



Damaged house in Kuhistoni Mastchoh. Photo credit: RCST.

Appeal: MDRTJ035	Country: Tajikistan	Hazard: Earthquake	Type of DREF Response
Crisis Category: Yellow	Event Onset: Sudden	DREF Allocation: CHF 188,888	
Glide Number: EQ-2023-000043-TJK	People Affected: 2,202 people	People Targeted: 1,908 people	
Operation Start Date: 2023-04-07	Operation Timeframe: 4 months	Operation End Date: 2023-08-31	DREF Published: 2023-04-11
Targeted Areas:	Districts of Republican Subordination, Sughd		

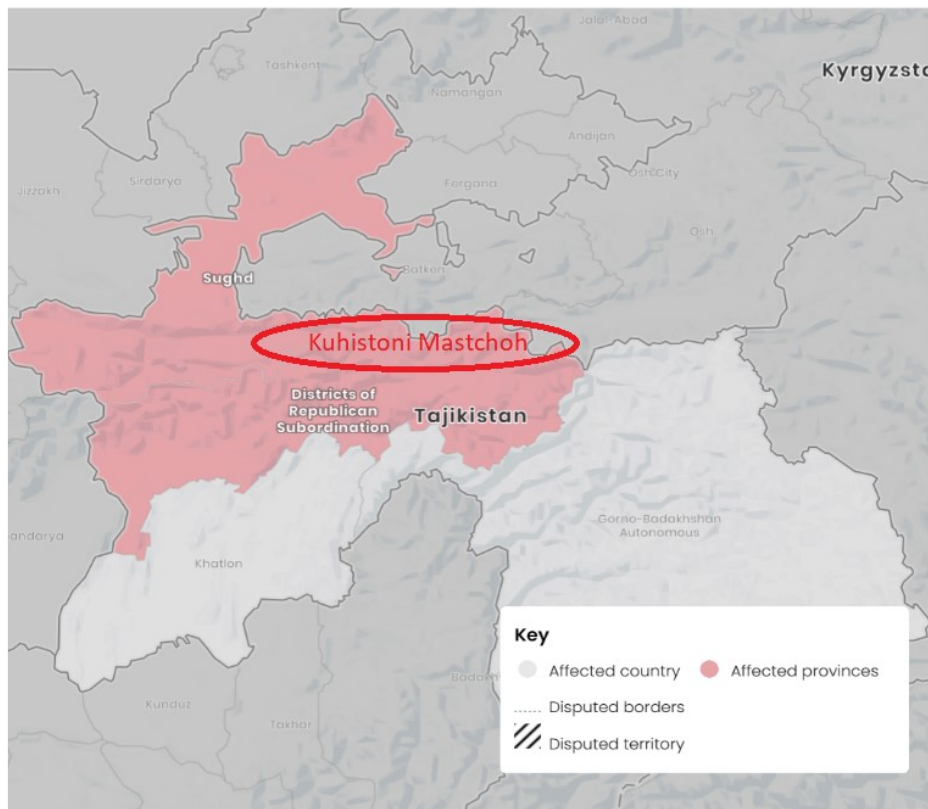
Description of the Event



+CIFRC

TJK: Earthquake - 2023-03 - Earthquake in Tajikistan

25 марта 2023 г.



The maps used do not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies or National Societies concerning the legal status of a territory or of its authorities, Data sources: IFRC, OSM contributors, Map box.
Map Sources: ICRC, UN CODs ⓘ

Map of Tajikistan and the affected area

What happened, where and when?

On 23 March 2023, two earthquakes were registered on the territory of Tajikistan. The first one occurred at 1:07 local time. The epicenter of the earthquake was registered 6-7 km away from Paldorak village, Langar rural jamoat of Kuhistoni Mastchoh district of Sughd Region. The intensity of the first tremors was of 5 to 6 magnitude in the aforementioned districts, 4 to 5 magnitude in Rasht district, and 3 to 4 magnitude as measured in Dushanbe city.

