

Emergency appeal №: MDRVN024 Emergency appeal launched: 18/09/2024 Operational Strategy published: 27/09/2024	Glide №: TC-2014-000161-VNM
Operation update #2 Date of issue: 25/10/2024	Timeframe covered by this update: From 18/09/2024 to 15/10/2024
Operation timeframe: 12 months (18/09/2024 - 30/09/2025)	Number of people being assisted: 130,000
Funding requirements (CHF): CHF 4 million through the IFRC Emergency Appeal CHF 4.5 million Federation-wide	DREF amount initially allocated: CHF 900,000

To date, this Emergency Appeal, which seeks CHF 4,000,000, is 51 per cent funded. Further funding contributions are needed to enable the Viet Nam Red Cross Society (VNRC), with the support of the IFRC, to continue with the response efforts and provide humanitarian assistance to people affected by Typhoon Yagi and its aftermath.



VNRC delivering household items to affected family in Phu Binh district of Thai Nguyen province, one of the provinces heavily impacted by Typhoon Yagi. (Photo: VNRC)

A. SITUATION ANALYSIS

Description of the crisis

Typhoon Yagi, recorded as the strongest typhoon striking Viet Nam in the past 30 years, made landfall in Quang Ninh province and Hai Phong city on 7 September 2024. The entire northern region with a population of 19 million was battered by prolonged torrential rain, causing major floods, landslides, widespread inundation, and extensive damage to people and property. In total, 26 provinces have been affected nationwide, and three provinces of Lao Cai, Tuyen Quang and Yen Bai have declared a state of emergency.

As of 15 October 2024, Typhoon Yagi has resulted in 323 deaths, 22 people missing, 1,978 injuries, and the evacuation of 122,000 households, according to the Viet Nam Disaster and Dyke Management Authority. Initial damage is estimated to be over VND 81,000 billion (approximately CHF 2.78 billion). Key damages reported by relevant government agencies are as follows:

- 284,000 houses damaged or destroyed.
- Damage of approximately 286,660 hectares of rice fields and 63,350 hectares of other crops and vegetables.
- Nearly 44,556 cattle and over 5.75 million poultry have died or were swept away.
- 2,350 schools and 745 healthcare facilities damaged.
- Transportation, communication, market, and water supply facilities were severely affected by the flooding and landslides due to the typhoon.

The emergency phase will last for approximately 3 months, from September to November 2024, with a gradual transition to early recovery phase. Initial assessment from the Viet Nam Red Cross Society (VNRC) in late September indicates that previously disrupted access to roads and markets are beginning to return to normal. The VNRC starts to prepare the distribution of multipurpose cash and conditional cash for livelihood and shelters to address the current need gap of food, shelter repairing and livelihood restoration.

Northern Viet Nam is a mountainous area and poor shelter conditions often leave the population more vulnerable to typhoon damage. In the aftermath of Typhoon Yagi, access to essential services and markets can be challenging. In addition, ethnic minority groups in these areas are disproportionately affected by economic disparities, resulting in higher levels of poverty and limited access to education, healthcare, and financial services, further exacerbating their vulnerability to ongoing risks.

Vietnam is vulnerable to typhoons and floods due to its geographical location and topography. VNRC continues to closely monitor potential risks associated with floods and landslides during the monsoon season and stands ready to support should the upcoming Typhoon Trami approach and wreak damage on the country.

Summary of response

Overview of the host National Society and ongoing response

Before and during the emergency, VNRC has been coordinating and working closely with the National Steering Committee for Disaster Prevention and Control, local authorities, and its local disaster response teams in disaster preparedness and response. VNRC operates 26 Red Cross chapters in the 26 affected provinces with 7,600 staff and more than 108,000 volunteers. Relief efforts began immediately after the typhoon hit the affected provinces. VNRC disaster response teams and community-based volunteers were deployed together with relief items, reaching many affected communities. VNRC logistics teams supported the delivery of relief items from two VNRC headquarters

warehouses in Lao Cai and Ha Noi, activating pre-existing agreements with suppliers and leveraging postal, railway, and airline services free of charge.

