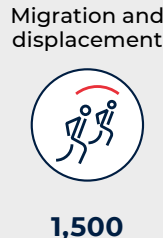


IN SUPPORT OF THE LIBYAN RED CRESCENT



PEOPLE REACHED



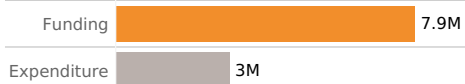
FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

in Swiss francs (CHF)

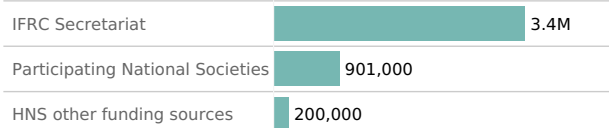
Country	Funding Requirement	Value
Country	Funding Requirement	4.8M
IFRC Secretariat	Emergency Funding	10.5M
	Emergency Expenditure	1.1M
	Longer-term Funding Requirement	3.7M
	Longer-term Funding	1.5M
Participating National Societies	Longer-term Expenditure	760,000
	Funding Requirement	901,000
	Funding	512,000
HNS other funding sources	Expenditure	415,000
	Funding Requirement	200,000
	Funding	200,000

Libyan Red Crescent

Overview



Funding Sources



Appeal number **MAALY001**

In addition to: CHF 53.5M Funding requirement for newly launched emergency appeals*, CHF 357,000 DREF Funding

ONGOING EMERGENCY INDICATORS

MDRLY005 / Storm Daniel

People reached by National Societies with contextually appropriate water, sanitation and hygiene services	246,000
People provided with access to safely managed drinking water services or an improved drinking water source (according to context)	6,000
People reached with Search and Rescue activities conducted by the RCRC	601
People who receive mental health and psychosocial services in emergency situations from RCRC	262
People accessing safe spaces	262
Number of formal interagency/international coordination platforms the IFRC Network is part of	1
Community feedback reports produced	1
Child friendly/safe spaces supported by the RCRC	1
Needs assessment for livelihoods and food security is used to generate criteria for targeting most at-risk people/households	Yes
Percentage of deceased for which safe burials were successfully carried out	2317%
CBHFA volunteers active during emergency (includes first aid trained volunteers)	117

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

Climate and environment	Implementing nature-based solutions (including those with a particular focus on the planting of trees and mangroves)?	Yes
	Implementing environmental or climate campaigns focused on behaviour change, plastic reduction or clean-ups?	Yes
Health and wellbeing	People reached by National Societies with contextually appropriate water, sanitation and hygiene services	246,000
	Litres of safe water distributed through RCRC emergency water supply (cumulative)	120,000
	People provided with access to safely managed drinking water services or an improved drinking water source (according to context)	75,000
	People reached by National Societies with contextually appropriate health services	21,000
	People reached with psychosocial and mental health services	7,000
	People targeted for WASH assistance in the response phase	6,000
	People provided with access to safely managed sanitation services or to improved sanitation facilities (according to context)	6,000
	Displaced persons, migrants and host communities in vulnerable situations who receive appropriate humanitarian assistance and protection services	5,000
	Trained as Red Cross or Red Crescent WASH (community health) Volunteers	37
	c. Average amount of safe water distributed per person per day by RCRC (b/days/a)	3.2000000000000002
National Society is contributing to national coordination mechanisms and national plan for risk communication and community engagement		
Migration and displacement	Migrants and displaced persons reached with services for assistance and protection	2,000
	Number of Humanitarian Service Points (HSPs) that provided assistance and/or protection to people on the move along land based migration routes	5
	Data collection, research, analysis or other information management initiatives to better assist and protect people on the move?	Yes
Values, power and inclusion	People reached by protection, gender and inclusion programming	4,000
	Is Community Engagement and Accountability integrated and institutionalized in the National Society policies, operations, and procedures (with clear benchmarks)?	Yes

