

IN SUPPORT OF THE BRAZILIAN RED CROSS



PEOPLE REACHED

Emergency
Operations



7,200

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

in Swiss francs (CHF)

Brazilian Red Cross	
Overview	Funding Sources
Funding 3.9M	IFRC Secretariat 3.9M
Expenditure 1.7M	Participating National Societies <i>Not reported</i>
	HNS other funding sources <i>Not reported</i>

IFRC network		
Country	Funding Requirement	4.6M
IFRC Secretariat	Longer-term Funding Requirement	150,000
	Funding	100,000
	Expenditure	0
Emergency Operations	Funding Requirement	4.4M
	Funding	3.9M
	Expenditure	1.7M
Participating National Societies	Funding	<i>Not reported</i>
	Expenditure	<i>Not reported</i>
HNS other funding sources	Funding	<i>Not reported</i>



ONGOING EMERGENCY INDICATORS

MDRBR011 / Brazil, Rio Grande do Sul | Floods

Disasters and crises	Number of people reached with shelter support	7,000
	Number of people reached with emergency response and early recovery programmes	7,000
	Percentage of assistance delivered using cash and vouchers	22%
Health and wellbeing	Number of people reached by the National Society with contextually appropriate water, sanitation and hygiene services	6,000
	Number of people reached by the National Society with contextually appropriate health services	4,000
	Number of people reached with psychosocial and mental health services	2,000
Values, power and inclusion	of those surveyed who report receiving useful and actionable information	40%
	has a Community Engagement and Accountability policy, strategy or plan	Yes

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES



Values, power and inclusion

Number of people

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY

- has a Community Engagement and Accountability policy, strategy or plan

ENABLING FUNCTIONS



Strategic and operational coordination

1

Number of formal interagency/international coordination platforms the National Society is part of



National Society development

- ✓ National Society covers health, accident and death compensation for all of its volunteers

Q1. OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Context

In the first half of 2025, Brazil experienced important political, economic and environmental changes that directly affected its humanitarian situation and development. In economic terms, the growth of productive activity slowed to 1.6 per cent annually, driven by more restrictive monetary conditions, a lower fiscal stimulus, inflation of around 5 per cent per month and a less favourable global context.

This overall picture is combined with an unemployment rate with a downward trend towards 6 per cent reflecting job creation driven both by domestic reactivation and by new foreign investments in infrastructure and clean energy. In social matters, poverty has fallen to 27 per cent while extreme poverty is in the order of 4.4 per cent and inequality remains on a positive path, indicators largely attributed to the reinstatement of social transfers and employment growth. Despite this, structural challenges persist such as high regional and racial inequality and significant public debt that requires fiscal discipline so as not to compromise future growth.

Key achievements

Climate and environment

In the first half of 2025, the Brazilian Red Cross incorporated cross-cutting measures to support an environmentally responsible response. Reusable materials such as airtight containers were used in the cleaning kits, and water filters were distributed to reduce plastic waste. Additionally, hybrid vehicles were used, traveling more than 18,500 kilometres with a lower carbon footprint. Between May and July 2025, the National Society launched a social media campaign on risk reduction and mental health with materials adapted to the local context.

Disasters and crises

In this reporting period, the Brazilian Red Cross made progress disaster response, focusing on the Floods Emergency Appeal operation. Within the framework of the Floods Emergency Appeal in Rio Grande do Sul, a Training of Trainers (ToT) for National Intervention Teams was held in Porto Alegre, Brazil, from March 27 to April 6. This initiative, the first of its kind in the last 15 years, aimed to strengthen local emergency response capacities. The training was facilitated by the Disaster Preparedness Reference Center (CREPD), with support from the Regional Office for the Americas and the IFRC. A total of 24 volunteers and staff members from 10 state branches of the National Society participated, along with two representatives from the Paraguayan and Chilean Red Cross National Societies. Rapid assessments in the Serra region guided targeted aid in temporary shelters, while essential relief items were distributed with support from civil society. Strategic stockpiling in Caxias do Sul and Porto Alegre enhanced local preparedness. Additionally, the National Society implemented Cash and Voucher Assistance (CVA), including an electronic voucher programme in Marques de Souza, promoting dignity, autonomy and economic resilience among vulnerable families.