The second earthquake occurred at a depth of 40 km at 07:53 local time, with a magnitude of 4.8. In Dushanbe, the intensity of the tremors was 1 to 2 magnitudes and a tremor of 2 magnitudes struck Rasht district. According to preliminary information, no deaths were reported, however, three residents of the Kuhistoni Mastchoh district were injured.





Damage assessment in the affected area



Damage assessment in the affected area

Scope and Scale

On 28 March 2023, Tajikistan Governmental Commission on damages identified the scale of damages and losses, that include 318 damaged houses in Kuhistoni Mashoh district of Sughd province. All damaged properties were inspected by the Emergency Situations Commission in Paldorak, Yarm, and Pakshif villages of Langar rural jamoat of Kuhistoni Mashoh district. Paldorak village was affected the most with 165 houses damaged. In Pakshif village 49 houses, in Yarm- 23, in Dashti Miyona -11, in Dehmanoro -18, in Rogh - 44, in Samjon - 7 and in Khudqifi Bolo -7 houses were damaged by the earthquake. All damaged houses and auxiliary structures were built in the 1970s and 80s. The damaged structures are located on hills and had weak foundations, the earthquake has damaged walls and timber structures, rendering these homes unsafe.

Since Kuhistoni Mastchoh is a mountainous district, it suffers from irrigation land scarcity. Majority of the population is engaged in cattle breeding and agriculture. The key agriculture product is potato growing. The earthquake destroyed many cattle sheds, killing a significant number of big and small cattle - in total, 18 heads of cattle, 27 heads of small cattle and two horses. The 750-meter irrigation canal, which was damaged by the earthquake, deteriorated the vulnerability of population engaged in agriculture. This canal has also served as a drinking water source. Since the canal was damaged affected people are forced to fetch water from long distances.

Rasht and Nurobod districts of Republican Subordination were also affected. According to the Damage Estimation Commission report, 49 houses were significantly damaged in Rasht and Nurobod districts. 32 houses were slightly damaged in affected villages of Rasht district: Porvoq - 15 houses, Duoba - five houses, Saridasht - two houses, Tagoba - three houses, Mulobadal - five houses, Khurikhami - one house, and Pojei Poyon - one house; and 29 houses slightly damaged in affected villages of Nurobod district: Kalnazar- five houses; Kabutiyon - four houses, Pandovchi - three houses, and Tegirmi - 17 houses.

Previous Operations

Has a similar event affected the same area(s) in the last 3 years?	No
Did it affect the same population groups?	No
Did the National Society respond?	No

Did the National Society request funding from DREF for that event(s)?	No
If yes, please specify which operations	-
Lessons learned N/A	

Current National Society Actions

Shelter, Housing And Settlements	<p>The Committee of Emergency Situations and Civil Defense of Tajikistan (CoES) and volunteers are supporting the affected population with cleaning the roads and debris removal.</p> <p>The Government has provided the construction materials to those affected. More details are provided under the resource mobilization section.</p>
National Society EOC	<p>From the first day, RCST activated its Emergency Operations Center (EOC) in Dushanbe city under the Leadership of the Deputy Secretary General. The members of EOC are mainly from Disaster Management, Health, Organization Development, Logistics, and Finance Departments.</p>
Activation Of Contingency Plans	<p>The existing RCST National Contingency Plan (CP) is with an earthquake scenario in Gorno Badakhshan Autonomous Oblast (GBAO), which is linked to the Interagency Contingency Plan of Tajikistan. Activation of CP is not planned so far.</p>
Resource Mobilization	<p>N/A, please see sections on National and Local Authorities' as well as assistance mobilized by NGOs.</p>
Coordination	<p>Also, RCST is in constant contact with the CoES and Rapid Emergency Assessment and Coordination Team (REACT) Secretariat in Dushanbe city since the first hours after the disaster occurred.</p> <p>RCST is coordinating all response activities with the CoES, Sughd Regional Administration, and local authorities and IFRC.</p>
Assessment	<p>On 28 March 2023, the Tajikistan Governmental Commission on damages identified damages and losses, including 367 houses damaged in Sughd province and Districts of Republican Subordination. Operations Centers (Shtab) were set up in each disaster-affected district, which collect and analyze relevant information and coordinate the relevant response activities.</p> <p>The National Emergency Response Commission led by the CoES Chairman was tasked to conduct damage assessment in the disaster area from the early onset of the disaster. The local branches of CoES, the Ministry of Internal Affairs, and medical centers were mobilized to conduct rescue operations and evacuate affected people to safe areas such as schools, mosques, and relatives' houses in neighboring villages.</p> <p>In all affected districts, the central government mobilized its structures to rehabilitate the damaged infrastructure (cleaning roads and ditches, restoring</p>