As of 10 October 2024, through its emergency funding, domestic fundraising, and relief stocks, VNRC has provided assistance valued at over VND 14.7 billion (approximately CHF 504,722) to 21,221 households (84,885 people) across 20 provinces and cities, specifically:

- Cash assistance: VND 4.85 billion (approximately CHF 166,524)
- Relief items: over VND 9.9 billion (approximately CHF 329,915), which included 3,200 relief kits with essential household items (including 1,850 relief kits distributed in the IFRC EA targeted provinces), 100 shelter repair kits and 4,230 bags of food and essential necessities



VNRC staff preparing home repair kits for distribution in Lao Cai province. (Photo: VNRC)



VNRC Vice President/Secretary General handing a household kit to affected household in Phu Tho province. (Photo: VNRC)

VNRC initially requested an IFRC Disaster Response Emergency Fund (DREF) allocation to support 50,000 people in four impacted provinces with conditional cash assistance for livelihoods, replenishment of distributed relief kits, food and nutrition assistance, water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) and health interventions. With the rapidly growing impact, an EA was later launched on 18 September 2024 with a funding ask for CHF 4 million to broaden the reach and impact of the operations to 130,000 people in seven impacted provinces.

Needs analysis

From 18 to 21 September 2024, VNRC National Disaster Response Team (NDRT) and Provincial Disaster Response Team (PDRT) conducted detailed needs assessments at eight communes of the four most affected provinces of Lao Cai, Yen Bai, Bac Giang, and Lang Son. The assessment involved the participation of local authorities, affected communities and the most vulnerable groups in the forms of interviews and focus group discussions (FGDs). The interview involved 60 affected households, while the FGD engaged a minimum of 15 people per commune representing the most vulnerable groups. Based on the assessment findings, need gaps in shelter, livelihoods, essential household items, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), medical and health care and public facilities were identified as follows:

1. Shelters and household items

The typhoon has damaged or flooded thousands of houses, indicating that basic household relief items, shelter, and other basic needs remain a challenge. There is an urgent need for essential household items, particularly kitchenware and hygiene kits, which should be tailored to meet the different needs of men and women. The damage and further risks from landslides and flash floods that forced the affected households to evacuate to temporary shelters resulted in increased demand for shelter items like tarpaulins.

Once the urgent needs for food and shelter are met, house repairs will remain a priority. Given the ongoing support from the government, private corporations, and international assistance – most of which focus on the construction of new homes – VNRC will complement the gap in supporting the affected communities with the repair of homes that are partially damaged or inundated. Ongoing assessment and coordination with the government, private sector and humanitarian organisations which are providing support on shelter assistance would be continued to ensure the needs of the affected communities are accurately identified and responded to.

2. Livelihood restoration

According to initial field reports from the impacted areas, and in line with the government's priorities in addressing the aftermath of the typhoon, restoring livelihoods is one of the most pressing demands of the affected communities. More than 250,000 hectares of agricultural land have been completely lost, and millions of livestock and poultry were swept away. In the most affected areas, where livelihoods have been severely disrupted, livelihood restoration will be considered as part of the early recovery and recovery efforts to help address the issue of food security, particularly for the most vulnerable.

3. Multi-purpose cash grants

During the IFRC-DREF operation in 2023, several assessments conducted by VNRC chapters with the relevant local authorities showed that just several months after the disaster, the provision of multi-purpose cash assistance provides the necessary flexibility for affected individuals to meet their own specific needs in the early recovery phase.

Following the emergency relief period, which focuses on providing food and water, the need for food security from December 2024 to at least May 2025 is expected to be significant. This is due to the widespread damage to most agricultural farms, rice fields, maize crops, and cassava fields, creating a looming food security shortage, especially during the winter season.

Drawing on its extensive experience with cash and voucher programming in previous operations, VNRC conducted an initial market assessment alongside the needs and damage assessment, which confirmed both the feasibility of the market and the restoration of logistics. Therefore, providing multi-purpose cash assistance is identified as an effective and feasible response in this operation to support nutrition, restore food security in the affected provinces, and reduce harmful coping mechanisms, such as taking on financial debt to cover expenses for food, medicine, school fees, and other urgent needs.

4. Water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH)

The urgent need for water and sanitation support due to infrastructure destruction caused by flash floods, prolonged periods of severe flooding, and landslides has largely been addressed by the government, as well as domestic and international organisations operating in Viet Nam during the emergency relief period. The restoration of WASH facilities in schools and construction of latrines for households were highlighted in the assessment. Based on the assessment, the typhoon damaged more than 1,500 schools across the region and impacted millions of children. School facilities, including water and sanitation systems, kitchen, and dormitory areas, were destroyed.