Health and wellbeing

Between January and June 2025, the Brazilian Red Cross prioritized health and hygiene in its flood emergency response, delivering immediate medical care, infectious disease control, psychosocial support, and hygiene education. Healing kits and first aid briefings were provided in shelters, while mobile health units reached indigenous communities with primary care. Leptospirosis prevention messages and safe space activities supported mental well-being. In response to critical Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) needs, water quality analyses were conducted, leading to the distribution of filters, jerry cans, and hygiene kits. Local teams were trained in water testing, and lab equipment was deployed to strengthen community resilience.

Values, power, and inclusion

In the first half of 2025, the Brazilian Red Cross strengthened protection efforts for vulnerable groups, including Afro-descendants and migrants, through emotional support for children, school kit distribution, awareness campaigns and inclusive training for staff. An inter-institutional working group coordinated actions to prevent human rights violations

and promote community participation. A Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA) assessment guided the transition to recovery, with volunteers trained and feedback mechanisms—such as surveys and a WhatsApp hotline—revealing high satisfaction levels. The cash assistance programme was enhanced through community partnerships, and an exit strategy is being developed to ensure sustainability and local preparedness.

Enabling local actors

In this reporting period, the Brazilian Red Cross advanced its internal stabilization efforts through a leadership plan aimed at restoring institutional governance. Key actions included forming a transitional governing body, appointing senior leadership, and conducting compliance assessments of subsidiaries to improve operational and financial reliability. Legal and regulatory frameworks were reviewed to safeguard institutional integrity and reduce risks. Financial stability was also strengthened through a revenue-generating initiative in Belem do Para, supported by the IFRC Capacity Building Fund (CBF), focusing on first aid training for companies and mass event support. Technological upgrades and volunteer training further enhanced emergency management capabilities.

In parallel, the Brazilian Red Cross intensified humanitarian diplomacy and visibility efforts, engaging with the Brazilian government ahead of COP-30 and participating in the ICLEI World Congress. Communications were amplified through media outreach and audiovisual content, strengthening ties with donors, embassies, and humanitarian actors. Technical missions in finance, monitoring, and institutional development ensured accountability, while feedback mechanisms supported transparency in the cash assistance programme. These coordinated actions have laid the foundation for sustainable impact, improved governance, and stronger community engagement across the operation.

Q2. CHANGES AND AMENDMENTS

As a result of the operational needs of the Brazilian Red Cross during the flood emergency appeal and in view of the internal strengthening of the branches, the following modification have been made to the Unified Plan:

- The Floods Emergency Appeal has been extended from May to September 2025. This will, however, not affect the implementation plan (metrics, results) and will allow both technical and financial implementation according to the results initially sought, as well as to guarantee greater resilience in the population
- A capacity building project for resource mobilization has been included in the state of Para in view of the Conference of the Parties on Climate Change (COP30) IN Belem and with the aim of strengthening the financial sustainability of the subsidiaries of the National Society. To address these changes, the project has been designed between the IFRC and the Para state branch, which in turn ensures ownership and sustainability of its results

Q3. MEASURING RESULTS OF THE IFRC NETWORK ACTION

ONGOING EMERGENCY RESPONSE

For real-time information on emergencies, see the [IFRC GO page: Brazil](#)

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Name	Rio Grande do Sul Floods
Appeal number	MDRBR011
People affected	2.3 million people
People to be assisted	25,000 people
Duration	16 months (11 May 2024 to 30 September 2025)
Funding requirements	Funding requirements through the IFRC Appeal: CHF 8 million Federation-wide Funding requirements: CHF 8 million
Emergency Appeal	Floods Emergency Appeal
Operational Strategy	Operational Strategy
Latest Operation update	Operational Update No. 2

During the first half of May 2024, the state of Rio Grande do Sul in Brazil received heavy rains with over 1,000 millimetres of rainfall recorded during the period. As a result, the rains affected 478 of Rio Grande do Sul's 496 municipalities, affecting 20.7 per cent of the state's population. According to the Civil Defence bulletin, there were 182 fatalities, 64 missing persons, and 806 injured, in addition to 10,793 people living in shelters and 422,753 who had been displaced. The Brazilian Red Cross has been actively monitoring rainfall alerts in the region with its regional and municipal branches swiftly initiating response activities. These include collecting and distributing essential items such as clothes, blankets, and hygiene products to the affected areas. At the same time, volunteers from across the country have joined efforts to support flooded areas in Rio Grande do Sul province.