ENABLING FUNCTIONS

National Society development	Youth engagement strategy developed or in place	Yes
	One National Society Development plan in place	Yes
Accountability and agility	National Society has a PSEA policy to enforce prevention and support survivors (cumulative)	Yes
	National Society has a PSEA Action Plan to enforce prevention and support survivors (cumulative)	Yes

IFRC NETWORK SUPPORTED ACTIVITIES

National Society	Multilateral Support	Disasters and crises	Health and wellbeing	Migration and displacement	Values, power and inclusion	Enabling Functions
British Red Cross	●	●			●	
Danish Red Cross			●			
German Red Cross						●
Italian Red Cross	●	●		●		
Japanese Red Cross Society	●					
Norwegian Red Cross						●
Swiss Red Cross	●					

■ Supported

OVERALL PROGRESS

Context

In 2023, Libya faced significant challenges due to severe weather and humanitarian crises.

On 14 July, 1,100 migrants were detected on the [Libyan-Tunisian border](#). Expelled from Tunisia, these migrants were hosted by Libyan border forces. An agreement was made for Tunisia to take responsibility for 126 migrants, while the rest were managed by Libyan authorities. Libya saw a continued influx of migrants, particularly in October.

On 10 September, [Storm Daniel](#) hit Libya with strong winds and unprecedented rainfall, severely affecting cities such as Benghazi, Tobruk and Derna. The collapse of two dams in Derna led to extensive flooding and destruction. In response, the government declared a state of emergency and sought international assistance.

Key achievements

Climate and environment

In 2023, the Libyan Red Crescent collaborated with local actors in the planting of a total of 2,500 trees in various regions. It established a dedicated office to tackle climate change and developed and distributed educational materials on climate change to primary and secondary school students.

Disasters and crises

The Libyan Red Crescent conducted manoeuvres and training drills primarily focused on performing medical evacuations during earthquakes. It also conducted a wide emergency response to Storm Daniel, which impacted the eastern coast of Libya.

Health and wellbeing

In 2023, the National Society deployed mobile clinics for vulnerable communities in Gharb Azzawya, Umm Arrazam, Albrayga, Ghat, Tazirbu and Ubari to provide medical care and referral services in coordination with the Ministry of Health.

Migration and displacement

The Libyan Red Crescent provided support to 3,000 migrants at the Tunisian- Libyan borders in dire humanitarian conditions by providing them with health, shelter, basic needs, migration and protection essential services. It also established humanitarian service points and provided hygiene kits, blankets and first aid kits at the Libyan-Egyptian borders in Tobruq.

Value, power and inclusion

The National Society finalized its Prevention and Response to Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA) policy and introduced online courses in Arabic focused on child protection and risk identification.

Enabling local actors

In 2023, the Libyan Red Crescent, with the support of IFRC and the British Red Cross, as well as in collaboration with various UN agencies, focused on enhancing its emergency response, particularly in Al Kufrah. It maintained robust communication with local municipalities and the central government, participating in strategic migration committees.

It implemented a human resource development plan, a Code of Conduct and internal statutes. To improve logistics, it rehabilitated five warehouses. Efforts were also made to enhance communications capabilities. Additionally, the Libyan Red Crescent focused on strengthening its transparency and accountability through the adoption of standard operating procedure and a programmatic feedback management policy. It also refined its data collection tools.

Changes and amendments

A severe storm struck the eastern side of Libya, causing widespread destruction and affecting over 800,000 individuals along the east coast. This disaster halted ongoing activities in the area, redirecting all efforts towards addressing urgent humanitarian needs. Due to these unexpected events, several adjustments were necessary. Projects on community-based protection and Planning, Monitoring, Evaluation, Accountability and Learning (PMEAL) were extended until the end of January 2024. The timeframe for the [IFRC DREF-supported response](#) to the displaced population emergency was extended by two months until late January 2024, to ensure the completion of planned support for the affected population.

IFRC NETWORK ACTION

ONGOING EMERGENCY RESPONSE

For real time information on emergencies, go to [IFRC Go page Libya](#).