	<p>electricity lines, and providing clean drinking water) within its capacity and together with private sector actors started organizing distribution of drinking water and food from neighboring villages around the affected localities.</p> <p>CoES forces were mobilized to conduct search and rescue operations in the affected areas following the earthquake on 23 March 2023.</p>
National Society Readiness	<p>RCST has more than 12,000 members, 950 primary organizations, and more than 11,000 volunteers. RCST is consisted of two provincial, two regional, 16 city, and 49 district branches and has in total 69 branches.</p> <p>In summary, during the early response phase, the RCST has primarily focused on Psychological First Aid, evacuation, clearing of debris from public infrastructure and clearing affected households, WASH activities and launching rapid assessments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - RCST Kuhistoni Mastchoh branch's staff and volunteers were on the ground from the onset of the disaster, starting from 23 March. Disaster Management volunteers informed the Emergency Response Center (ERC) in Sughd province, and started early action by conducting rapid assessments; providing support to the affected population by rendering psychological first aid; and joined the CoES teams in evacuating the population to safer places and assisted the affected households in cleaning their homes. - 20 RCST volunteers and 12 National Disaster Response Teams (NDRT) members were involved in the affected areas. - RCST volunteers provided psychological first aid for 62 affected people. RCST continues to provide psychological first aid. In addition, they continue helping the affected families with cleaning their homes and conducting short sessions on hygiene and water sanitation issues. - In addition, six RCST staff members from Headquarters (HQ) and Sughd provincial branch, Emergency Preparedness and Response (EPR), Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS), Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA), and Cash and Voucher Assistance (CVA) teams were mobilized to provide a more detailed assessment of the affected areas. - On 28 March, RCST issued a field report on the IFRC GO platform followed by situation updates indicating the need for a DREF operation following the official request of local authorities on 28 March 2023. RCST updated the information on the disaster on the IFRC GO Platform accordingly.
Multi-purpose Cash	<p>Cash and Voucher Assistance (CVA) teams were mobilized to provide a more detailed assessment of the affected areas.</p>
Community Engagement And Accountability	<p>Red Crescent Society of Tajikistan (RCST) consulted with the affected people in the areas of operations regarding their needs and included findings into the assessment report.</p>
Protection, Gender And Inclusion	<p>As part of Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI) strategy, while prioritizing the needs of affected population, female-headed families and families with multiple children are being prioritized.</p>
Water, Sanitation And Hygiene	<p>Local authorities provided drinking water to households living in areas affected by the earthquake, as the 750-meter water canal, which served as a drinking and irrigation source, was damaged by the disaster. Other water</p>



	sources have been polluted by the earthquake and were deemed unfit for human consumption.
Livelihoods And Basic Needs	The affected population was provided with hygiene kits to meet their basic needs, as well as with food. More details are provided under the resource mobilization section.
Health	RCST volunteers provided psychological first aid for 62 affected people since the first days of the earthquake occurred. This activity is still ongoing.

Movement Partners Actions Related To The Current Event

IFRC	IFRC Country Cluster Delegation team has been working closely with RCST, and has been providing technical support for the development of response plans and this DREF application.
ICRC	N/A
Participating National Societies	N/A