5. Medical and Health care

Local health facilities, under governmental efforts, have overseen the provision of medical services, including emergency medical services, responses to infectious diseases such as waterborne and vector-borne diseases, and hygiene-related responses in the emergency relief stage. While there is a recognised need for mental health support in the affected communities, VNRC personnel and local officials have been working to address anxiety, psychosocial distress, and the emotional toll of evacuations and disaster exposure. However, VNRC still lacks the capacity to conduct comprehensive mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) activities during the emergency and early recovery stages. Additionally, VNRC has only one focal person for MHPSS at the headquarters level, which limits its capacity. Given this, the operation will focus on providing psychological first aid (PFA), integrated into community-based activities such as WASH dissemination and CEA interventions. VNRC's gaps in MHPSS capacity can be addressed through longer-term planning.

Given the current prioritisation of medical and health interventions by the government and other organisations, continuous monitoring and regular assessments are necessary to quickly identify gaps in the response and revise interventions accordingly.

Operational risk assessment

The operational risk assessment remains the same as indicated in the [Operational Strategy](#). Regular risk assessments and the identification of appropriate mitigation measures will be carried out through joint coordination between VNRC and IFRC. VNRC will receive regular support from the IFRC and its membership, with risk management embedded in the planning and monitoring processes of this operation. However, as the situation evolves, both risks and related mitigation measures will be updated in the Emergency Appeal operation risk register and dealt with by relevant VNRC and IFRC staff.

B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY


Update on the strategy

There are no changes to the published operational strategy and VNRC has established a preliminary EA work plan to implement the strategy. To sum up, the operation aims to address the multisectoral needs of 130,000 people most affected by Typhoon Yagi in the seven northern provinces of Lao Cai, Yen Bai, Cao Bang, Phu Tho, Thai Nguyen, Bac Giang and Lang Son. VNRC, utilizing domestic funds raised, will prioritise immediate assistance to meet the urgent needs of the most impacted families during the first three to four months, such as distribution of essential household items including relief kits. Funding from DREF and EA will be used mainly to support early recovery and recovery efforts. The early recovery phase is being initiated alongside the ongoing relief interventions.

VNRC prioritizes to provide relief and early recovery support through Cash and Voucher Assistance, including multipurpose cash and conditional cash for shelter repair, livelihood restoration, and WASH facilities. IFRC will support VNRC to incorporate Protection, Gender, Inclusion (PGI), Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA), national society development and green response in the operation.

C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL REPORT

STRATEGIC SECTORS OF INTERVENTION

	Shelter, Housing and Settlements	People reached: 7,800	
		Female: 3,900	Male: 3,900
Objective:	<i>People in the most affected communities have met their basic needs through the provision of essential household items and conditional cash grants for shelter assistance.</i>		
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	<i># of households provided with household and essential items</i>	1,850	3,200
	<i># of households provided with tents and repair kits</i>	100	500
	<i># of households that received conditional cash for shelter repair and reconstruction assistance</i>	0	350
	<i># of households that received technical guidance on build back safer</i>	0	350
	<i>% of households that received conditional cash are reached with PDM</i>	0	100
	<i>% of households provided with household and essential items are reached with PDM</i>	0	10

As of reporting period, VNRC has distributed relief items to 1,850 households (approximate 7,400 people) in seven targeted provinces of the EA operation. The breakdown of each province is shown in Table 1. The essential relief items include blankets, mosquito nets, cooking pots, pans, rice cookers, plastic bins and essential hygiene items (wash cloths, detergent, toothbrush and toothpaste, soap, eyedrops, mosquito spray, alcohol swabs, nail clippers, cotton swabs, sanitary pads, band-aid, medicine storage box).

No.	Province	No. of HH provided relief items
1	Yen Bai	300
2	Lao Cai	350
3	Phu Tho	200
4	Bac Giang	300
5	Lang Son	300
6	Thai Nguyen	300
7	Cao Bang	100



Items in the repair kit (Photo: VNRC)

Additional 100 sets of home repair kits have been distributed in Lao Cai province, reaching approximately 400 people. A standard VNRC home repair kit contains handsaw, steel cutter, wires, screws, nail extractor, grub-axe, hammer, hoes, shovel, knife, pliers, rope, nails, tarpaulin and measuring tape, as shown above.

Trained volunteers have been mobilized to conduct the distributions. Collaborating closely with local authorities and community leaders, distribution points were established to facilitate easy access for affected households.

Funding from this EA will be allocated to support the replenishment of relief kits and home repair kits. Procurement is expected to commence in the first quarter of 2025. With house repairs being the priority need in early recovery phase, procurement and distribution of tents will take place at around the same time next year.