1

Emergency Operation	Libya – Flood Storm Daniel
Appeal number	MDRLY005
People to be assisted	300,000
Duration	13 September 2023 to 31 December 2024
Funding requirement	Total funding requirements through the IFRC Appeal: CHF 20 million Total Federation-wide funding requirements: CHF 25 million
Link to emergency appeal	Libya – Flood Storm Daniel Revised Emergency Appeal
Latest Operational Strategy	Revised Operational Strategy – Flood Storm Daniel
Latest Operation Update	Operation No. 1

On September 10, 2023, Storm Daniel struck northeastern Libya, causing severe damage with winds of 70-80 kilometres/hour and unprecedented rainfall of up to 240 mm. The coastal city of Derna experienced catastrophic flooding, with waters rising to three metres and engulfing entire neighbourhoods. Major urban areas including Benghazi, Tobruk and Albayda were also affected. By October 31, the storm had resulted in 4,352 deaths, over 8,000 missing individuals, and displaced more than 43,400 people. The Libyan Red Crescent, with the support of the IFRC, coordinated immediate relief efforts, including evacuations, medical care and psychosocial support. The IFRC launched an Emergency Appeal on September 13, initially releasing CHF 1 million from IFRC Disaster Response Emergency Fund (DREF) for immediate needs. The appeal was revised in November to address the evolving situation and needs. The Libyan Red Crescent continued providing food, non-food items and managing shelter centres to support those affected.

Short description of the emergency operational strategy

This Emergency Appeal is aiming to reach 300,000 people most affected by the disaster, including people with destroyed homes, disrupted livelihoods, and those now displaced. Targeting is being guided by assessments of household vulnerabilities and population needs, considering age, gender and disability.

The operational strategy is focusing on providing essential winterization and relief assistance, including cash and in-kind items like food and shelter support. Disaster risk reduction and climate change adaptation are being integrated to build long-term resilience and support initial recovery. Urgent health needs are being addressed with essential

healthcare services, including emergency care and mental health support, alongside ensuring access to safe drinking water and comprehensive water, sanitation and hygiene services. Protection measures are being strengthened through multi-sector needs assessments and support for vulnerable groups, including unaccompanied children. The revised strategy focuses on recovery and resilience planning, strengthening the National Society's capacity, and enhancing security management as needs evolve and recovery progresses.

For the period [September 2023 to December 2023](#), the following support was provided:

Shelter, housing and settlements

Relief items including blankets, hygiene kits and tents were being distributed and stocks were replenished.

Multi-purpose cash

Volunteers and key stakeholders were trained to enhance the implementation of cash and voucher assistance.

Health and care

Mental health and psychosocial support service was provided to affected people and a community centre was set up. Mobile clinics and polyclinics were also established.

Protection, inclusion and gender

A rapid assessment of the protection, gender and inclusion (PGI) capabilities was carried out to identify priorities for capacity building.

2

Emergency Operation	Sudan Crisis: Regional Population Movement Emergency Appeal
Appeal number	MDRS1001
People to be assisted	30,000
Duration	15 May 2023 to 31 December 2024
Funding requirement	Total funding requirements through the IFRC Appeal: CHF 33.5 million Total Federation-wide funding requirements: CHF 42 million Funding requirement for Libya: CHF 1 million
Link to emergency appeal	Sudan Crisis Regional Population Movement Emergency Appeal
Latest Operational Strategy	Sudan Crisis Regional Population Movement Operational Strategy

The ongoing conflict in Sudan is causing significant displacement and leaving people in neighbouring countries in dire humanitarian conditions, where they are facing shortages of basic necessities, harassment and increasing reports of sexual and gender-based violence. The Libyan Red Crescent has been preparing for an influx of refugees from Sudan or Chad, with nearly 5,000 people reported to be arriving in Libya by end of 2023. The IFRC Emergency Appeal is supporting the Libyan Red Crescent in addressing these needs and strengthening its readiness for further influxes. The Libyan Red Crescent is prepositioning emergency stocks, engaging with local authorities and coordinating with crisis committees to manage the response and camp management.