Other Actors Actions Related To The Current Event

Government has requested international assistance	Yes
National authorities	<p>The local authority of Kuhistoni Mastchoh (hukumat) sent an official letter on 28 March 2023 to RCST, requesting assistance for the affected population.</p> <p>Assistance provided by National and local authorities of Tajikistan to support the earthquake-affected population: The local government of Sughd province and Rasht district provided food items, construction materials and shelter to affected people.</p> <p>Food assistance: - 10,000 kg of wheat flour, 700 lt of oil, 100 kg of meat, 400 kg of macaroni, 1000 kg of rice, 100 kg of carrot, 100 kg of onion, and 1,000 loaves of bread were delivered to Kuhistoni Maschoh district of Sughd province; - 1,600 kg of wheat flour, 160 lt of oil, and 320 kg of rice were delivered to the Rasht district of Sughd province.</p> <p>Construction materials: - Roofing slate-300 pcs, cement-111,6 tone, wood- four cube, and 79 family tents for Kuhistoni Maschoh district of Sughd province.</p>
UN or other actors	Assistance provided by Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) and other actors to support the earthquake-affected population: King Salman Humanitarian Aid and Relief Center provided non-food Items

(NFIs) for the affected population in Kuhistoni Mastchoh of Sughd province, namely 320 coal-stoves, 6,400 kg of coal, and 960 blankets.

Are there major coordination mechanisms in place?



Needs (Gaps) Identified



Health

MHPSS is one of the main health needs of the affected people, due to losses suffered and the psychological strain caused by aftershocks.



Livelihoods And Basic Needs

Needs analysis:

Preliminary assessments indicate that the affected families lost their houses and cattle, which is the main source of income for most of them. In total, 318 households whose homes are totally or partially damaged will be provided with cash grants to cope with the consequences of the earthquake.

Risk analysis:

365 households have been affected by the earthquake and it is challenging to categorize the level of damages to shelter, household items, and livelihoods, which may lead to difficulties in selecting beneficiaries. The NS HQ will closely monitor and provide technical support to its regional and district branches, and at the same time work closely with local authorities in the beneficiary selection process to ensure the process is accountable and transparent.



Water, Sanitation And Hygiene

Needs analysis:

RCST identified needs that hygiene kits, dignity kits, and access to drinking water and sanitation facilities as the main Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) needs of the affected population. Based on the needs assessment, 318 hygiene kits will be distributed to the affected population.

Risk analysis:

There is a requirement to have good coordination among partners, the health sector actors and local government, and to monitor the quality of sanitation improvement and hygiene promotion sessions and campaigns, as well as participation and attracting attention of local people.



Shelter Housing And Settlements

Needs analysis:

According to the last information received from CoES, 363 houses were partially damaged and 4 houses fully destroyed. The primary needs are construction materials and construction tools, including roof, boards, nails, and others. Construction of fully destroyed houses and maintenance of partially destroyed houses are the priority.

People whose houses were either fully or partially damaged will stay with their relatives, until they can rebuild their houses.

Risk analysis:

The NS HQ will closely monitor and provide technical support to the regional and district branches; and at the same time work closely with local authorities in the beneficiary selection process to ensure the process is accountable and transparent.

Operational Strategy

Overall objective of the operation

The overall operational objective is to provide relief assistance for four months to families in Kuhistoni Mastchoh district of Sughd province (1,908 people) by the provision of multi-purpose cash assistance and other modalities of assistance for 318 affected families.

Cash payment in the amount of CHF 356 per family is calculated based on the transfer value calculation described under planned interventions below, and will be provided to support the affected families to cover loss of income, pay for construction workers and meet basic needs in food.

In addition to cash support, this operation envisages conducting a hygiene promotion campaign to 7,500 people who live in the affected areas, and providing MHPSS to affected vulnerable children and women. To restore the irrigation and drinking water supply, fuel will be provided to support the cleaning efforts. Shelter support will include the distribution of construction toolboxes.

Operation strategy rationale

RCST's response strategy is to assist directly 318 families/1,908 people affected by the earthquake with addressing their immediate and basic needs during the next four months.

Indirectly, RCST will cover 7,500 people from affected villages with information materials and hygiene promotion. The total number of people to be reached under WASH responses directly is 318 households. Information and messages on safe sanitation and hygiene to be delivered through awareness-raising materials, including two types of information materials on WASH titled "Water for life" and "Fresh water is safe".

Targeting Strategy

Who will be targeted through this operation?