Preparation for the distribution of conditional cash for shelter repair and reconstruction assistance, another key intervention during the early recovery phase, will begin once the emergency phase is over. Local construction experts from the economic infrastructure department will provide training and guidance to individuals and communities with damaged homes, helping them repair their houses more effectively.

A market assessment conducted in four provinces by the NS in mid-September found that the market for construction materials is operating normally after the natural disaster. Prices remain stable and have not increased. VNRC plans to conduct selection of households to be reached by cash before the end of 2024 and distribute cash followed by post-distribution monitoring (PDM) in the first quarter of 2025.



Livelihoods

People reached: -

Male : -

Female: -

Objective:

The livelihoods of affected communities are restored and strengthened over the long-term by mitigating the need for negative coping mechanisms.

	Indicator	Actual	Target
Key indicators:	<i># of households that received conditional cash for livelihood restoration</i>	0	4,400
	<i># of households that received technical guidance on livelihood restoration</i>	0	4,400
	<i>% of households that received conditional cash are reached with PDM</i>	0	100

The selection of households to be reached by conditional cash for livelihood restoration is planned to be held by end of 2024 and the distribution is targeted to be completed in the first quarter of 2025. Cash distribution will coincide with training on livelihood restoration, both planned to take place in the first quarter of 2025. PDM will be arranged to ensure an appropriate number of respondents. The proportional distribution across localities and random selection will be fully considered in the PDM planning.



Multi-purpose Cash

People reached: -

Male: -

Female: -

Objective: *The most affected communities can access and purchase essential items and services in a secure and dignified manner.*

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	# of households that received multi-purpose cash grants	0	18,400
	# of provincial Red Cross staff that received refreshment training on PDM	0	50
	% of households that received multi-purpose cash grants are reached with PDM	0	10

VNRC will organize training on selection and verification of households to be reached by multi-purpose cash in November 2024, after which the selection process will begin in community level. Households will receive the multi-purpose cash grants in the first quarter of 2025, and PDM will be conducted around three months after cash distribution. There will be training on using the Kobo Toolbox beforehand to ensure smooth data collection.

The assistance is expected to be delivered through the Vietnam Post Office, which is currently in the process of reviewing a new Financial Service Provider (FSP) agreement.



Health & Care

(Mental Health and psychosocial support / Community Health / Medical Services)

People reached: -

Male: -

Female: -

Objective: *The immediate and potential health risks of affected communities are closely and continuously monitored to ensure their health and well-being are addressed.*

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	# of VNRC staff and volunteers who received training on PFA	0	50
	# of people who received key messages on MHPSS and PFA	0	2,100

VNRC staff and volunteers will receive training on PFA and MHPSS in around late 2024 or early 2025. Implementation of other health-related interventions is still being planned.



Water, Sanitation and Hygiene

People reached: -

Male: -

Female: -

Objective:

The main risks of WASH-related diseases are mitigated, and the environmental sanitation needs of the affected communities are addressed through quality WASH services.

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
		# of VNRC staff and volunteers who received ToT on WASH and disease prevention in disasters	0
	# of people reached by WASH assistance	0	3,200
	# of people reached by hygiene promotion activities	0	18,900
	# of constructed household/communal sanitation facilities	0	300
	# of households that received conditional cash for water tank procurement	0	500
	% of the targeted population reached with PDM	0	100

Training for VNRC on WASH and disease prevention in disasters, and a separate ToT, are expected to be held around the first quarter of 2025. Upon completion of training, VNRC will begin hygiene promotion activities at community level.

VNRC will select households to be reached by conditional cash for water tank procurement by the end of 2024 or early 2025, with distribution due to commence one to two months after confirmation of the list of households receiving conditional cash. PDM will be arranged with a target to reach 100% of the cash recipients. Construction of latrines in affected communities and selected households will also be completed around the first quarter of 2025.



Protection, Gender and Inclusion

People reached: -

Male: -

Female: -

Objective:

Ensure protection and safety by strengthening the existing protection capacity of affected communities and by ensuring that all facilities, goods, and services are accessible, dignified, and safe for people of all backgrounds.

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
		# of people reached through messages from PGI materials	0
	# of VNRC staff and volunteers who received PGI training	0	50

	<i>Programme has completed the IFRC Child Safeguarding Risk Analysis as per the requirements of IFRC-supported operations</i>	0	Yes
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VNRC and IFRC will jointly conduct the first combined training on PGI and CEA to staff and volunteers at VNRC National Headquarters between October and November 2024. The IFRC Child Safeguarding Risk Analysis will be completed by November 2024. Dissemination on PGI and CEA will be conducted by mid-2025.

