



Volunteers during initial assessment in Moula

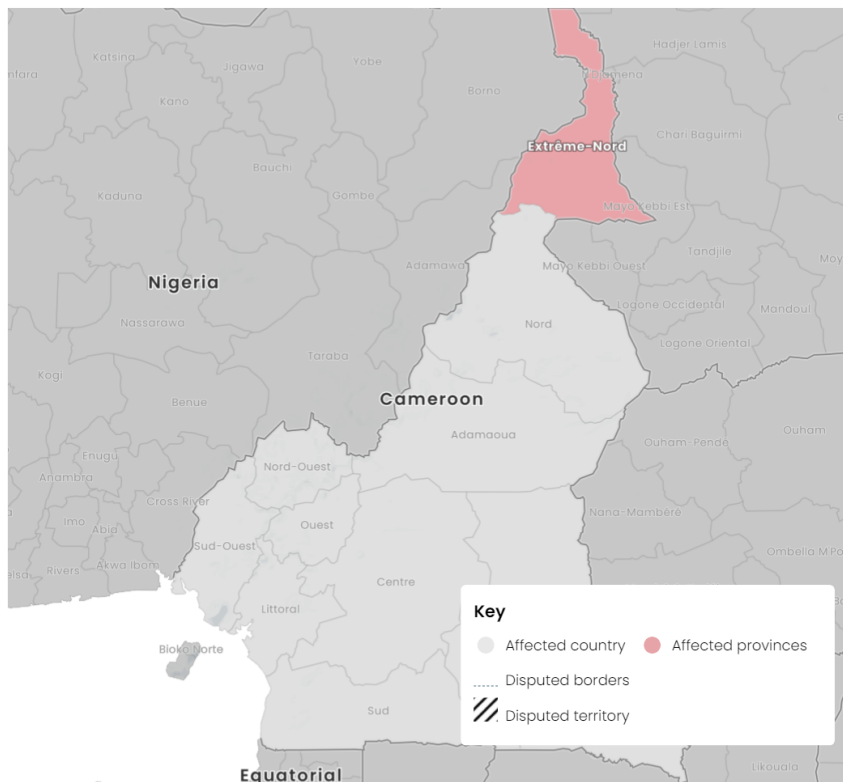
Appeal: MDRCM035	Country: Cameroon	Hazard: Population Movement	Type of DREF Response
Crisis Category: Yellow	Event Onset: Slow	DREF Allocation: CHF 160,003	
Glide Number:	People Affected: 2,401 people	People Targeted: 2,881 people	
Operation Start Date: 2023-09-06	Operation Timeframe: 4 months	Operation End Date: 2024-01-31	DREF Published: 2023-09-12
Targeted Areas:	Extrême-Nord		

Description of the Event



+CIFRC

WRC: Population Displacement - 2023-08 - Population Movement MAYO DANAY
16 août 2023



The maps used do not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies or National Societies concerning the legal status of a territory or of its authorities, Data sources: IFRC, OSM contributors, Map box
Map Sources: ICRC, UN CODs

What happened, where and when?

On August 11, 2023, following heavy torrential rains, the protective dike along Logone River broke on the Chad side, causing heavy flooding in this area bordering Cameroon. Villages along the dike were completely flooded making the area uninhabitable for people. Fields, dwelling houses, livestock were destroyed. The most affected villages are Makaroua, Mirbidim, Mala and Pit-Arrey. Since August 12, these Chadian populations have gradually moved to Cameroon, which is more easily accessible, particularly in village of Moula, Maga district, Mayo Danay Department. Figures of the identification carried out by the administrative authorities show 346 households or 2,401 people affected. These figures could rise as people continue to arrive. These populations were welcomed and temporarily housed by the sub-prefect in the classrooms of public school of Lawaya and high school of Mourla.





Volunteers discussing with community leaders

Scope and Scale

The report of the situation on August 14th, 2023, made by RC branch, stated that the populations arrive gradually and are welcomed by the authorities and the host populations. As soon as they arrive, the authorities house the affected people in the building of Lawaya Public School and Mourla High School. The 346 households surveyed could not carry much belongings with them and therefore live in very precarious conditions that aggravate their vulnerability. As they live in the public school in Mourla, other resettlement areas have been identified in order to relocate them to free up classrooms ahead of start of the academic year in two weeks. The general observation that emerges is that victims live in precarious conditions: homeless, poor access to drinking water (they rely on untreated river water), only have a single latrine and very little food.