Short description of the emergency operational strategy

Given the uncertain situation in Sudan, the operational strategy is focusing on flexibility and adaptability. The Libyan Red Crescent has set its preparedness scenario to be able to support 30,000 people, including refugees and the host population, with a priority on Al Kufrah. The Al Kufrah branch is providing first aid, health care, emergency relief and psychosocial support, with special attention given to the most vulnerable, including women and children.

The response includes providing first aid and ambulance services, health awareness and mental health and psychosocial support. Improved access to safe water is being achieved through water trucking, repairs and hygiene promotion. Emergency shelters and household items are being provided, along with three rounds of unconditional cash assistance to returnees. Basic needs are being met with food supplies and skills development, along with protection measures addressing sexual exploitation, gender-based violence and ensuring safe spaces for vulnerable groups. The response also includes mapping referral networks and integrating community engagement and accountability into all operations.

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES



Climate and environment

Communities and Red Cross and Red Crescent staff and volunteers undertake urgent action to adapt to the rising and evolving risks from the climate and environmental crises

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In 2023, the Libyan Red Crescent planted a total of 2500 trees in Slouk and Ajdhabia and Benghazi in collaboration with local communities and leaders. Additionally, it endeavoured to form a strong network to coordinate collective efforts in combating global warming.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided the National Society with financial support for its tree planting activities through the Empress Shoken Fund.

The IFRC Network contributes to climate change mitigation

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In 2023, the Libyan Red Crescent developed and distributed educational materials on climate change to primary and secondary school students. These initiatives were tailored to emphasize the importance of climate change mitigation. The National Society also engaged with local actors, community members and climate action advocates to raise awareness about climate change. Additionally, it established a dedicated office to address climate change-related issues.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC supported the Libyan Red Crescent in the development of educational resources focusing on the risks of climate change for primary and secondary school children.



Disasters and crises

For real-time emergencies, visit [IFRC GO page Libya](#)

Communities take action to increase their resilience to evolving and multiple shocks and hazards

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In 2023, the Libyan Red Crescent implemented various disaster reduction and risk communication activities. The aim was to create a well-established emergency plan based on the nation's history of disasters, in collaboration with the communities. In the first quarter of 2023, Libya was on alert for potential natural hazards. In response, the Libyan Red Crescent conducted manoeuvres and training drills focused on disaster response, including medical evacuations during earthquakes. Many branches of the National Society increased their preparedness, working collaboratively to enhance their response capabilities.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC supported the National Society by monitoring the activities carried out during the emergency response to Storm Daniel. This tracking helped to gather lessons learned from the disaster, which will be used to strengthen and build a more resilient National Response Team (NRT) and enhance the local response capacity of the Libyan Red Crescent.

People affected by crises and disasters have their needs met through access to in-kind assistance and support that is timely, adequate, and flexible and strengthens their agency

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In September 2023, the eastern region of the country was devastated by Storm Daniel, a catastrophe that claimed the lives of over 5,000 people. The National Society coordinated the emergency response with all international and local actors, identifying intervention priorities and implementing an action plan focused on water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), psychosocial support and mental health as well as health system support and provision of medical services.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC supported the Libyan Red Crescent in the coordination of emergency response. It also provided crucial aid and technical assistance in moving towards the recovery phase of the response and keeping track of activities implemented.



Libyan Red Crescent teams providing first aid and essential items to those affected by Storm Daniel, in September 2023 (Photo: LRCS)



Health and wellbeing

The health and wellbeing of communities is protected and improved through access to sustainable, affordable, appropriate, and quality health services

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In 2023, the Libyan Red Crescent prioritized the implementation of a community-based health and first aid (CBHFA) programme, employing methods such as household visits, direct awareness campaigns and focus groups. It organized and conducted three awareness campaigns on international health days, reaching up to 3,750 community members. Additionally, the National Society deployed medical convoys to Gharb Azzawya in the west, Umm Arrazam and Albrayga in the east, and Ghat, Tazirbu, and Ubari in the south of Libya, serving 4,959 individuals. It also developed a health focal point guide and initiated the process of updating its First Aid guide to ensure comprehensive and current information is available for responders.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC supported the Libyan Red Crescent by providing its health team with 100 First Aid kits. Additionally, the IFRC assisted the National Society in conducting a mapping exercise to determine the number and location of existing health facilities, for a more effective response in emergencies.