The messages of PGI and CEA to the community members will be delivered during the WASH and disease prevention sessions.



Community Engagement and Accountability

People reached: -

Male : -

Female : -

Objective: *Targeted communities are informed, consulted, and able to share their feedback on the planned or received assistance, allowing programmes and operations to be adjusted and adapted accordingly.*

	Indicator	Actual	Target
Key indicators:	<i>The operation is informed by a needs assessment which includes information gathered from affected people (Yes/No)</i>	Yes	Yes
	<i># of VNRC staff and volunteers who received CEA training</i>	0	25
	<i># of methods established to communicate with communities about what is happening in the operation, including the selection criteria, if these are being used</i>	0	2
	<i>% of people who received a response to their feedback about the operations</i>	0	50%

VNRC and IFRC will jointly conduct the first combined training on PGI and CEA to staff and volunteers at VNRC National Headquarters between October and November 2024. The messages of PGI and CEA to the community members will be delivered during the WASH and disease prevention sessions.



Risk Reduction, climate adaptation and Recovery

People reached: -

Male : -

Female: -

Objective: *Strengthen the capacity of communities in high-risk areas to anticipate and reduce the risks associated with disasters and climate change.*

	Indicator	Actual	Target
Key indicators:	<i># of schools reached by the VNRC through environmental awareness raising/DRR sessions</i>	0	60
	<i># of people reached by the VNRC through DRR and climate change adaptation activities</i>	0	1,200

VNRC plans to deliver community-based disaster risk management training by mid-2025, and to conduct a disaster response drill in summer 2025. Equipment including life vests, raincoats, rainboots, and headlights will be supplied to the village response team.



Environmental Sustainability

People Reached: -

Male : -

Female : -

Objective: *Reduce the negative impacts of VNRC relief and recovery interventions on the environment.*

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
		<i># of sectors for which environmental sustainability has been considered in the operational plan</i>	0
	<i>% of the total response budget which is comprised of goods and services purchased locally or which is cash and voucher assistance</i>	0	50

During the reporting period, no activities were implemented and therefore any sector progress will be reported in the next operations update.

In the current plan, VNRC prioritizes to provide humanitarian support through locally procured goods and cash voucher assistance.



Education

People Reached: -

Male : -

Female : -

Objective: *Enhance safety at school to ensure safe, continued, and equitable access to education for affected populations, especially children and young people, and vulnerable and marginalised groups.*

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
		<i># of educational facilities or learning spaces where the VNRC assisted in securing the safe and continued access to education</i>	0
	<i># of teachers and education personnel (incl. volunteer facilitators) trained by the VNRC on risk reduction and safe schools' protocols in the affected areas</i>	0	10,000

Disaster risk reduction activities planned under education sector will kick off at a later stage, presumably during the second quarter of 2025.

VNRC targets to support 50 educational facilities but this target will be consistently reviewed based on the EA coverage level.

Enabling approaches



National Society Strengthening

Objective: *Support the VNRC with the necessary competencies and capacity strengthening efforts as required in this operation and as outlined in the VNRC strategy.*

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
		<i># of VNRC PDRT and CDRT personnel trained in disaster response</i>	0
	<i># of VNRC staff and volunteers trained in different sector(s)</i>	0	1,700
	<i># of VNRC provincial branches with PER tools introduced</i>	0	7
	<i># of Lessons learned workshop conducted for this operation</i>	0	1

National Society Strengthening activities for VNRC staff and volunteers will be arranged in 2025.



Coordination and Partnerships

Objective: *Support the VNRC with the necessary competencies and capacity strengthening efforts as required in this operation and as outlined in the VNRC strategy.*

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
		<i>Movement coordination meetings organised, and updates are provided to Movement partners based on operational needs</i>	Yes

IFRC has deployed staff to Viet Nam in September 2024 to support the development of the operational strategy.

IFRC APRO organized a Partners Call following the EA publication, allowing VNRC Secretary General/Vice President and the IFRC Head of Delegation in Bangkok to speak to the IFRC Network globally to secure support. Several National Societies, including the Australian Red Cross, British Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross, Netherlands Red cross, Swiss Red Cross and Swedish Red Cross, have contributed to the Emergency Appeal. IFRC is supporting VNRC to coordinate and engage with the partner National Societies and other donors.