Most of these displaced people come from villages of Makaroua, Mirbidim, Mala and Pit-Arey, identified as the most affected. The division of Maga that hosts them is identified as an area at very high risk of flooding. With the rainy season currently in full swing in Far North region, these populations and even host communities remain highly exposed to flood-related consequences such as waterborne diseases and malaria. However, steps are being taken by the Chadian Government to repair broken dike before the end of 2024 to prevent future flooding. Maga District Committee mobilized 22 volunteers and 02 local management managers on the ground. They continue to monitor the developments.

Previous Operations

Has a similar event affected the same area(s) in the last 3 years?	Yes
Did it affect the same population groups?	No
Did the National Society respond?	Yes
Did the National Society request funding from DREF for that event(s)?	Yes
If yes, please specify which operations	MDRCM030 conducted in 2022

Lessons learned

Some lessons learned from the previous operation on population movements:

- Due to late arrival of aid, beneficiaries had moved to other locations. It would therefore be important to be more responsive and faster in the assistance provided to them.
- To avoid delays in assistance, it is recommended that the cluster and NS anticipate processes with Financial Service Provider and field trips for the targeting of beneficiaries.
- In view of the cases of duplication of actions due to insufficient communication, it will be important to strengthen communication with partners on the activities carried out by RC, particularly through participation in coordination meetings and sectoral meetings at level of the Far North region.

Current National Society Actions

Protection, Gender And Inclusion	Sensitization is conducted by volunteers on culture of peace to limit as much as possible the risks of abuses and exclusion.
Water, Sanitation And Hygiene	The volunteers of Maga committee raise awareness among households about food hygiene, environmental sanitation (around homes), and good individual and collective hygiene practices.
Health	Sensitization on hygiene measures, community-based health has been conducted by volunteers since August 11, the date of arrival of the first families. Psychological first aid support was also provided to each family.
Assessment	<p>RC local branch immediately made a rapid assessment of the situation as soon as the first families arrived. Following this, a multisectoral needs assessment was conducted jointly in which Cameroon Red Cross (CRC) participated. This assessment identified the following needs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Lack of access to drinking water.- Lack of access to basic hygiene and sanitation service (latrines, kettles or hand washes, defecation pots for children hygiene kits for women).- Lack of access to health care because of the long distances from the Mourla Health Center, the lack of equipment of this health structure which is the only one in the area.- Food: families do not have enough income to ensure their food satisfactorily and sustainably. Most families have less than one meal a day, with priority being given to children aged 0-5 years, whose number is high i.e. nearly 505 children. The solidarity of the host community is enough to cover this need because due to the lean season in the region and therefore the family granaries are relatively empty and the reserves exhausted, hence the surge in commodity prices.- Nutrition: There have also been cases of malnutrition among children under 5 years of age.- Shelters and essential households' items: At the moment, the victims are relocated to schools; however, it is important to specify that the start of the school year will take place in two weeks' time. The need mainly concerns sleeping equipment, clothes, kitchen utensils.- Protection with the risk of gender-based violence, lack of latrines for women, lack of light source, menstrual hygiene material.
	<p>Internally:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- At the HQ level, DNGC (National Disaster Management Department) coor-



Coordination	<p>dinates with the officials of Mayo Danay Departmental Committee (President and DM person) for the monitoring of the situation, as well as the evaluation. The DNGC immediately informed IFRC Region Office upon receipt of the first information (newsletter). IFRC is providing technical support to CRC in the development of disaster response plan.</p> <p>- Externally, CRC via the divisional branch participates in coordination meetings led by the Sub-divisional officer of Maga, and is part of the crisis management committee at divisional level. CRC also shares information available at its level with OCHA.</p>
National Society Readiness	<p>CRC has trained staff both at headquarters level and at branch level in various fields such as first aid, psychological first aid; Community-Based Health; WASH, CVA, DRR, CEA, PGI, HEALTH.</p> <p>Mayo Danay division has nearly 200 active volunteers, including about 45 in MAGA sub-division with 01 NRT (National Respond Team), 04 first aid monitors; 01 DREF mentor.</p> <p>RC departmental committee is a member of the technical group for flood preparedness.</p>

IFRC Network Actions Related To The Current Event

Secretariat	<p>IFRC supports NS in the development of an emergency response plan and coordinates with other partners within and outside the Movement in this case ECHO and OCHA.</p>
Participating National Societies	<p>French Red Cross, present in the Far North Region, has been informed of the situation by the NS but has not yet specified whether or not it will support CRC.</p>

ICRC Actions Related To The Current Event

Although Maga is not in ICRC's areas of intervention, all information has been informed by Secretary General of CRC but has not yet taken a position.