This operation will directly target 318 families/1,908 people with WASH/Health support; while 318 households/1,908 people with completely or partially damaged houses, and those, who lost cattle or income-generating property, will receive multipurpose cash assistance. These 318 families were identified during the assessment in coordination with National Emergency Response Commission representatives, local authorities, and representatives of people affected by the earthquake.

Explain the selection criteria for the targeted population

Due to the fact that most damages occurred in Kuhistoni Mastchoh district as a result of the earthquake, RCST will cover 318 families, who lost fully or partially their houses, and those, who lost cattle or income-generating property in that location. RCST did not include 49 households from districts of Republican Subordination because their houses were lightly damaged.



RCST will prioritize and target families based on the criteria that these families were heavily affected by the earthquake, who had full or partial destruction of houses, or the ones who lost cattle or income-generating property. These 318 families, who had their homes completely or partially destroyed; or lost cattle or income-generating property were already identified during the assessment in coordination with the National Emergency Response Commission representatives and local authorities.

Total Targeted Population

Women:	348	Rural %	Urban %
Girls (under 18):	644	100 %	%
Men:	321	People with disabilities (estimated %)	
Boys (under 18):	595	1.30 %	
Total targeted population:	1,908		

Risk and security considerations

Please indicate about potential operational risk for this operations and mitigation actions


Risk	Mitigation action
No severe risks and security concerns have been identified that would potentially affect the operations. However, the State Agency for Hydrometeorology of Tajikistan forecasts continued heavy rain and snow melting from mountains, which increases water levels in rivers and stone fall.	In case of another disaster, RCST will activate its contingency plan and deploy its existing disaster response capacities from all over the country.


Please indicate any security and safety concerns for this operation


The safety and security of all involved parties will be of utmost importance, especially the NS's volunteers. The staff and volunteers will be refreshed with security measures and procedures, while RCST will be duly coordinating on daily basis with development and national partners the security situation in target communities. COVID-19 precaution measures will be taken into account. RCST staff and volunteers will maintain personal protective equipment (PPE) and physical distancing when delivering direct assistance to people. PPE will be used by both assistance providers and affected people. RCST staff, NDRT, and local volunteers are trained on protective measures against COVID-19.



Planned Intervention

	Shelter Housing And Settlements	Budget	CHF 20,157
		Targeted Persons	1908
Indicators		Target	
Number of households		318	
Priority Actions:		To ensure timely construction works, each affected household will be provided with one construction toolbox. It means that affected households will not spend money to purchase the construction tools.	

	Livelihoods And Basic Needs	Budget	CHF 1,171
		Targeted Persons	7500
Indicators		Target	
Priority Actions:		The main source of irrigation and drinking is the 750-meter canal was destroyed during the earthquake. This canal irrigates over 30 ha of household yards and farms in Kuhistoni Mastchoh. To address this issue, RCST is planning to provide fuel to CoES and local authorities for cleaning this irrigation canal. It will be a joint action, where RCST will be providing fuel, while CoES and the local authorities will provide machinery for cleaning works.	

	Multi-purpose Cash	Budget	CHF 112,195
		Targeted Persons	1908
Indicators		Target	
Number of NDRT members and volunteers for CVA involved in the operation		32	
Number of families provided with multi-purpose cash		318	
Number of people provided with multipurpose cash		1908	
		From February 17 to March 10, 2023, RCST announced a bid on providing financial services for the vulnerable population. By the	

Priority Actions:

set deadline, no financial institutions showed interest in participating in the bid and did not submit their offers. In this regard, RCST suggests using the current agreement with OJSC Orien Bank. On the basis of an existing agreement with this financial service provider, in a previous programme, RCST has already assisted more than 500 families with cash via bank transfer in northern Tajikistan. In parallel, RCST will continue directly approaching the functioning banks in the country, which have branches country-wide to establish a long-term agreement, following IFRC rules and procedures.


Under this activity RCST will:

- Prepare a list of affected households and information for the bank.
- Verify the list of affected families through the digital data collection system/Kobo.
- Agree on the mode of cash transfer and initiate appropriate procurement procedures based on IFRC standards.
- Ensure that information on feedback channels among beneficiaries is shared, where any information on abuse, psychological first aid needs, and fraud can be submitted.
- Ensure that risks are taken into account and mitigation measures are addressed.
- Conduct post-distribution monitoring and client satisfaction survey.