The health and dignity of communities in emergencies and disease outbreaks is maintained by providing access to appropriate health services

Progress by the National Society against objectives

Towards the end of 2023, the Libyan Red Crescent revamped its health programmes to prioritize recovery and meet the emerging needs following Storm Daniel, particularly in the eastern region. Additionally, it established a health emergency response unit focusing on mental health in Derna to serve the entire eastern region. Rigorous training sessions were conducted for volunteers, aiming to create a referral centre capable of managing field referrals and offering advanced mental health care and consultation to communities.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC continued to support the Libyan Red Crescent in improving its first aid capacity through the procurement of first aid bags distributed across the branches of the National Society.



Migration and displacement

In 2023, an IFRC Disaster Response Emergency Fund (IFRC-DREF) was approved for the migration crisis at the Tunisia-Libya border.

NAME OF OPERATION	Libya Population Movement Libyan Tunisian Border 2023
MDR-CODE	MDRLY004
DURATION	6 months (29 July 2023 to 31 January 2024)
FUNDING ALLOCATION	CHF 357,308
PEOPLE TARGETED	3,000
DREF OPERATION DOCUMENT	Libya Population Movement Libyan Tunisian Border

The DREF allocation of CHF 357,308 in July 2023 supported the Libyan Red Crescent to assist approximately 3000 migrants who were passing through Tunisia to cross to Europe and were expelled by the Tunisian authorities at the Tunisian borders with other countries including Libya. The National Society supported the affected people over a six-month period with assistance including [water, sanitation and hygiene, shelter, housing and settlements](#), and health services among others.

Migrants and displaced persons have access to humanitarian assistance and protection at key points along migratory routes

Progress by the National Society against objectives

In 2023 the Libyan Red Crescent focused on establishing [humanitarian service points \(HSPs\)](#) to provide essential services including life-saving activities, hygiene kits and training to the displaced people. Essential items such as hygiene kits, blankets and first aid kits were provided to migrants at the Libyan-Egyptian borders in Tobruq, as part of humanitarian support. To enhance its reach, the National Society also put in place migration focal points across its branches to better address the needs of migrants in Libya. The Libyan Red Crescent also collaborated with the government's crisis committee and led the humanitarian aid distribution and shelter management in Al Kufrah. Additionally, it conducted

potable water distribution, installed a drinking water station at the Al Assah displacement camp and distributed thermal blankets to the displaced persons, as part of winter requirements.

IFRC network joint support

In 2023, **the IFRC** supported the National Society in continuing the distribution of hygiene and cleaning kits at the Al Assah displacement camps. It provided technical guidance to the Libyan Red Crescent and helped integrate it into the governmental crisis committee for Al Kufrah. Additionally, it supported the Libyan Red Crescent's involvement in the Sudan Crisis Appeal, focusing on activities related to population movement and accommodating those displaced by the crisis.

National Societies engage with migrants, displaced persons, and host communities to more effectively assess, understand, and respond to their priority needs

Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Libyan Red Crescent focused on internally displaced persons (IDPs) and host communities by integrating quality assurance mechanisms into migration activities and emphasizing minimum standards for humanitarian emergency response for migrants. Additionally, it conducted a comprehensive gender and diversity assessment to enhance referral pathways for migrants and internally displaced persons, for inclusive and tailored support.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC supported the National Society in conducting gender and diversity assessments with displaced persons, migrants and host communities.