Other Actors Actions Related To The Current Event

Government has requested international assistance	<p>No</p>
National authorities	<p>Coordination of the care of Chadian disaster victims is carried out by the administrative authority (Sub-divisional officer). On the early days of the arrival of the affected families, Cameroonian government distributed buckets, defecation pots and mosquito nets to the first 186 affected families.</p>
	<p>At the coordination meeting held on 17 August 2023, some partners agreed to conduct a joint multisectoral assessment. Some actors are committed to support the evaluation in each of their area of focus. The following organizations will take part to the assessment: WFP, FAO, UNHCR, IOM, PUI; OCHA, UNICEF, CRC.</p>



UN or other actors

As first actions:

- UNICEF made available for distribution during the multisectoral evaluation of a share of WASH materials including 100 canisters, 60 boxes of soaps, 40 boxes of 10,000 tablets of aquatabs each: 100 defecation pots for children, 100 buckets, 10 kettles. On the other hand, emergency latrine construction kits, i.e., 10 plastic tiles, 01 tarpaulin of 4/50 meters, 10 Belgian shovels, 10 pickaxes, 10 round shovels.
- UNHCR has provided 150 NFI kits and 200 tents.
- AAEDC will donate WASH kits.
- WHO plans to distribute:
 - Oral Rehydration Salts (10 boxes of 100 sachets);
 - Care gloves (3 boxes of 1000 pieces)
 - 1 kit Malaria (3 cartons IEHK 2017, supplementary,
 - Malaria modules: 1/3, 2/3 and 3/3); 1 IEHK kit 2017,
 - Basic Module Renewable Equipment (2 cartons 1/1); 1 kit IEHK 2017, Basic Module Medicine (1 carton);
 - Cholera rapid tests (10 packs of 10 tests);
 - Sprayers (2);
 - 12-liter buckets (50)
 - 1 plastic drum of 120 liters).

Other actors might position themselves after the multisectoral assessment.

Are there major coordination mechanisms in place?

At the level of the Far North Region, various humanitarian actors through the different technical working groups (floods, food security and CWG) held 02 meetings and agreed on a joint multisectoral assessment. CRC has taken the lead for this evaluation led by DM person of the Mayo Danay divisional branch.



Needs (Gaps) Identified



Protection, Gender And Inclusion

Cohabitation is often difficult, especially in the presence of foreigners. In this sense, awareness on the culture of peace is necessary.

Also, with the presence of women and children under 5 years old it will be important that the shelters are sufficiently lit.

In emergency situations, women often find their vulnerability increased and therefore, it will be important to preserve women's dignity through the distribution of dignity kits.



Shelter Housing And Settlements

According to data collected by volunteers, about 346 households migrated to Maga which is more accessible than other localities in Chad following the breach of the dike along Logone River on the Chad side. These households left behind their household equipment (mattresses, blankets, sheets, clothes, kitchen utensils, etc.).

In addition, these populations currently live in public school of Lawaya and High School of Mourla. 03 resettlement sites have been identified by the authorities: the Lawaya site (partially occupied); the Gobo site (partially occupied) and the Houwalaye site (not yet occupied). It is therefore necessary that these sites be developed and that shelters are built to accommodate families in dignified conditions and be equipped with mats, blankets, sheets, buckets, jerry cans, kitchen utensils, and solar lamps.



Community Engagement And Accountability

Displaced communities will only be able to return to their homes at the end of the rainy season and when they are positive that waters have completely receded and the living spaces completely dried, which can take several more months. Locality of Maga like many others in the Far North region is heavily affected by food insecurity and is floodable. Therefore, the peaceful coexistence between the two communities remains a very great challenge as it is true that host communities themselves are very poor. It is important that communities are strongly sensitized to maintain the current peace and solidarity.



Water, Sanitation And Hygiene

Among the needs identified, access to water in terms of collection, treatment and conservation remains a challenge in resettlement sites. Affected population obtain their supplies from the Logone River located at a reasonable distance (about 600m) and drink untreated water. Most people who do not have containers have difficulty collecting and storing water. The few buckets available are shared among several families.

In the current conditions of cohabitation, promiscuity is high and leads to the spread of diseases such as cholera or other skin diseases. It should be noted that Mayo Danay is currently facing a measles epidemic that could very



quickly intensify. These victims therefore need adequate emergency latrines and personal and domestic hygiene equipment.