Cash payment in the amount of 356 CHF per family is calculated based on the following transfer value calculation, which was also used within the previous DREF operation MDRTJ032. An average family consists of six people, where two parents and one older family member are working. To rebuild the destroyed or damaged houses in shortest period most of the affected working-age population will be supporting with the reconstruction works of their houses. To cover a part of the most urgent needs and in absence of an official minimum expenditure basket (MEB), 3,600 TJS/356 CHF will be distributed. This amount is calculated based on the minimum salary per family (3 people x 600 TJS= 1,800 TJS), the average transfer value multiplied by two months (2 months x 1,800 TJS = 3,600 TJS/ 356 CHF for 2-month period). Since nearest branch of the bank is 65 km away from the affected villages, the selected bank will be asked to deliver the cash to the affected areas for distribution. The same approach was used within the framework of the Emergency Appeal project on Population movement in Tajikistan.

	Water, Sanitation And Hygiene	Budget	CHF 11,831
		Targeted Persons	7500
Indicators		Target	
		318	

Number of families directly covered by hygiene promotion	
Number of people indirectly covered by hygiene promotion	7500
Number of NDRT members and Volunteers for hygiene promotion involved in the operation	32
Priority Actions:	<p>The target groups will be 318 families/1,908 people whose houses were fully or partially damaged, or the families, who lost cattle of income-generating property; and 7,500 people who live in the affected villages.</p> <p>Distribution of information materials on WASH titled “Water for life” and “Fresh water is safe” and hygiene promotion sessions will be conducted among 7,500 people who live in the affected areas.</p> <p>Short learning sessions will be conducted on using family hygiene kits, which will be distributed by CoES among 318 families.</p>

	Protection, Gender And Inclusion	Budget	CHF 0
		Targeted Persons	1908
Indicators	Target		
Priority Actions:	<p>Specific measures will be adopted to make sure that the distribution process will be inclusive and gender sensitive. In addition, the registration lists will be prepared in collaboration with the local administration centres (Jamoats) in order to make sure that the people mostly exposed to isolation or risk to be excluded from the intervention receive specific attention and their needs are addressed, including people with disabilities. Different channels of communication will be used to make sure that information is widespread, and everybody has access to. Distribution points or door to door will be considered to avoid exclusion. Specific attention will be given to gender, making sure that time, location and access are suitable to different groups and eventually separated, based on gender sensitivity. In case of cash distribution, women will be taken into consideration as the ones who are taking decisions on its use.</p>		

	Community Engagement And Accountability	Budget	CHF 0
		Targeted Persons	1908
Indicators	Target		

Priority Actions:

RCST will ensure that affected people in the areas of operations are included in the response and recovery process, consulted regarding their needs, and understand what and why the assistance is being provided, to whom it is provided and the selection criteria. Hygiene promotion campaigns will be based on community participation with active engagement and involvement of affected people. Post distribution monitoring will include satisfaction and quality elements to ensure data collected reflects recipients' experiences of RCST services and activities and provides guidance for identification of best practice and future adaptation and improvement. Appropriate feedback and response mechanisms will be in place to ensure people affected by the emergency and RCST activities can effectively and in a timely manner provide feedback and raise issues, and that this is acted on, with resulting actions reported back to individuals and communities.

	National Society Strengthening	Budget	CHF 37,243
		Targeted Persons	4
Indicators	Target		
Number of volunteers insured	32		
Number of staff covered, NS PMER Officer, HQ,	1		
Number of staff covered, NS Finance officer based in HQ,	1		
Number of staff covered, NS Sugd provincial officer	1		
Number of staff covered, NS DREF Focal point based in HQ 100%:	1		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• One DREF Focal Point based in HQ Key responsibilities: Responsible for the overall implementation of the DREF project; Supervises the DREF implementation team; Oversees coordination with all in-country partners during implementation of the DREF project; Ensures coordination with RCST leadership in terms of progress on activities in the operation. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• One Sughd Provincial Officer Key responsibilities: Coordinates with local authorities and communities to ensure timely implementation of activities; Responsible for the distribution of CVA, hygiene promotion, and others; Coordinates and monitors NDRT team and volunteers' activities in the affected areas;		

Priority Actions:

Provides updated information/data to NS HQ for reporting purposes.

