strengthening partnerships locally and internationally to secure the financial and technical support required to scale up the response.

### **Communications**

Several communications products have been published across social media platforms and the IFRC website to raise awareness of Cameroon's food insecurity crisis and the Emergency Appeal. A coordinated communications plan is being developed to support humanitarian diplomacy, donor engagement, and greater visibility of community and volunteer perspectives throughout the operation.

#### **Selected social media coverage:**

- **IFRC:** Updates on [X](#) and [LinkedIn](#).
- **Cameroon Red Cross:** [Operational update on X](#).
- **IFRC Head of Delegation:** [Update on X](#).

### **Planning Monitoring Evaluation and Reporting (PMER)**

The PMER team has been working on Sitreps and the operations updates while closely monitoring the implementation of project activities in the field with technical assistance from the IFRC PMER team. This includes the establishment of a monitoring system, centralized data management mechanisms, post-distribution monitoring protocols, and structured reporting aligned with IFRC standards.

## D. FUNDING

| IFRC Secretariat Coverage                   | Amount Raised (CHF) | Funding Gap (CHF) | Coverage % |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Total hard pledges + in kind + soft pledges | 1,073,228           | 8,526,772         | 11%        |

To date, this Emergency Appeal, which seeks CHF 9.6 million, is 11% funded.

Including the DREF allocation of CHF 999,855, total income stands at CHF 1,652,540, of which CHF 807,541 has been utilized, representing **48.6% of the operating budget**. While current funding has enabled the delivery of critical assistance, significant funding gaps continue to limit the scale of the response.

Further contributions are needed to enable the National Societies, with the support of the IFRC, to meet growing humanitarian needs and scale up assistance to people affected by food insecurity across the region.

The various donors supporting this emergency appeal through a total of CHF 802,775 are:

- Japanese Red Cross Society
- Canadian Red Cross Society
- The Netherlands Red Cross Society (Back donor Netherlands Government)
- The Monaco Red Cross Society
- American Red Cross Society
- Online donations



All figures in Swiss Francs (CHF)

APPEAL

**MDRCM042 - Cameroon - Food Insecurity**

OPERATING TIMEFRAME  
08 Dec 2025 to 30 Jun 2027

APPEAL LAUNCH DATE  
10 Dec 2025

REPORT STATUS

INTERIM

**SECTION I Emergency Appeal Funding Requirements**

TOTAL FUNDING REQUIREMENTS

**9,600,000**

CHF

DONOR RESPONSE\* (as per 14 Oct 2028)

**1,073,228**

CHF

APPEAL COVERAGE

**11%**

of total funding requirement

**SECTION II IFRC Operating Budget Implementation**

| STRATEGIC PRIORITIES & ENABLING APPROACHES             | OP BUDGET        | EXPENDITURE    | VARIANCE       |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| AP000 - Undefined output                               | 211,365          | 24,430         | 186,935        |
| PO01 - Shelter and Basic Household Items               | 0                | 0              | 0              |
| PO02 - Livelihoods                                     | 0                | 0              | 0              |
| PO03 - Multi-purpose Cash                              | 760,089          | 338,926        | 421,163        |
| PO04 - Health                                          | 0                | 0              | 0              |
| PO05 - Water, Sanitation & Hygiene                     | 10,028           | 12,667         | -2,639         |
| PO06 - Protection, Gender and Inclusion                | 0                | 0              | 0              |
| PO07 - Education                                       | 0                | 0              | 0              |
| PO08 - Migration                                       | 0                | 0              | 0              |
| PO09 - Risk Reduction, Climate Adaptation and Recovery | 62,156           | 2,040          | 60,116         |
| PO10 - Community Engagement and Accountability         | 1,528            | 2,029          | -502           |
| PO11 - Environmental Sustainability                    | 0                | 0              | 0              |
| <b>Planned Operations Total</b>                        | <b>1,045,166</b> | <b>380,092</b> | <b>665,074</b> |
| EA01 - Coordination and Partnerships                   | 90,000           | 9,904          | 80,096         |
| EA02 - Secretariat Services                            | 36,127           | 330,029        | -293,902       |
| EA03 - National Society Strengthening                  | 489,632          | 87,515         | 402,117        |
| <b>Enabling Approaches Total</b>                       | <b>615,760</b>   | <b>427,449</b> | <b>188,311</b> |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                           | <b>1,660,926</b> | <b>807,541</b> | <b>853,385</b> |