Hygiene, water, and sanitation problems worsen in emergencies, exacerbating vulnerability of women of reproductive age.

The resettlement sites do not have latrines and the victims use nature to defecate. The fact that rainy season is underway and could extend until October 2023 makes it even more worrying.

To ensure minimum hygiene conditions for disaster victims, WASH activities are urgently needed.



Multi purpose cash grants

Families who have been displaced face alarming food insecurity; These families do not have the income to provide adequate food. The latter, for the most part, consume less than one meal a day; This situation forces them to develop negative coping strategies. Priority is given to children from 0-5 years who are of a considerable number of nearly 298 children, while adults face the deprivation of meals. Thus, the solidarity of host community would not be enough to cover this food need because at this moment the region is on lean season, in the Far North region and therefore the family granaries are practically empty and fields too. This has an impact on rising commodity prices in local markets.

Any identified gaps/limitations in the assessment

The Maga sub-divisional Branch like other local branches in the Mayo Danay division, has limited capacity in terms of intervention equipment. It has no pre-positioned stocks, first aid kits and other equipment for future flooding.

Operational Strategy

Overall objective of the operation

This operation aims to contribute to improving the living conditions of 346 Chadian affected families (2,401 people) and 69 families from the host community (480 people) in the Maga sub-division through a multi-sectoral unconditional cash distribution to cover food and essential household items.

Considering the positioning of other actors on the ground, Cameroon Red Cross has opted for direct assistance through the modality of unconditional and multisectoral cash transfers (food security and essential household items). The food security sector has been identified given the food situation in the Far North region which remains a permanent challenge and the Essential Household Items (EHI) sector given that so far, there is only one partner that has positioned themselves in this sector, according to the report produced by OCHA.

The implementation of the operation will last 04 months.

Operation strategy rationale

This operation has been planned based on the information obtained during the rapid needs assessment made by Maga sub-divisional branch and updated following the joint assessment mission of humanitarian actors in the Far North Region, under coordination of OCHA.

- Cash assistance, target: 415 households.



The CRC intends to provide immediate unconditional and multi-sectoral cash assistance to the 346 affected households as well as 69 households in the host community, i.e. 20% of the affected population, leading to a total of 415 households to be assisted. This approach will benefit affected households as it will enable them to respond effectively to needs not covered by other actors.

The priority sectors targeted by this modality are food security and EHIs. Thus, based on the agreed amount by CWG and the value of the transfer used in Far North region, 64,000 FCFA, will be given to each head of household in a single transfer to meet the needs of these households.

The majority of those affected do not have valid identification documents or mobile phones, which exacerbates their vulnerability. Taking this into account, the operation will prioritize transfers at the counter and on-site distributions. In its strategy to prepare for cash activities, NS already holds framework contracts with PSFs such as MTN and Express Union that are widely used in the area by other stakeholders. In addition, a feasibility study was conducted in October 2022 in the departments of Diamaré, Mayo Kani, Logone and Chari and Mayo Danay, from which it emerged that cash assistance is the preference of beneficiaries, as they can use it safely and freely. Numerous market studies have already been conducted in the area by various humanitarian actors, indicating that the markets are mostly functional and able to meet significant demand. In addition, a cash distribution took place in April 2023 in the localities of Yagoua, Kaikai, Vele, Gobo and Guere without any incident. However, it will still be essential to conduct a feasibility study to confirm the current information/data of the Maga area.

A post-distribution evaluation will be carried out after the distributions to assess the impact of the aid. An initial and final evaluations are also planned.

- Community Engagement and Accountability:

It is essential to engage communities in any humanitarian operation, and even more so for this type of intervention in a complex context. The aim here will therefore be to improve IDPs' effective access to understandable, relevant, and reliable information on available assistance and support. The NS will ensure that humanitarian action is inclusive and integrates the participation of displaced populations in decision-making processes. To do this:

- Information sessions with the displaced population, the host community and the authorities will be organized to clearly explain modality of assistance, criteria for selecting beneficiaries and overall progress of the operation.
- A feedback mechanism will be put in place to monitor the level of satisfaction, suggestions or complaints of the host population and community, including the follow-up of potential actions and rumors, as well as the early identification of potential risks. This helps to improve and build trust with communities of the identified areas. While promoting a culture of transparency, accountability, and peace. Emphasis will be placed on sensitive complaints.
- Registers of information will be filed at the level of the heads of the community committees that will be set up in the localities to ensure inclusive listening.
- Key messages regarding assistance will be produced and translated. These messages will be broadcasted in prime-time programs as well as during the passages of the staff in these programs. These messages will also be broadcasted through USB keys plugged into mobile speakers and difficulties during mass sensitization and even during door-to-door meetings. Posters will also be produced to support these awareness-raising.
- A newsletter will be produced twice a month, and a documentary film will be produced to document the assistance and to serve as advocacy.
- To ensure the smooth running of these activities, volunteers will be trained on the CEA, feedback for two days.