- One Finance Officer based in HQ - 1

Key responsibilities:

Identifies banks for cash and voucher assistance;

Supports Finance Officer of the Sughd branch for submission of financial reports to NS HQ and IFRC;

Coordinates financial transfer funds to Sughd;

Responsible for the preparation of financial reports to IFRC in coordination with the DREF Focal Point.

- One NS PMER Officer based in HQ

Key responsibilities:

Monitors field activities;

Prepares bi-weekly, monthly situation reports and will be responsible for the submission of final narrative report. Following the lessons learnt workshop drafts and submits a report on it.

The abovementioned staff will be fully in charge the project implementation, monitoring and reporting.

About Support Services

How many staff and volunteers will be involved in this operation. Briefly describe their role.

In general, RCST involved the following personnel in this operation:

- 10 NS staff members from HQ, Sughd province, and district branches, Head of DM Department, EPR, CVA, PGI, CEA, and DM Coordinator;
- 12 NDRT members (Sughd branch);
- 20 volunteers (Kuhistoni Mastchoh branch);
- 1 executive secretary of Kuhistoni Mastchoh branch.

RCST staff will be fully in charge of the project implementation, monitoring, and reporting.

If there is procurement, will it be done by National Society or IFRC?

The procurement is expected to be led by the RCST with IFRC CCD supporting with adherence to IFRC standards and procedures.

How will this operation be monitored?

The activities under this DREF will be monitored on regular basis and reported on monthly basis by the RCST. Ongoing monitoring visits and meetings, support delivery, and coordination, as well as initial results, will inform follow-up actions and discussions with communities and partners. The IFRC DM Programme Coordinator will coordinate monitoring and evaluation together with project staff and with the support of a dedicated Planning, Monitoring, Evaluation, and Reporting team in the IFRC CCD for Central Asia based in Bishkek. Project staff will be responsible for data collection and preparation of reports. Various monitoring tools will be used, including but not limited to beneficiary surveys, interviews of volunteers and target groups, reports from local project coordinators, and media coverage of the projects.

As per requirements, IFRC will use the expertise available within the organization or from partners to provide regular support and guidance to the RCST. Monitoring and evaluation of project activities will be carried out based on the results framework containing indicators and targets.



Please briefly explain the National Societies communication strategy for this operation.

A press release will be prepared in Tajik and English to be disseminated through the REACT, as well as posted on the NS official website and social platforms. Photos will be taken on the operation sites and disseminated both via REACT and the RCST website. RCST field staff and volunteers will be available for media interviews after preliminary coordination with the RCST Head of DM Department and Communications Officer. The Regional Office for Europe Communications team will share pictures and information on the activities via its social media account.

Budget Overview



DREF OPERATION

MDRTJ035 - Tajikistan Red Crescent Society Tajikistan Earthquake Response

Operating Budget

Planned Operations	145,354
Shelter and Basic Household Items	20,157
Livelihoods	1,171
Multi-purpose Cash	112,195
Health	0
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	11,831
Protection, Gender and Inclusion	0
Education	0
Migration	0
Risk Reduction, Climate Adaptation and Recovery	0
Community Engagement and Accountability	0
Environmental Sustainability	0
Enabling Approaches	43,533
Coordination and Partnerships	6,290
Secretariat Services	0
National Society Strengthening	37,243
TOTAL BUDGET	188,888

all amounts in Swiss Francs (CHF)



Contact Information

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

- **National Society contact:**

Payrav Imomov, Deputy Head of DM Department, payrav.imomov@mail.ru, 931117777

- **IFRC Appeal Manager:**

- **IFRC Project Manager:** Firdavs Faizulloev, DM Coordinator, firdavs.faizulloev@ifrc.org, 931199221

- **IFRC focal point for the emergency:**

- **Media Contact:**

[Click here for the reference](#)