Short description of the emergency operational strategy

Through this Emergency Appeal, the relief efforts of the Brazilian Red Cross encompassed various forms of assistance, including the distribution of household items and shelter kits to affected people. Additionally, [cash and voucher assistance](#) (CVA) were provided to individuals to address their shelter needs. The IFRC collaborated with the Brazilian Red Cross to organise the reception, storage, and distribution of essential items, ensuring effective assistance delivery. Furthermore, this response includes the distribution of hygiene kits to support personal hygiene and sanitation. To enhance community resilience, volunteers are trained in health, community engagement and accountability (CEA), water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH), as well as psychosocial support and protection, gender and inclusion (PGI).

For the period [11 May 2024 to 31 May 2025](#), the following assistance was provided:

Shelter, Housing, and Settlements

Restore and strengthen the safety and well-being of the people affected through the provision of shelter kits and household items such as blankets, mattresses, pillows, filters, and lamps, among others.

Livelihoods

Based on the assessment and training, organise livelihood activities prioritizing those who have been permanently relocated to new areas. By supporting these individuals, their livelihoods can be rebuilt from scratch in safer locations.

Multi-purpose Cash

Provide multi-purpose CVA distributions to 5,000 households to address the diverse needs of persons in vulnerable situations affected by the floods.

Health & Care

Support people's mental and physical health while mitigating the impact of waterborne and vector-borne diseases. These include strengthening holistic individual and community health of the population impacted through community-level interventions and health system strengthening.

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)

Reduce the risk of waterborne diseases and ensure the dignity of the affected population through the provision of WASH services. Prioritize access to safe water and promote long-term hygiene practices for vulnerable populations.

Protection, Gender, and Inclusion (PGI)

Prevent, mitigate, and respond to protection, gender, and inclusion and safeguarding threats against affected populations.

Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA)

Centre the community in the response with an inclusive, participatory approach, ensuring alignment with their priorities.

Risk Reduction, Climate Adaptation, and Recovery

Support communities in high-risk areas to prepare for responding to disasters.



Flood-affected families were registered by the Brazilian Red Cross in order to provide access to services (Photo: IFRC)



Disasters and crises

For real-time information on emergencies, visit IFRC GO page [Brazil](#).

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In this reporting period, the Brazilian Red Cross response under disasters and crises have largely centred around responding to the Floods Emergency Appeal operation. During the initial weeks of the emergency, the National Society conducted rapid assessments in communities in the Serra region to identify urgent needs in temporary shelters. During the assistance phase, essential items such as cooking kits, hygiene, cleaning, tarpaulins, solar lamps, water filters and blankets were distributed from IFRC warehouses. Families were assisted with the support of civil society organizations. Part of the remaining stock will be strategically stored in the Caxias do Sul and Porto Alegre to strengthen local response capacity.

Between July 2024 and July 2025, the National Society distributed Cash and Voucher Assistance ([CVA](#)) to families registered under the vulnerability criteria. In addition, an electronic voucher programme was implemented in Marques de Souza and the National Society's cash strategy has promoted local dignity, autonomy and economic dynamism.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provides financial and technical assistance for emergency response mechanisms. IFRC mechanisms such as the disaster response emergency fund ([DREF](#)) and the IFRC Emergency Appeal are utilized by the National Society in times of disasters and crises to effectively support those who face immediate needs during times of emergency.



Health and wellbeing

Progress by the National Society against objectives

During the assistance phase of the emergency appeal, immediate medical care, control of infectious diseases, psychosocial support and hygiene education were identified as priorities. Healing kits were distributed to shelters and communities, accompanied by first aid briefings. The Brazilian Red Cross' mobile health aid unit provided primary care to indigenous communities, with logistical support from local organizations and universities. Messages about leptospirosis prevention were disseminated in affected areas. In terms of [psychosocial support](#), activities were carried out through safe spaces and individual and group sessions. Additionally, educational campaigns on hygiene and cleanliness were carried out by the National Society.

During the emergency, critical needs for safe Water, Sanitation and Hygiene ([WASH](#)) were identified in indigenous, rural and urban communities. Although the urban system was restored, mistrust persisted over water quality. Water quality analyses were carried out in several communities, which led to the distribution of filters, cleaning kits, jerry cans and educational materials. Additionally, local teams were trained in water analysis and laboratory equipment was delivered.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provides both technical and financial support to the Brazilian Red Cross in its interventions under health and wellbeing.