Targeting Strategy

Who will be targeted through this operation?

This operation aims to support 415 households (346 victims and 69 hosts) corresponding to 2,881 people (2,401 victims and 480 hosts). Considering the host community will make it possible to anticipate issues of acceptance and integration.

Explain the selection criteria for the targeted population

The operation will target 415 of the most vulnerable households, distributed as follows:

- All 346 displaced households identified so far, that is 2,401 people.
- 69 households in the host community i.e. 480 people representing 20% of the affected population. The selection of beneficiaries in the host community will prioritize:
 - Households living in resettlement sites,



- Households with a wife or child as head of household,
- Households with people with special needs,
- Households where the head of household has no income,
- Households that do not have a house made of final materials (acceptable),
- The marital status of the head of household (polygamous or monogamous);
- Large families,
- The presence of several children under 5 years of age in the household,
- Number of pregnant and lactating women,
- The number of active persons,
- The number of meals consumed per day,
- Household/family facilities,
- Duration of coverage of household food needs,
- Ownership of assets (livestock per capita by category, land, number of poultry, small/large ruminants,
- Access to land,
- The area of land owned,
- Access to housing,
- The state of the house.

Total Targeted Population

Women:	1,418	Rural %	Urban %
Girls (under 18):	311	100 %	%
Men:	1,002	People with disabilities (estimated %)	
Boys (under 18):	150	0.30 %	
Total targeted population:	2,881		

Risk and security considerations

Please indicate about potential operational risk for this operations and mitigation actions

Risk	Mitigation action
Abuses related to cash distribution in resettlement sites	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -□ Community sensitization. -□ Engagement of authorities, community leaders, communities, and stakeholders. -□ Including vulnerable people from the host community as beneficiaries in the project.
Limited acceptance of affected communities in the host community	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -□ Advocacy is made with communities and leaders. -□ Host population and communities affected are sensitized on the culture of peace. -□ Include vulnerable people from the host community as beneficiaries in the project.
Discontent of non-beneficiary host communities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -□ Sensitization of host communities on the project. -□ Raising awareness of selection criteria. -□ Discussing selection criteria with stakeholders and the community.



Difficulties in accessing civilian documentation for displaced persons that may limit their access to assistance	Actions with PSFs had already been taken in the past to address this risk. Thus, on-site distributions with the assistance of agents and mass disbursements are sufficient to meet this difficulty.
Increase in the prices of necessities including rice; oils; bread; milk etc.	Thanks to price monitoring, this risk will be controlled, and an alert threshold set (more than 10% of the initial price).
Inaccessibility of areas / impassability of roads in conflict-affected areas or in the rainy season	CRC is present throughout the country and with its extensive network of volunteers, access will be easy.

Please indicate any security and safety concerns for this operation


Security context in the Far North Region has been volatile for nearly a decade. Many conflicts between non-State armed groups and regular armies have been recorded. This situation makes the authorities and communities suspicious of the presence of people from neighboring countries affected by the conflict, especially since they have difficulty possessing identity documents.

In addition, the communal tensions in this part of the country recorded in 2021 is another important factor to consider in this context. Especially since it has just as involved the communities bordering these two neighboring countries.

In addition, the communal tensions in this part of the country recorded in 2021 is another important factor to consider.