As part of the Federation-wide funding support, VNRC has received bilateral funding support from the Cambodia Red Cross, Singapore Red Cross, Turkish Red Crescent, Republic of Korea National Red Cross, Thai Red Cross Society, and the Red Cross Society of China through the Embassy of China in Viet Nam. VNRC also received funding directly from iRaiser platform of the Federation/Swiss Red Cross and the Benevity platform.

The Singapore Red Cross visited Viet Nam from 21 to 23 October 2024 for a joint needs assessment and discussion on the use of bilateral support with VNRC.

The DG ECHO, the Spanish Government and the Netherlands Government have contributed to this Emergency Appeal. The European Commission Vice-President, the Ambassador of the European Union in Vietnam, Spanish Ambassador and the Netherlands Embassy representative visited the VNRC National Headquarters on 22 October 2024.

IFRC has supported VNRC to submit the progress update and 4W report to the International Organization for Migration (IOM).



IFRC Secretariat Services

Objective: *Provide the necessary support to the VNRC in implementing its relief and recovery interventions, ensuring adherence to compliance standards, effective operational management and coordination, as well as quality assurance and accountability.*

	Indicator	Actual	Target
Key indicators:	# of surge personnel deployed to support the operation	1	1
	# of IFRC monitoring and support missions	1	7
	# of evaluations conducted for this operation	0	1 (final evaluation)
	% of financial reporting respecting IFRC procedures	0	100

In terms of IFRC Secretariat services, through the IFRC surge system, regional and global alerts have been issued for Operations Manager. During the reporting period, a surge operations manager has been deployed to support the formulation of detailed implementation plan with VNRC.

IFRC APRO Operations Coordinator was deployed to Hanoi for one week to facilitate the Operational Strategy development. IFRC CCD Bangkok and IFRC APRO thematic coordinators provided technical support in the development of the Operational Strategy, implementation plan and risk management for quality planning of activity.

IFRC CCD Bangkok Communications officer was also deployed to Viet Nam to provide communications support, including development of press release and key messages, and collections of photos, videos, quotes and interviews from some of the most affected areas in Cao Bung, Bac Ninh and Thai Nguyen province. These communications material has been packaged and published regularly on IFRC Newswire and IFRC APRO X account. Just two weeks after the typhoon hit, the IFRC CCD Bangkok also provided a brief update about the situation on the ground in the weekly global IFRC X Spaces. The development of other media products, including feature stories and video contents, are ongoing to ensure continuous effort in keeping the issue in the public eye.

From October to November 2024, the surge Operations Manager has been deployed to support the ongoing development of implementation plan and kick starting the activities. IFRC is preparing to call for the second rotation of surge Operations Manager.

The IFRC CCD Bangkok has been providing technical support on CEA and PGI to VNRC, including preparing the first CEA and PGI training to VNRC National Headquarters staff and volunteers in October and November 2024.

The IFRC CCD Bangkok and the APRO procurement and CVA consultant have supported VNRC to review the financial service provider agreements and related arrangements since late September 2024.

For risk management, in accordance with the IFRC Risk Management Framework, VNRC and IFRC continue to monitor the risks inherent to the operation. VNRC and IFRC relevant staff are updating the Risk Register across the seven IFRC risk categories: strategic, contextual, operational, programme delivery, fiduciary, safeguarding, and reputational with the objective of maintaining a safe workplace, minimizing losses, maximizing opportunities, and developing appropriate risk treatment options for informed decision-making. There are currently no security concerns in the country, but the situation is continuously being monitored.

D. FUNDING

The IFRC Secretariat funding requirement is CHF 4 million and the Federation-wide funding requirement is CHF 4.5 million. On 17 September 2024, the IFRC promptly released a DREF loan of CHF 900,000 to ensure rapid and effective relief efforts. As of Mid-October 2024, IFRC has successfully raised CHF 2,026,180 (51 per cent of the Emergency Appeal), excluding the DREF loan.

The IFRC extends its heartfelt gratitude to generous donors and earnestly appeal for further contributions to bridge the remaining CHF 1,964,576. Donor support is crucial for the National Society and the IFRC to continue delivering vital humanitarian assistance during both the emergency and recovery phases.

Contact information

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

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Reference documents



Click here for:

- [MDRVN024 Emergency Appeal](#)
- [MDRVN024 Operational Strategy](#)
- [MDRVN024 Operationals Update 1](#)

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief, the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable, to **Principles of Humanitarian Action** and **IFRC policies and procedures**. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

Annex 1: Map of the targeted provinces