Values, power and inclusion

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In this reporting period, the Brazilian Red Cross undertook activities to strengthen the protection of affected communities with a focus on vulnerable groups such as Afro-descendants and migrants. An inter-institutional working group was created to coordinate actions to prevent human rights violations, share information and carry out participatory evaluations. Specific actions were implemented such as emotional support for children, distribution of school kits,

awareness campaigns and the creation of communication channels to report and respond to queries. Additionally, staff capacities were strengthened through training, promoting an inclusive and rights-respecting approach, to reduce risks, prevent abuses and address the needs of the most vulnerable populations in a differentiated way.

At the end of the assistance phase, a Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA) needs assessment was conducted and volunteers were trained and technical support was provided for the transition to the recovery phase. This approach was key in the cash assistance programme, working with community-based organizations to strengthen messaging, prevent rumours, and support the registration of vulnerable households. Feedback mechanisms such as surveys, a WhatsApp hotline and post-distribution monitoring were implemented, which revealed high levels of satisfaction, but also limitations in the knowledge of the selection criteria. A second transfer is being evaluated and an exit strategy is being planned focusing on strengthening local capacities, disaster preparedness and sustainability of the achievements made. Likewise, throughout the operation a feedback line was operated to communicate directly with recipients of the multipurpose cash assistance programme.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC supports the Brazilian Red Cross for its initiatives under values, power and inclusion which includes Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA) and Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI). Furthermore, the National Society is supported in its capacity building efforts and in development of relevant strategies.

ENABLING LOCAL ACTORS



Strategic and operational coordination

Progress by the National Society against objectives

IFRC membership coordination involves working with National Societies to assess the humanitarian context, agree on common priorities and jointly develop common strategies. This includes addressing issues such as obtaining greater humanitarian acceptance and access, mobilizing funding and other resources, clarifying consistent public messaging, and monitoring progress. It also entails ensuring that strategies and programmes in support of people in need incorporate clarity of humanitarian action while linking with development assistance and contribute to reinforcing National Societies in their respective countries, including through their auxiliary role.

The IFRC's Southern Cone delegation is actively supporting the work of strengthening the National Society, with regard to the implementation of the Restructuring Plan agreed with the Conciliation and Mediation Commission. To this end, it is accompanying the efforts to stabilize the leadership of the National Society.

Movement coordination

The Brazilian Red Cross ensures regular exchanges with the IFRC, the International Committee of the Red Cross and participating National Societies, for the alignment of support and action between Movement partners. In times of emergencies, closer coordination is organized. This is carried out in line with the Strengthening Movement Coordination and Cooperation (SMCC) principles and the newly adopted [Seville Agreement 2.0](#).

The ICRC regional delegation is based in Brasilia, with an office in Buenos Aires. With 117 staff, including 19 staff members in communication centres in Argentina, the ICRC works in protection, international humanitarian law dissemination, violence prevention, restoring family links, first aid, migration, and Movement cooperation.

External coordination

Since the current priority of the National Society for the year 2025 is the regularization of its institutional situation, the coordination work with other external actors will resume once it recovers its operational and financial capacity. However, coordination with the Brazilian government, the Brazilian embassy in Argentina, and the relationship with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Brazilian Cooperation Agency will be strengthened.



National Society development

Progress by the National Society against objectives

As part of the development of internal processes, the National Society's leadership stabilization plan is an ongoing initiative designed to address the institutional crisis facing the Brazilian Red Cross. Its priorities include ensuring operational governance by stabilizing management and governance systems, supporting the development of a transitional governing body and hiring a secretary-general. Additionally, the plan focuses on the compliance and diagnosis of subsidiaries, verifying their regulatory compliance, assessing their operational efficiency and financial reliability, and implementing development initiatives based on these assessments. Finally, a review of the legal basis and regulatory framework has been developed. This strategic approach aims to safeguard the integrity of the Brazilian Red Cross, minimize risks, improve institutional stability and strengthen collaboration with its stakeholders.

Regarding strengthening of financial stability, the state branch Belem do Para sought to improve its income-generating capacity through a project funded by the IFRC Capacity Building Fund (CBF). This initiative aims to technically support the strategy of selling first aid courses to companies and institutions and strengthen the operational capacity of the National Society to provide first aid assistance services at mass events. Expected results during the second half of 2025 include a significant increase in revenue from the sale of courses, sales and customer management training and the updating and equipping of first aid courses.