Planned Intervention

	Secretariat Services	Budget	CHF 0
		Targeted Persons	26
Indicators		Target	
Number of lessons learned workshops		1	
Number of Surge deployed		1	
Number of follow-up missions		3	
Priority Actions:		<p>IFRC Yaoundé delegation team will provide local and remote support for this operation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Deployment of a Surge in charge of operations to support the National Society in implementation for 3 months. - Follow-up of the operation and supporting the update and closing of this intervention through 3 staffs (CASH, program, and finance manager). - Lessons learned Workshop. - Cash manager of IFRC Yaoundé Delegation mission at the beginning of the operation to support NS cash team and to facilitate the response by cash. - Delegation's logistics team support for the procurement of equipment and its delivery to the field. - PMER, ECA, PGI and security staff of delegation will provide support not only for implementation and PDM. - Communication manager field mission to cover distribution activities. - Supervisory mission at the managerial level will take place in the field with management of the National Society to strengthen the auxiliary role of NS and the advocacy with the authorities and partners 	

	National Society Strengthening	Budget	CHF 46,220
		Targeted Persons	26
Indicators		Target	
Number of operational missions		3	
# of insured volunteers		26	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Field monitoring missions for operational support to activities. • Management mission for advocacy with the authorities and 	

Priority Actions:	<p>strengthening of the auxiliary role of the public authorities of NS.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strengthening of RC departmental committee. • Subscription of volunteer insurance.
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	Community Engagement And Accountability	Budget	CHF 2,834
		Targeted Persons	5879
Indicators		Target	
# of visits done for feedback collection.		16	
% of feedbacks received and addressed.		100	
Priority Actions:		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Training of 20 volunteers and 02 supervisors on CEA and feedback. - Organization of information sessions with displaced and host communities on selection criteria. - Implementation of a feedback mechanism. - Production and translation of key messages. - Awareness-raising of proximities through focus groups and VAD. - Broadcasting of 4 radio programmes. 	

	Multi-purpose Cash	Budget	CHF 110,949
		Targeted Persons	2881
Indicators		Target	
Number of households receiving assistance in Cash		415	
% of people who report that they used more than 50% of their cash for food and EHHIss		70	
% of recipients who report eating more than 2 meals per day		70	
Priority Actions:		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Stakeholder briefing on the project. - Cash feasibility and market study. - Community awareness of the project in a comprehensive manner and methodology. - Establishment of targeting and complaint management committees. - Training of different committees on their roles and responsibilities. - Preparatory meeting with PSF & contractualization. 	



- Training of 20 volunteers and 06 supervisors on CVA fundamental, and data collection.
- Targeting of beneficiaries and baseline assessment.
- Cash distribution to 415 household chiefs.
- Awareness of beneficiaries on the assistance modality and visits to domiciles.
- Post-distribution monitoring & endline assessment.

About Support Services

How many staff and volunteers will be involved in this operation. Briefly describe their role.

This operation will mobilize:

- 20 volunteers who will be responsible for carrying out the activities and reporting directly to the supervisors.
- 06 supervisors who will oversee coordinating the operation in the field, they will report directly to the local management.
- 01 Coordinator at headquarters level responsible for the implementation of operations.
- 01 CVA focal point, to support cash assistance.
- 01 ECA focal point to develop information collection tools, analyze, and manage feedback; and more generally coordinate the implementation of the ECA strategy.
- 01 PMER in charge of monitoring and evaluation.
- 01 finance assistant in charge of financial monitoring and reporting.

Will surge personnel be deployed? Please provide the role profile needed.

To support the management of this operation, the cluster will deploy a Surge with operations management profile for a period of 03 months.

If there is procurement, will it be done by National Society or IFRC?

Cash-related procedures with the PSF will be done by IFRC

How will this operation be monitored?

These activities will be monitored as follows:

- Two supervision missions (1 targeting mission + 1 cash distribution mission) will be carried out by NS staff.
- A PDM will be organized after distributions and will be subject of a monitoring mission.
- A CRC and IFRC management mission will be organized.
- A lessons learned workshop will be organized at the end of the operation

Please briefly explain the National Societies communication strategy for this operation.

For this operation, NS will conduct both mass communication through radio broadcasts that will communicate on the actions of CRC, radio spots; than local communication through home visits and focus groups.



Budget Overview



DREF OPERATION

MDRCM035 - Croix-Rouge Camerounaise Mouvement de Populations dans le Mayo-Danay

Operating Budget

Planned Operations	113 783
Shelter and Basic Household Items	0
Livelihoods	0
Multi-purpose Cash	110 949
Health	0
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	0
Protection, Gender and Inclusion	0
Education	0
Migration	0
Risk Reduction, Climate Adaptation and Recovery	0
Community Engagement and Accountability	2 834
Environmental Sustainability	0
Enabling Approaches	46 220
Coordination and Partnerships	0
Secretariat Services	0
National Society Strengthening	46 220
TOTAL BUDGET	160 003

all amounts in Swiss Francs (CHF)



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For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

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