Values, power and inclusion

The IFRC Network contributes to a positive change in communities through wider understanding, ownership, dissemination and application of Fundamental Principles and humanitarian values, focusing especially on young people's knowledge, skills, and behaviour

Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Libyan Red Crescent finalized the action plan for online courses such as 'Introduction to Protection and Child Protection', 'Child Protection Risks', 'Mental Health and Psycho-Social Support (MHPSS)', and 'Identification and Referral of Vulnerable Children', in Arabic. These courses were developed in collaboration with UNICEF. It also translated the global protection, gender and inclusion 'training of trainer' kit to Arabic for regional use.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided the National Society with financial and technical support for its interventions.

The IFRC Network is safe and inclusive, ensuring dignity, access, participation, and safety for people of all identities

Progress by the National Society against objectives

The National Society formulated and adopted standard operating procedures for feedback and referral mechanisms and refined its baseline data collection tools. It also developed a programmatic feedback management policy in keeping with its Code of Conduct and ethical standards adhering to community engagement and accountability, protection from exploitation and abuse, corruption prevention and whistleblower protection. The Libyan Red Crescent also reviewed its policy on Prevention and Response to Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA). It assessed technical focal points for gender-based violence (GBV) and developed individualized plans to build their capacities.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided the National Society with technical support in the finalization of its policy for the Prevention and Response to Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA).

The **British Red Cross** also assisted the Libyan Red Crescent with the finalization of its PSEA policy.

People and communities, vulnerable to and affected by crises, are empowered to influence decisions affecting them and trust the IFRC Network to serve their best interest

Progress by the National Society against objectives

The National Society devised and implemented a multisectoral needs assessment tool to analyze and visualize the information gathered to guide its humanitarian response in the aftermath of Storm Daniel. This was done in order to deliver targeted and well-curated aid, addressing the diverse needs of the affected population.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC assisted the Libyan Red Crescent in the development of the multisectoral needs assessment tool.

ENABLING LOCAL ACTORS



Strategic and operational coordination

IFRC membership coordination

IFRC membership coordination involves working with member National Societies to assess the humanitarian context, humanitarian situations and needs; agreeing on common priorities; jointly developing common strategies to address issues such as obtaining greater humanitarian access, acceptance and space; mobilizing funding and other resources; clarifying consistent public messaging; and monitoring progress. This also means ensuring that strategies and programmes in support of people in need, incorporate clarity of humanitarian action, links with development assistance, and efforts to reinforce National Societies in their respective countries, including through their auxiliary role.

The **British Red Cross** provided the National Society with technical support in programme management to achieve common goals during the emergency response in Al Kufrah.

Movement coordination

The Libyan Red Crescent ensures regular exchanges with the IFRC, the International Committee of the Red Cross and participating National Societies, for the alignment of support and action between Movement partners. In times of emergencies, closer coordination is organized. This is carried out in line with the Strengthening Movement Coordination and Cooperation (SMCC) principles, and the newly-adopted [Seville Agreement 2.0](#).

The **ICRC** has been present in Libya since 2011, supporting conflict-affected communities. This includes helping families know the fate of their missing loved ones; promoting the international humanitarian law, improving access to essential services such as healthcare, water, and electricity; supporting physical rehabilitation centres; and empowering communities with livelihood projects.

External coordination

The Libyan Red Crescent is in direct communication with municipalities and community leads at local level. It also engages with the central government of Libya as a member of the strategic committee for migration with the Ministry of Migration.

The National Society's presence throughout Libya makes it a favoured partner of UN agencies, particularly WFP, FAO, UNICEF and UNSMIL. It collaborates closely with IOM on migration issues and with UNFPA to respond to women in need. The Libyan Red Crescent also partners with a number of international non-governmental organizations, including CESVI and the International Rescue Committee.

The National Society also contributes to and engages with other coordination mechanisms in Libya, to synchronize efforts and ensure complementarity, including with the Humanitarian Country Team and thematic working groups under UNOCHA.