**SECTION III Operating Movement & Closing Balance**

|                                                 |                |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Opening Balance                                 | 150,070        |
| Income (Includes outstanding DREF Loan per IV.) | 1,652,540      |
| Expenditure                                     | -807,541       |
| <b>Closing Balance</b>                          | <b>995,069</b> |
| Deferred Income                                 | 0              |
| Funds Available                                 | 995,069        |

**SECTION IV DREF Loan**

|                                  |       |         |             |   |              |         |
|----------------------------------|-------|---------|-------------|---|--------------|---------|
| * not included in Donor Response | Loan: | 849,785 | Reimbursed: | 0 | Outstanding: | 849,785 |
|----------------------------------|-------|---------|-------------|---|--------------|---------|

## SECTION V Contributions by Donor and Other Income

| Opening Balance                                          |                |              |                  |                | 150,070          |                 |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| INCOME TYPE                                              | Cash           | InKind Goods | InKind Personnel | Other Income   | TOTAL            | Deferred Income |
| American Red Cross                                       | 195,535        | 0            | 0                | 0              | 195,535          | 0               |
| DREF Allocations                                         | 0              | 0            | 0                | 849,785        | 849,785          | 0               |
| Japanese Red Cross Society                               | 24,902         | 0            | 0                | 0              | 24,902           | 0               |
| On Line donations                                        | 700            | 0            | 0                | 0              | 700              | 0               |
| Red Cross of Monaco                                      | 9,118          | 0            | 0                | 0              | 9,118            | 0               |
| The Canadian Red Cross Society                           | 99,244         | 0            | 0                | 0              | 99,244           | 0               |
| The Netherlands Red Cross (from Netherlands Government*) | 473,256        | 0            | 0                | 0              | 473,256          | 0               |
| <b>Total Contributions and Other Income</b>              | <b>802,755</b> | <b>0</b>     | <b>0</b>         | <b>849,785</b> | <b>1,652,540</b> | <b>0</b>        |
| <b>TOTAL INCOME AND DEFERRED INCOME</b>                  |                |              |                  |                | <b>1,802,610</b> | <b>0</b>        |

## Contact information

For further information specifically related to this operation, please contact: **At the**

### Cameroon RC

- Secretary General: Renauld Bodiong; email: [renauld.bodiong@croixrouge.cm](mailto:renauld.bodiong@croixrouge.cm), phone: +237696596816

### At the IFRC:

- IFRC Regional Office for Africa Disaster, Climate, and Crisis Unit: Kwan Ho Lam, Manager, Disasters, Climate and Crises a.i, email: [KWANHO.LAM@ifrc.org](mailto:KWANHO.LAM@ifrc.org), phone: +254 789 478 305
- IFRC Country Cluster Delegation: , Alberto Bocanegra, Head of Delegation; email: [alberto.bocanegra@ifrc.org](mailto:alberto.bocanegra@ifrc.org) . phone: +237 650 65 99 91
- IFRC Geneva: Marshal Mukuvare Senior Officer Operations Coordination; email: [marshal.mukuvare@ifrc.org](mailto:marshal.mukuvare@ifrc.org), phone: +41 799 279 924

### For IFRC Resource Mobilisation and Pledges support:

- IFRC Regional Office for Africa: Francisah Cherotich Kilel , Head of Regional Strategic Partnerships and Resource Mobilisation; email [francisah.kilel@ifrc.org](mailto:francisah.kilel@ifrc.org)

### For In-Kind donations and Mobilisation table support:

- IFRC Regional Logistics Unit for Africa: Nikola Jovanovich, Head of Africa Regional Logistics Unit ai; email: [nikola.jovanovic@ifrc.org](mailto:nikola.jovanovic@ifrc.org), phone: +41-78-305-53-27

### For Performance and Accountability support:

- Regional Head, PMER and Quality Assurance: Beatrice Okeyo; email: [beatrice.okeyo@ifrc.org](mailto:beatrice.okeyo@ifrc.org), phone: +254 732 404022

## Reference documents



Click here for:

[Operations strategy](#)

[Operations update 1](#)

## How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief, the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable, to **Principles of Humanitarian Action** and **IFRC policies and procedures**. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.