Under the Emergency Appeal, a plan was implemented to strengthen the volunteering management and institutional development of the Brazilian Red Cross, including the acquisition of technological equipment to improve operational efficiency. In this process, volunteers increased their emergency management skills.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC supports the Brazilian Red Cross in its National Society development initiatives. IFRC funding mechanisms such as the IFRC Capacity Building Fund (CBF) are utilized for National Society development initiatives.



Humanitarian diplomacy

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In this reporting period, the Brazilian Red Cross held meetings with the Government of Brazil in view of the COP-30 which is to be organized in Belem do Para. Humanitarian diplomacy efforts have been stepped up to restore the governance of the National Society. The Brazilian government will accompany in the mediation with the subsidiaries within the institutional crisis if necessary. The communications team boosted the visibility of the emergency through interviews, social media posts, newsletters, and international media coverage. Additionally, audio-visual materials were produced and participation in the ICLEI World Congress boosted visibility. These actions strengthened coordination with embassies, donors, and humanitarian actors, consolidating the impact and sustainability of the operation.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC has stepped up its humanitarian diplomacy efforts to restore governance of the Brazilian Red Cross. Consequently, through a link with the federal government of Brazil, the ICRC and the National Councillors of the Brazilian Red Cross, the process of linking with the government and the National Society will be supported. With regards to COP30, the IFRC has contacted the Chief of Staff's Office of Brazil, which oversees the logistical preparations of the COP. As a result, the IFRC will also participate in COP 30 and its technical discussions.



Progress by the National Society against objectives

In terms of accountability, the National Society carried out technical missions in finance, monitoring, institutional development and cash assistance.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provides both technical and financial assistance to the National Society in its efforts under accountability and agility.

Q4. AFFECTED PERSONS (PEOPLE REACHED)

See cover pages

Q5. PARTICIPATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY FOR AFFECTED PEOPLE – COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY

See Strategic Priority on 'Values, power and inclusion' under Q3: MEASURING RESULTS OF THE IFRC NETWORK ACTION

Q6. RISK MANAGEMENT

This information is not available in Mid-Year Reports

Q7. EXIT STRATEGY AND SUSTAINABILITY

See Strategic Priorities or Enabling Local Actors, where relevant under Q3: MEASURING RESULTS OF THE IFRC NETWORK ACTION

Q8. LESSONS LEARNED

- Inter-institutional coordination and the creation of specialized working groups are essential to have effective results aligned with long-term priorities
- The integration of Protection, Gender and Inclusion components into all project activities increases the sensitivity and relevance of interventions, addressing the specific needs of vulnerable groups
- The active participation of local communities and organizations facilitates the identification of needs and the distribution of aid, ensuring that actions are more effective and accepted
- Training staff and volunteers on protection and human rights issues helps prevent abuses and encourages a more respectful and sensitive response
- It is essential to have clear and accessible communication channels, such as hotlines and awareness campaigns, to promote reporting and timely attention to cases of violation
- Continuous evaluation and monitoring of actions make it possible to adjust strategies and improve the effectiveness of programs based on previous experiences

ANNEX 1. IFRC APPLICATION OF THE 8+3 REPORTING TEMPLATE

The IFRC network structures its result-based management along five Strategic priorities and four Enabling functions, developed based on the IFRC network's [Strategy 2030](#):

IFRC network Strategic Priorities	IFRC network Enabling Functions
SP 1 - Climate and environment	EF 1- Strategic and operational coordination
SP 2 - Disasters and crises	EF 2 - National Society development
SP 3 - Health and wellbeing	EF 3 - Humanitarian diplomacy
SP 4 - Migration and displacement	EF 4 - Accountability and agility
SP 5 - Values, power and inclusion	

The Federation-wide results matrix provides a standard way for the IFRC network to measure its progress towards Strategy 2030 implementation and supports consistent quality of the IFRC network planning, monitoring and reporting. To further advance coherence in monitoring across the IFRC network, a [Federation-wide Indicator Bank](#) has been developed and integrated into the Federation-wide monitoring systems for emergencies and longer-term work, structured along the Federation-wide results matrix as well. Signatory of the Grand Bargain Agreement, the IFRC has committed to its monitoring and reporting standards through integration of the [8+3 reporting template](#) contents into its results-based management approach. The following mapping demonstrate the way in which this report aligns with 8+3 reporting:

8+3 template	IFRC network Mid-Year Report (with variance in structure in red)
Core Questions	
1. Overall Performance	Overall Performance
2. Changes and Amendments	Changes and amendments
3. Measuring Results	Measuring Results
4. Affected Persons	Cover pages with indicators values
5. Participation & AAP	Under Q3 Strategic Priority 5: Values, power and inclusion – Community Engagement and Accountability
6. Risk management	Risk management
7. Exit Strategy and Sustainability	Under Q3 sub-sections by Strategic Priority/Enabling Function where relevant
8. Lessons Learned	Lessons learned
Additional Questions	
1. Value for Money/ Cost Effectiveness	Not included in mid-year reports
2. Visibility	Not included in mid-year reports
3. Coordination	Under Q3 Enabling Function 1: Strategic and operational coordination
4. Implementing Partners	Cross-cutting, with a focus on support to localization through the Q3 Enabling Functions 1 to 4
5. Activities or Steps Towards implementation	Cross-cutting in Q3 Strategic Priorities and Enabling Functions
6. Environment	Under Q3 Strategic Priority 1: Climate and environment



The International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) is the world's largest humanitarian network, with 191 National Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies and around 15 million volunteers. Our volunteers are present in communities before, during and after a crisis or disaster. We work in the most hard to reach and complex settings in the world, saving lives and promoting human dignity. We support communities to become stronger and more resilient places where people can live safe and healthy lives, and have opportunities to thrive.

DATA SCOPE AND LIMITATIONS

- **Timeframe and alignment:** The reporting timeframe for this overview is covering the period from 1 January to 30 June 2025. However, due to the diversity of the IFRC and differences in fiscal years, this coverage may not fully align for some National Societies.
- **Financial overview:** This overview consolidates data reported by the National Society and its IFRC network partners, as well as data extracted from IFRC's financial systems. All reported figures should include the administrative and operational costs of the different entities. The financial data with a grey background is solely reported by the National Society, including the funding sources. Financial reporting is often times estimated depending on availability of financial figures, closing of financial periods and may be incomplete. 'Not reported' could sometimes mean 'not applicable'. Also note that funding requirements are already reflected in the published 2025 IFRC network country plan. The total funding requirements show what the IFRC network has sought to raise for the given year through different channels: funding through the IFRC, through participating National Societies as bilateral support and through the host National Society from non-IFRC network sources. All figures should include the administrative and operational costs of the different entities.
 - » Host National Society funding requirements not coming from IFRC network sources can comprise a variety of sources, as demonstrated when reporting on income in the IFRC Federation-wide Databank and Reporting System
 - » Participating National Society funding requirements for bilateral support are those validated by respective headquarters, and often represent mainly secured funding
 - » IFRC funding requirements comprise both what is sourced from the IFRC core budget and what is sought through emergency and thematic funding. This includes participating National Societies' multilateral support through IFRC, and all other IFRC sources of funding
- **Missing data and breakdowns:** National Societies have diverse data collection systems and processes that may not align with the standardized indicators. Data may not be available for some indicators, for some National Societies. This may lead to inconsistencies across different reporting tools as well as potential under or over-estimation of the efforts led by all.
- **Reporting bias:** The data informing this Federation-wide overview is self-reported by each National Society (or its designated support entity) which is the owner and gatekeeper, and responsible for accuracy and updating. IFRC tries to triangulate the data provided by the National Societies with previous data and other data in the public domain.
- **Definitions:**
 - » **Local units:** ALL subdivisions of a National Society that coordinate and deliver services to people. These include ALL levels (provincial, state, city, district branches, sections or chapters, headquarters, and regional and intermediate offices, as well as community-based units)
 - » **Branches:** A Branch has its roles, responsibilities and relationship with the National Headquarters defined through the National Society's Statutes, including the level of autonomy given, especially in the area of its legal status, mobilising local resources and building local partnerships, and the decisions it makes. It has a local-level decision-making mechanism through its Branch members, board and volunteers, equally defined through the National Society's Statutes

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- [BR_Brazil 2024 MYR financials.pdf](#)
- [IFRC network country plans](#)
- [Subscribe for updates](#)
- [Live Disaster Response Emergency Fund \(DREF\) data](#)
- Operational information: [IFRC GO platform](#)
- National Society data: [IFRC Federation-wide Databank and Reporting System](#)
- [Evaluations database](#)

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