National Society Development

The IFRC Network is a network of relevant local organizations who are the trusted partners of choice for local humanitarian action with the capabilities to act in the global network

Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Libyan Red Crescent developed and implemented a National Society development framework plan. It also prepared and implemented internal statutes. Additionally, it finalized rehabilitation plans for five warehouses to expand its logistics capacity and enhance its storage capacity for critical relief and medical supplies, ensuring preparedness for future calamities.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC supported the Libyan Red Crescent with the rehabilitation of its Derna branch which was damaged due to Storm Daniel. It also assisted the National Society to improve its capacity by providing support for the rehabilitation of its warehouses.

The IFRC network prioritizes volunteering development and youth action as critical catalysts of behavioural change and local action, ensuring access and nurturing trust in all contexts

Progress by the National Society against objectives

The National Society established an emergency operations centre at its headquarters and conducted workshops for its staff and volunteers to produce standardized protocols for various emergency response scenarios. It also organized a five-day training of trainer course on to provide psychosocial support networks for its volunteers and staff engaged in humanitarian actions. It also finalized a volunteering policy.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC provided vital support to the National Society for the construction, furnishing and equipping of the emergency operations centre. It also assisted the Libyan Red Crescent in formulating standard operating procedures for responding to emergencies. Additionally, the IFRC also subscribed to 'Accident Insurance Programme' for about 500 Libyan Red Crescent volunteers.



Humanitarian diplomacy

The IFRC network is successful in promoting its image and advocating for change, affecting public behaviour, policies, and decisions on a domestic, regional, and global scale

Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Libyan Red Crescent prioritized enhancing its communications capabilities, making a concerted effort to produce material for the media and the general public. This initiative aimed to provide an overview of its activities, thereby increasing transparency and fostering trust among people.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC advocated for an official presence and signed a status agreement with the head of government in Benghazi. It supported the National Society in advocating for vulnerable individuals affected by various crises, including migrants from the Tunisian borders and those impacted by Storm Daniel. Additionally, it assisted the Libyan Red Crescent in maintaining a continuous dialogue with various ministries and stakeholders to ensure the humanitarian treatment of disaster-affected individuals.



The IFRC network works as a global accountable network

Progress by the National Society against objectives

The Libyan Red Crescent adopted standard operating procedures for feedback and referral mechanisms. It also refined its data collection tools and developed a programmatic feedback management policy to effectively handle complaints and ensure adherence to ethical standards. Additionally, the National Society prepared a human resource development plan and focused on implementing a Code of Conduct.

IFRC network joint support

The IFRC assisted the National Society in ensuring that the feedback management policy aligned with the Movement's broad commitments to community engagement and accountability, protection from exploitation and abuse, corruption prevention, child protection, and whistleblower protection policies.



The International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) is the world's largest humanitarian network, with 191 National Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies and around 15 million volunteers. Our volunteers are present in communities before, during and after a crisis or disaster. We work in the most hard to reach and complex settings in the world, saving lives and promoting human dignity. We support communities to become stronger and more resilient places where people can live safe and healthy lives, and have opportunities to thrive.

DATA SCOPE AND LIMITATIONS

- **Missing data and breakdowns:** National Societies have diverse data collection systems and processes that may not align with the standardized indicators. Data may not be available for some indicators, for some National Societies. This may lead to inconsistencies across different reporting tools as well as potential under or over-estimation of the efforts led by all.
- **Reporting bias:** The data informing this Federation-wide overview is self-reported by each National Society (or its designated support entity) and which is the owner and gatekeeper, and responsible for accuracy and updating. IFRC tries to triangulate the data provided by the National Societies with previous data and other data in the public domain.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- [IFRC Libya 2023 Financial Report](#)

Note: For emergencies for which a financial report is not yet available, see [MDRLY004](#), [MDRLY005](#), [MDRS1001](#)

- [IFRC network country plans](#)
- [Subscribe for updates](#)
- [Live Disaster Response Emergency Fund \(DREF\) data](#)
- Operational information: [IFRC GO platform](#)
- National Society data: [IFRC Federation-wide Databank and Reporting System](#)
- [Evaluations database](#)

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